ASK FOR INDO-BALM CURES ALL ACHES & PAINS KARNIK BROS. BOMBAY 4

Regd. No. B 1063 Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXIX NO. 271 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1941 PRICE: ONE ANNA

"KAMESHWARI"
Restores
BLOOD and VITALITY
RASASHALA AUSHADHASHRAM
Gondal, Kathiawar
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WANTED AGENTS

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE R.A.S.

'Ark Royal' And Sunk

Brilliant Record In Two Years Of War Service

ACTIVE FROM ARCTIC TO CAPE SHE ACCOUNTED FOR 100 AXIS AIRCRAFT

LONDON, Nov. 14.

IT IS officially announced that "Ark Royal" has been sunk. "Ark Royal" had been torpedoed and was being towed.

It is learned authoritatively that "Ark Royal" was attacked eastward of Gibraltar.

CASUALTIES NOT HEAVY

The casualties in "Ark Royal" it is believed are not heavy. A large number of the compliment are known to have been saved.

The last days of "Ark Royal" were spent in providing fighter escort for impotrant convoys in the Mediterranean, it is officially announced.

'ARK ROYAL'S' RECORD

'Ark Royal's' aircraft shot down or severely damaged in this war over 100 German and Italian aircraft.

BRITAIN'S TERROR WARSHIP

Britain's famous aircraft carrier "Ark Royal" "sunk" half a dozen times in Dr. Goebbels' imagination, has been after two years' spirited action in the Mediterranean and elsewhere torpedoed by a U-Boat and while in tow went to the bottom.

An Admiralty 'communique announces: "The Board of the Admiralty regret to announce that H. M. Aircraft Carrier "Ark Royal" (Capt. L. E. H. Maund) has been sunk. "She was in tow after having been torpedoed by a U-Boat. Exact details of the casualties are not yet known, but reports indicate that they are fortunately not heavy as it is known that a very large number of the ship's company were taken off. The next of kin of the casualties will be informed as soon as possible."

Story Of "Ark Royal"

The pride of the Fleet Air Arm and inspiration of a film now drawing thousands of people at West-End, London, entitled "Ships Have Wings," "Ark Royal" was launched in April 1937 having taken over two and a half years to build and costing three million pounds sterling. The British Admiralty, which kept silent so often while Dr. Goebbels had been sinking her over the German Radio in order not to give the Nazis any clue as to her whereabouts, to-day beat the Germans with the first news of the sinking.

With a standard displacement of 22,000 tons (27,000 when fully loaded) and a top speed of 32 knots, "Ark Royal" was designed as a terror to attacking aircraft and in the end, alhough subjected to many air attacks. It was an undersea marauder which brought her doom. As a striking power she was formidable, having been designed to carry more aircraft than any other carrier in the Navy—normally between sixty and seventy. She had one of the largest ship's company in the Navy or about 1,600 which is two hundred more than the battleship "Hood" sunk with a big loss of life after its magazine had been blown up by a shot from the ill-fated German battle cruiser "B'smarck."

Third To Go Down

Captain Maund who was the Commander of "Ark Royal" in most of her recent engagements was formerly in command of the aircraft carrier "Furious" and executive officer in "Courageous", the first aircraft carrier to be lost in this war. "Ark Royal" is the third to go down. H.M.S. "Courageous" was torpedoed and sunk in the channel and H.M.S. "Glorious" and her escort of two destroyers were sunk by the German battle-cruisers "Scharnhorst" and "Gneisenau", last reported bottled up in French harbours by the R.A.F., off Norway in June last year. It was revealed to-day that "Ark Royal" served in many theatres of war, from the Arctic Circle to the Cape of Good Hope, hunting U-Boats, searching raiders, providing fighter protection for troops and convoys and playing a vital part in the destruction of the "Bismarck."

Last Days

The last days of the "Ark Royal" were spent in providing fighter escort for important convoys in the Mediterranean. Her aircraft shot down or severely damaged in this war over 100 German and Italian aircraft.

Highlights of the career of Britain's famous aircraft carrier were told for the first time today by the Admiralty. A tale of efficiency and high achievement marked her war service, hitherto shrouded in mystery. During the first weeks of war, she was engaged on hunting U-Boats in the home waters. She was heavily attacked by German aircraft and the Germans claimed she had been sunk on September 26, 1939. The airman who was alleged to have carried out the successful attack was decorated and feted in Germany. For months thereafter German broadcasts repeatedly asked the question "Where is 'Ark Royal'?"

Not Sunk In Action

It is learned authoritatively that H. M. S. "Ark Royal" was attacked eastward of Gibraltar while returning to Gibraltar late yesterday afternoon. It was first hoped, and appeared probable, that she might be brought safely to port, but she was suffering a list which got steadily worse and eventually sank early this morning.

"Reuter's" naval correspondent learns that as far as is known the attack on H. M. S. "Ark Royal" which occurred while the carrier was returning from the Mediterranean did not form part of any engagement. It is probable she approached a lurking enemy submarine. **In this connection it is** recalled that a Spanish vessel was sunk off Melilla three days ago by a submarine which was not British indicating the presence of Axis submarines in the neighbourhood.

Mrs. Maund, wife of the Commander of H. M. S. "Ark Royal" told a reporter to-day: "So far I have had no news whether my husband is safe".

Mrs. Maund added: "When he was in Shanghai in Command of H. M. S. "Danae" he evacuated about 4,000 British women and children when the city was raided.

Captain Maund's son, Michael, is a Lieutenant in the Fleet Air Arm and my husband's eldest brother is Air Vice Marshal Maund".—Reuter.

Torpedoed



PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT scored a big victory when the United States House of Representatives gave congressional approval for removing Neutrality Act bans. The American Navy is now free to play its part in battle for freedom of the Seas. (SEE PAGE 7)

ROOSEVELT EVADES QUESTION: IS IT WAR IN FAR EAST?

U. S. Marines Withdrawn, But Gunboats Will Continue To Operate In Yangtze: Soviet Rejects Tokyo Protest: War Bill Before Japanese Diet

NEW YORK, November 14.

President Roosevelt told a Press Conference that he had made no definite plans yet to see the special Japanese Emissary, Mr. Kurusu.

When asked whether war could be avoided in the Pacific, President Roosevelt said that he certainly hoped so, but declined to give a "Yes" or "No" answer to the enquiry how this might be achieved.

If he said "No" somebody might put an interpretation on his answer; If he said "Yes" he would be purely guessing. President Roosevelt said that neither he, nor his questioner, nor any interpreter could give a definite answer.

Replying to another question the President said that he thought the American people were aware of the seriousness of the Far Eastern problem.

President Roosevelt said that the withdrawal of the United States' Marines would not affect the operation of gunboats on the Yangtze River which was in the hands of the Naval Forces.

U. S. Marines Withdrawn

WASHINGTON: — President Roosevelt has announced that the United States' Government have decided to withdraw United States' Marines from Shanghai, Tientsin and Peiping.

The decision was announced by the President at a Press Conference today. The President said that he would take all Marines out of China. About 750 of them are stationed in the three towns mentioned.

President Roosevelt declined to discuss the speculation whether the withdrawal of these troops was linked to efforts to obtain a better understanding with Japan.

Russia Rejects Japanese Protest

TOKYO: Soviet Russia has rejected the Japanse protest on the sinking of the Japanese steamer "Kebi Maru". In a Note, the Russian Ambassador in Tokyo pointed out that there was no proof that the sinking was due to a Russian mine, as the Japanese Foreign Office had alleged.

Nazi Raider For Pacific?

SINGAFORE:—A report circulating here that the 35,000 ton German battleship "Von Tirpitz" has been sent the Far East to aid the Japanese fleet in the event of an emergency, is described by authoritative quarters as an "utterly unconfirmed rumours."

Tokyo Spokesman Says Nothing

TOKYO:—In one of the briefest press conferences held for

(Continued on Page 7)

STOP PRESS

JAPAN'S NEW ARMY ORDINANCE

TOKYO, Nov. 14.

Japan is about to make a new drive for men for the army. All men examined by the Military authorities and exempted on medical or other grounds since 1920 will now be liable for active service according to a new Imperial Ordinance expected to be Gazetted to-morrow and to take immediate effect.—Reuter.

NAZIS ON THE RUN ON SOVIET BATTLE FRONTS

Attacks On Moscow Beaten Back

FIERCE FIGHTING RAGES AT GATES OF CAUCASUS

Strategic Heights Recaptured In Murmansk Area

LONDON, Nov. 14.

THE Russians have regained the initiative on the Moscow Front. This change in the situation is also confirmed by the Vichy radio. The Russians have now launched attacks in all the main sectors of the front against masses of guns and infantry massed by the Germans.

AT GATEWAY TO CAUCASUS

In the Crimea fierce battle is raging outside Kerch, the gateway to the Caucasus. The other German thrust towards Caucasus north of the Crimea is still held outside Rostov on the Don.

A German Communique claims that German troops are in front of Kerch.

RED ARMY REGAINS INITIATIVE

German Attacks Repulsed On Many Sectors

MOSCOW, Nov. 14.

The liveliest parts of the Moscow-Front are still the sectors around Tula and Volokolamsk. Increasing activity is reported from this last sector where Soviet pressure is continuing. The Germans are replying by tank raids, but their formations are being broken up by close range Soviet artillery fire. In two recent encounters thirty per cent of the fifth S. S. Regiment was badly cut up by troops under General Sukhanov's command.

German troops have been driven back several miles and lost 2,000 dead and wounded when attempting to reach the road from Tula northward to Serpukhov which is about half way to Moscow. Having failed in a direct frontal attack on Tula, reports the Official Soviet News Agency to-day, they are now attempting to turn the flanks of the city's defenders.

"A Veritable Cemetry"

Red air forces effectively co-operated in beating back the German attack. The Soviet Agency adds that the road from Tula to Orel has become "a veritable cemetery" of German tanks, trucks and men. Recently Red planes here destroyed several battalions of German infantry, 100 tanks, 50 petrol cars and 850 trucks. In aerial fighting and on ground 50 German planes have been destroyed.

Nazi Dash To Caucasus

While the Red Army continues to hit back at the enemy on the Moscow and Leningrad Fronts, the Germans claim to be hammering at the outer gates of Kerch—the last Crimean bastion before the Caucasus. "The fortifications and harbour installations of Sevastopol and Kerch are now within the range of German guns", says the German radio, but the Russians earlier stated that five German divisions marching on Sevastopol were held up many miles distant from that city.

The other big German thrust towards the Caucasus along the northern shores of the sea of Azov is still being held by the Russians outside Rostov. Hitler has been intensifying his effort to pass by the main front by making a short cut through the Crimea. Swarms of dive-bombers, armoured units and seige guns are being thrown into this battle.

Italian Troops Panicky

The Italian troops employed on the Southern Front have been thrown into a panick, reports the "Pravda" war correspondent, when attempting to capture the

(Continued on Page 7)

EXPENDITURE EXCEEDS REVENUE

NEW DELHI, November 14.

The latest statement of the Central Government's monthly accounts published today shows that excluding periodical adjustments and the transactions of Railways and the Posts and Telegraphs Department, expenditure in September exceeded revenue by Rs. one and three-quarter crores.

The total excess of expenditure over revenue during the first six months of the current year was Rs. twenty-five and a quarter crores, as compared with Rs. twenty-one and three-quarter crores in the corresponding period of the last year. Revenue this year is better by twelve and quarter crores but Defence Expenditure has increased by Rs. fifteen and three-quarter crores.

Net receipts from Railways during these six months are Rs. seven crores better but although available to the Central Government for ways and means purposes, these do not effect the Revenue position to their full extent, since a substantial portion is transferable to the railway reserve fund at the end of the year.

Defence Loan receipts from April to September (excluding conversions of 3 per cent bonds, 1941 which amounts to Rs. five and a half crores) totalled Rs. twenty-nine and a half crores but, owing mainly to the conversion and cancellations of the rupee counterparts of sterling loans, the permanent debt shows a net reduction of Rs. seventeen crores.—A. P.

MAHATMA'S APPEAL TO GOVT.

GRANT DETENUS' REQUEST BEFORE IT IS TOO LATE

"Jaiprakash Has Lost Heavily In Weight: Refusal To Consider Case Until Hunger-strike Is Given Up Is Cruel Joke"

WARDHAGANJ, Nov. 14.

Mahatma Gandhi has issued the following statement to the press:—

"I sent the following telegram to Shri Jaiprakash Narain on the 12th instant:—

"I strongly advise discontinuance of hunger-strike by you and others public opinion being created for securing relief. Doctor Rajendra Prasad and Mian Iftikharuddin join me in this appeal. Prabhavati is anxious to meet you. I am restraining her pending developments.

To this I have just received the following reply:—"Thanks for telegram. I have explained the whole position to Sardar Mangal Singh. Our demands are over reasonable. Please excuse inability to discontinue hunger-strike. You may do what you can outside. Do not send Prabhavati."

"TOO URGENT TO BROOK DELAY"

I have heard nothing as yet from Sardar Mangal Singh. I shall no doubt do so in due course. But the matter is too urgent to brook delay. I have heard that Shri Jaiprakash has lost heavily in weight. Forcible feeding can only be a temporary makeshift. Shri Jaiprakash is one of the most determined of workers. I flatter myself with the belief that if anything could have melted him, our joint telegram should have. His preventing his wife from going to him is ominous. He wants no interference, emotional or other, with his decision. So far as I can see, there is no political motive behind this hunger-strike. The refusal to consider the case until the hunger-strike is given up is a cruel joke. It would be an act of inhumanity, if Shri Jaiprakash and his fellow detenus are detained till their lives are in danger.

Appeal To Govt.

I appeal to Government in the name of humanity forthwith to grant the request of the detenus. The plea of ascertaining and carrying out the wishes of Provincial Governments is irrelevant and untenable. The Central Government is in no way bound to oblige the Provincial Governments in matters where life and liberty of citizen is involved. There must be something radically wrong if the Provincial Governments are afraid to keep their own detenus within their borders.

This continuing hunger-strike shows the futility of discharging civil resistance prisoners who have themselves sought imprisonment. With what face can they come out when those who have not sought imprisonment are detained without trial and who are hunger-striking for the minimum of conveniences to which every human being is entitled?—A. P.



Mr. JAIPRAKASH NARAYAN whose condition seems to have become ominous in Deoli Detention Camp.

ICELAND CABINET RESIGNS

LONDON, Nov. 14.

It is learned that the Iceland Cabinet has resigned. The resignation followed the Parliament's rejection of a Bill to check inflation.—Reuter.

Paranjpye Gives Up Hunger-strike

(From Our Correspondent).

POONA, Nov. 14.

V. M. Paranjpye of Rajapur, Ratnagiri District, a "C" Class political prisoner in Yeravda Jail, who had been fasting since October 1 has given up his fast today.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word Minimum Re. 1.

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 p.c. on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers. Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE" if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle",—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responbility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

20. MATRIMONIAL

Indian Christian bachelor 31, employed Bombay, 450 Rupees per month, happy and independent though lonely, calls for genuine friendship from a respectable and educated young lady. View matrimony. Box No. 15341, "Bombay Chronicle."

SOCIAL

Ladies, Gentlemen, Introductions for Friendship, Companionship, Matrimony, Social, Occupational advancement. Write Madame Sorel, Post Box 87, Bombay, enclosing stamped (2-1/4 annas) self-addressed envelope. (15283)

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted—Clerks and Managers on 40 and 50 for new offices establishment in Madras Presidency. Apply General Business Emporium (India) Delhi. (15344)

Wanted— A Glass Blower with practical experience in making glass ampoules of various capacity. Salary according to qualifications. Apply stating experience and salary required to:—The Ehrlich Laboratory, Royapettah, Madras. (15346)

Journalists, Cartoonists, Agents, Publishers (no remuneration), Patrons, wanted for labour journal starting. Box No. 15321, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—Candidates for Station Master course. Free training, lodging. Scholarship Rs. 30/- and Rail fare terms. Apply with stamp to:—The Superintendent, Railway Training School (Oldest and Best) Ambala City. (15280)

Wanted a Health Officer for Bhavnagar City Municipality, (1) Grade of the post Rs. 50 to 75 with Rs. 7 cycle allowance, (2) No private practice is allowed, (3) The candidate must be an L.C.P.S. or of a higher qualification, with experience of Municipal Sanitation, (4) Candidate with experience in Malaria control will be preferred, (5) Applications must reach the President City Municipality Bhavnagar before 20th November, 1941, stating age, caste, native place qualifications, experience, date of passing the examination, with copies of testimonials. (6459)

Wanted an Expert Salesman and Organiser for Life Insurance as Manager or Asstt. Manager for an established Insurance Company transacting Life, Fire, Motor and Accident Insurance business as a Tariff Office (Member of the Calcutta Insurance Association and of the Bombay Fire and Accident Insurance Associations). The applicant must have experience of such work, be an administrator of amiable disposition, able to impress and to influence and to procure solid-sound business with like organisation. Salary according to qualifications from Rs. 300 to Rs. 750/- P.M., P. F. Benefits. Apply stating full particulars as to experience, remuneration earned and expected, age, nationality, etc., to the Managing Director, Free India General Insurance Co Ltd., 15|141, Civil Lines, Cawnpore (6500)

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Two Actresses for Variety Touring party on good salary. Apply Box No. 15354, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Lawyers, Graduates, Doctors and Engineers to apply for "Terms" to Kapoor Company Cloth Market, Delhi. (15347)

Wanted a Stenographer on a starting salary of Rs. 60/- p. m. in the grade of Rs. 40-4-80-5-100. Matriculate and L.S.G.D. preferred. Apply to the President, Parle-Andheri Municipality, Vile Parle, before 23rd November, 1941. (6532)

Wanted Loco Drivers, outstation holding second class boiler attendant's certificate (Trolly Line). Apply Box 15357, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Branch Managers with good prospects. Must be Matriculates and 20 to 25 years of age Apply for terms and conditions to Box No. 6540, "Bombay Chronicle"

Wanted capable people to sell our renowned NU Gold ornaments. Apply for a sample set comprising of (Ear-ring, Rings, Bangles and Pendant etc.) worth Rs. 30/- supplied at sample price of Rs. 5/- NU Gold Works Limited, The Mall Lahore. (6472)

Wanted—An experienced Gujerati knowing B.Com., with Accountancy and Auditing to work as Supervisor and Auditor. Apply stating qualifications, experience and terms to Rao Saheb Jadav, Managing Director, Gujerat Urban Banks Co-operative Supervising Union Ltd., Surat. (15340)

Wanted—Lady Graduates, experienced in teaching High School classes in all subjects. Grade 65 4-85 or 80-5-100 according to qualifications. Apply sharp with testimonials and full particulars to the Director of Education, Bikaner. (6491)

Wanted an experienced Catholic lady teacher, matriculate, for a primary school in the Bombay Suburban District, State minimum salary required Box No. 15336, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a Persian teacher to coach a boy in Std. IV in Matunga. Gujrati preferred. Apply stating salary expected to Box No. 15329, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a graduate teacher for Arabic-English for a High School in Bombay. Apply with qualifications and lowest salary expected to Box No. 15338, "Bombay Chronicle."

43. SITUATIONS WANTED

A Competent Hindu typist seeks employment as a Typist available for immediate service. Apply Box No. 15333 "Bombay Chronicle."

78. OFFICE PREMISES TO LET

A spacious Westernly modern Office-room including a record room on 3rd floor Rs. 70/-. (ii) A large godown Rs. 65/-. Zoroastrian Association Building, 16, Elphinstone Circle, Fort. (15343)

141 EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Latest Scientific Research Discovery, has made Tailors' Cutting, astonishingly simple. Now, educated youths can learn everyday garments in 20 days; London Diploma Courses in 4 to 6 months guaranteed. Scientific London Tailoring College, 143, Princess Street, Bombay. (15349)

327. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Influential Agents to purchase Tower Brand Washing Soaps, Cash. Apply the Baku Soap Works, Matunga, Bombay 19. (15285)

346. INVESTMENTS

For Investors Golden Opportunity. Sell freely: Cotton and Shares and make fortune. Little pain and guaranteed good gain. Consult at once. Mr. Ranam, 107, Dadysheth Agiari Street, 2nd floor, Bombay 2. (15356)

347. LOANS & MORTGAGES

Apply to-day for immediate loan on your Personal Bond, Mortgages and Ornaments at six annas interest! Bombay Loans Finance Corporation, 203, Hornby Road; 57 Abdul Rehman Street, and Charni Road Tram Junction. (15284)

651. MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

"Vasthu Sastra" tells much about Hidden treasures in your house Consult with stamps: Prof. Pakala, P. B. 309, Madras. (15345)

Wanted on hire or purchase 300 tip wagons, 2 miles line and 10 crossings with accessories complete. Apply Box No. 15251, "Bombay Chronicle."

FORECAST

Golden Opportunities for Buying and Selling in Bombay Speculation Markets. Astro Weekly Forecast. One Rupee. Pillutla Subbarao, Suryaraopet, Bezwada (Madras). (15348)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	per column inch per insertion
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

NOTICE

WANTED A GRADUATE of the Bombay University in Mechanical Engineering and having a diploma of proficiency in Electrical Technology of Bangalore Research Institute for the post of Water Works and Mechanical Engineer for the Baroda City Municipality in the grade of Rs. 150 30/3 250 plus Rs. 25 Motor-Cycle allowance. Applications should reach the undersigned on or before 10th December, 1941. Practical experience of about 4 years in connection with working and repairing of pump, motor and other machinery as well as automobiles is necessary. In the first instance, the vacancy is for one year, but the vacancy is likely to be permanently filled at the end of the year.

V. S. MAHAJANI,
Municipal Commissioner.
Dated, 10th November, 1941
6524.

NOTICE.

BE IT KNOWN TO ALL PERSONS it may concern that the Policy No. 127453 issued to me by The Hindusthan Co-operative Insurance Society, Limited, Calcutta, has been LOST to which effect I swore an affidavit on 6th November, 1941, before Mr. A. S. Barodawalla, J. P. & Hon. Presidency Magistrate Court, Girgaum, Bombay. The said Policy is hereby made null and void and anybody dealing with the same will do so at his own risk.

Dated 14th November 1941.
MOHAMEDBHAI ABDULLABHAI KERA.
(15355)

THE MANMAR MFG. CO., LTD.

NOTICE.

59TH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Company will be held at 3-30 P. M. (S. T.) on WEDNESDAY, 10-12-1941 at Co.'s registered Office, Devkaran Nanji Building, 17, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay, to transact the business stated in the notice posted.

TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from 27-11-'41 to 10-12-'41, both days inclusive.

MAGANLAL DALPATRAM KHAKHA,
Chairman.
(6523)

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from Registered Medical Graduates for the post of an Honorary Ophthalmic Surgeon at the V. S. Civil Hospital, Thana. The post carries no honorarium or any sort of other remuneration.

Appointment will be made for a period of two years, renewable on termination, and terminable at any time by one month's notice on either side. The selected candidate will be on probation for one year in the first instance. The applicants will have to come for interview with the Civil Surgeon, Thana at their own expense.

Applications, in duplicate, giving date of birth, caste and sub-caste, domicile, degrees or diplomas with dates of obtaining them, number of unsuccessful attempts made before obtaining their degrees or diplomas and previous experience with copies of testimonials should reach the Civil Surgeon, Thana not later than 23rd Nov., 1941.

Any endeavour on the part of the candidates to enlist support for their applications will disqualify them for the appointment.

CIVIL SURGEON,
Thana.
V. S. Civil Hospital,
Thana, Nov., 1941.
(6542)

SETH G. S. MEDICAL COLLEGE, PAREL, BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from Medical Practitioners registered under the Bombay Medical Act, 1912, for the post of an Honorary Assistant Surgeon at the K.E.M. Hospital and Seth G. S. Medical College. Persons holding a post-graduate qualification in Surgery need only apply. The terms and conditions attached to the post will be furnished by the Dean's office on application.

Applications on prescribed forms to be obtained from the Dean's office should reach the undersigned on or before November 28th, 1941.

Canvassing for the post directly or indirectly will render the candidates liable to disqualification for appointment.

JIVRAJ N. MEHTA.
M.D. (Lond.), M.R.C.P. (Lond.),
DEAN.
Parel, Bombay.
Dated 1st November, 1941.
(6429)

Public Notices

COORG FOREST DEPARTMENT

SANDALWOOD AUCTION.
Mercara, the 4th November, 1941.

90 tons, more or less, of clean sandalwood will be sold by Public Auction at Fraserpet Koti on SATURDAY, the 13th December, 1941, at 10 A. M. For further particulars, please apply to the Chief Forest Officer, Coorg, Mercara. (6525)

THE KAROULI GINNING & PRESS CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company at Navsari Chambers, Outram Road, Fort, Bombay, on MONDAY, the 8th December, 1941, at 3 P. M. (S.T.) for the purpose of considering the business of carrying the Company into voluntary liquidation and, if and as though fit, passing Special, Extraordinary and Ordinary Resolutions as per copies of the said Resolutions sent to each member of the Company by post.

By Order of the Board,
NARANDAS RAJARAM & Co.,
Secretaries, Treasurers & Agents.
(6526)

THE CENTRAL PROVINCES RAILWAYS CO., LTD.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the above Company will be CLOSED from MONDAY, the 1st December, to THURSDAY, the 18th December, 1941, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board.
KILLICK, NIXON & CO.,
Agents.
Home Street, Fort,
Bombay, 14th November, 1941.
(6531)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.
Victoria Gardens, Byculla, Bombay.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that the EASTERN HALF of the GOWALIA TANK MAIDAN shall be kept RESERVED for holding the Third Session of the Bombay Students' Conference and an Exhibition from 17th November, 1941 to 27th November, 1941.

By order of the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay.
D. I. AHMADI.
Victoria Gardens Office,
Bombay, 13th November, 1941.
(6529)

Legal Notices

NOTICE OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Messrs. MUNCHERJI JEHANGIRJI SETHNA and RUSTOMJI JEHANGIRJI SETHNA, both of Bombay Parsee inhabitants, have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

That any person or persons having any claim, right, title and interest in or to the said property by way of sale, exchange mortgage, charge, trust, lien, possession, maintenance, gift, inheritance, lease, easement or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 36, Tamarind Lane, Tamarind House, Fort, Bombay, within Fourteen Days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same if any will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Pension and tax (redeemed) land or ground hereditaments and premises with the buildings and structures standing thereon situate, lying and being at Sonapur Street near Chandanwadi at Dhobi Talao, outside the Fort in the Island and Registration Sub-District of Bombay, bearing Cadastral Survey No. 453 (part) of Bhuleshwar Division, admeasuring 205 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 580 (part) and New No. A2|2742 (part) and Old Survey No. 70 (part) and New Survey No. 2B|8207 (part) and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under C Ward Nos. 3253 (part) and 3256 and Street Nos. 54C (part) and 75 respectively and bounded, on or towards the East by property bearing C. S. No. 439 belonging to Mrs. Dinbai C. R. Sethna, on or towards the West by Sonapur Street, on or towards the North by property bearing C. S. No. 457 belonging to Kaikhusuru Muncherji Sethna and on or towards the South by property bearing C. S. No. 453 (part) belonging to the Vendors.

Dated this 14th day of November, 1941.

GHULAMALI NOORANI & Co.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(6534)

Public Notices

THE INDIAN RADIO & CABLE COMMUNICATIONS CO., LTD.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SHARE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from TUESDAY, the 25th November, 1941, to TUESDAY, the 9th December, 1941, (both days inclusive).

Dated this 14th day of November, 1941.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
For F. M. CHINOY & CO., LTD.
GULAMHUSEIN F. CHINOY,
Director,
Secretaries & Treasurers.
Radio House,
Apollo Bunder, Bombay.
(6530)

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS for contracts of Semal (Match Wood) and Kakad (Garugapinnata) Modhal (Odina Wodiar) trees one thousand and one hundred cart loads respectively in Bansda State are invited to reach Dewan latest 8th December, 1941. Details on application to Forest Officer. 6533

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 1293 of 1940.

THE ASIAN ASSURANCE COMPANY, Limited - Plaintiffs.
versus.
MANOHAR PANDURANG LAUD & Others. .. Defendants.

PURSUANT TO DECREE Absolute for Sale, dated 3rd day of April, 1941, the following immovable property will be sold by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at the premises on Thursday, 27th November, 1941, at 4 p.m. (S.T.)

PARTICULARS.

FIRSTLY:—ALL that piece of Pension and Tax land now redeemed with the building thereon at Queen's Road, Bombay, admeasuring 555 square yards (as mentioned in Old documents but which according to Cadastral Survey Measurement is 622 square yards) or thereabouts registered in the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 120, bearing Cadastral Survey No. 40 of Girgaum Division and Municipal "D" Ward Nos. 1473 (1-2) at 1476, Street No. 21 and bearing Collector's New No. A|947, Old Survey No. 121 and New Survey Nos. 2 and 2|8065.

SECONDLY:—All that piece or Pension and Tax land, situate on the North-East side of Queen's Road, Bombay, admeasuring 280 square yards or thereabouts bearing Cadastral Survey No. 1|39 of Girgaum Division bearing Collector's New No. 17292, New Survey No. 7|8064 and bearing Municipal "D" Ward Nos. 1473 (1-2) at 1476, Street No. 21.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. VAKIL DADABHOY & BHARUCHA, Attorneys for the Plaintiffs abovenamed at No. 23-26, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay.

The above property is known as "Laud Mansions" and is situate opposite the Charni Road Railway Station.

Dated this 4th day of October, 1941.

(Sd.) ARMAND F. SEQUEIRA,
Commissioner
(6499)

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 1122 of 1939.

MANGOOMAL HARGOVINDSING, a firm and others ..... Plaintiffs.
vs.
(1) AHMED MALA DALAL,
(2) YOOSUF MALA DALAL,
(3) HAJI ABDUL REHMAN IBRAHIM DALAL ... Defendants.

PURSUANT TO DECREE Absolute for Sale dated 6th August, 1940, the following immovable property will be sold by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on WEDNESDAY, 3rd December, 1941, at 4-30 P. M. (S. T.).

PARTICULARS.

ALL THAT piece of freehold land with dwelling house thereon in the City of Ahmedabad, Sub-District Northcort, District Ahmedabad, admeasuring 230 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Survey and Settlement Officer, Ahmedabad under No. 2950 of Sahapur Ward No. 1 and shown on the Survey Plan No. 45 and in the Ahmedabad Municipality under Census No. 1618 of Sahapur Zilla, Street No. 1.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. HARIDAS & Co., Attorneys for Plaintiffs abovenamed at No. 35, Dalal Street, Examiner Press Building, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 30th day of October, 1941.

ARMAND F. SEQUEIRA,
Commissioner.
(6461)

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that VITHALDAS DAMODAR GOVINDJI has contracted to sell to our client the undermentioned property. All persons having any claim to the said property by way of inheritance, gift, lease, lien, maintenance, mortgage, charge, sale or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned within 14 days from the date hereof. All other claims if any which are not so received will be considered as null, void and waived and the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claims.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

ALL THAT piece or parcel of Pension & Tax Tenure land or ground cess whereof has since been redeemed together with the messuage tenement or building thereon situate, lying and being at Wanka Mohola in the City and Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 176 Square Yards or thereabouts according to the Cadastral Survey Register and entered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 225, 225, New Nos. 1720, 1721, Old Survey No. 226, 226, New Survey Nos. 152 and 153, Cadastral Survey Nos. 731 and 733 of Bhuleshwar Division and in those of the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates & Taxes under C Ward Nos. 3190 and 3191, Street Nos. 1 and 2, and bounded on the East partly by the property of Shankar Ramji Gharat and partly by the property of Shamsuddin bin Haji Miya Pathan and others (Mutavalies) on the West by Wanka Mohalla, on the North by the property of Maha Dayal Rangdas Potdar and on the South by the property of the Trustees of Hajee Ismail Haji Habib Charity Trust of 4/2/1878.

Dated this 14th day of November, 1941.

KANGA & CO.
Purchaser's Attorneys.
Address:
Readymoney Mansion,
Churchgate Street,
Fort, Bombay.
6538.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that BANCO NACIONAL ULTRAMARINO, a Joint Stock Company, Incorporated according to the laws of Portugal have agreed to sell to our client the undermentioned property:—

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Medows House, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.

ALL THAT piece or parcel of land or ground, situate at the junction of Lamington Road and Souter Street, outside the Fort of Bombay, together with the buildings standing thereon being Plots No. 70 & 70A of the Agripada Estate of the Bombay City Improvement Trust, bearing formerly New Survey No. 3525 and now New Survey No. 3506 and C. S. No. 1605 of Byculla Division and "E" Ward No. 4134(1) and 4134(1A), Street Nos. 30-32 and 47 and bounded as follows: On the North-East partly Plot No. 71 of the said Estate, partly by land of the said Improvement Trust laid out as a passage and beyond that by Plot No. 73 of the said Estate on the South by Souter Street and on the North-West by Lamington Road.

Dated this 13th day of November 1941.

KAMDAR & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
6527.

NOTICE

Estate of JETHABHAI NARSI Deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons claiming debts or liabilities affecting the estate of the abovenamed Jethabhai Narsi deceased, who died at Cutch on or about the 11th day of June, 1939, are hereby required to send in their claims to the Executors of the estate of the said Jethabhai Narsi, deceased abovenamed at the Office of the undersigned within one calendar month from the date hereof at the expiration of which time the said executors will hand over the assets to the persons entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice.

Dated this 12th day of November, 1941.

GHANDHY & CO.,
Attorneys-at-law.
6522.

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 1930 of 1938.

JANARDAN HARI GAVANKAR ..... Plaintiff.
vs
GOVIND BAPUJI GAVANKAR ..... Defendant.

PURSUANT to Consent Order and Consent Decree Absolute for Sale, dated 8th October, 1940, the following immovable property will be sold by Public Auction in one lot by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on THURSDAY, 4th December, 1941, at 4 p.m. (S.T.).

PARTICULARS.

FIRSTLY:—All the following pieces of the land at village Sasoo Navaghar Pada Karnala in Taluka Bassein and District of Thana bearing respectively:—

Survey No.	Hissa No.	Area.
251		0-20
253		0-19
261	3	6-24
265		2-13
268		7- 3
269		2-22

SECONDLY:—All those pieces of land at Village Sarja Mori in Taluka Bassein and District Thana.

Survey No.	Hissa No.	Area	Assessment
2	1	1-33/4	5-0-0

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application should be made at the office of the said Commissioner or at the office of Messrs. SAMANT & CO., Attorneys for the plaintiff abovenamed at No. 381, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 27th day of October, 1941.

(Sd.) ARMAND F. SEQUEIRA,
Commissioner.
(6528)

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 298 of 1940.

RATANSEY MANEKCHAND & Others ..... Plaintiffs.
versus
SHIRINBANOO, widow and another .... Defendants.

PURSUANT TO DECREE Absolute for Sale, dated 8th October, 1940, and Judge's Order, dated 1st September, 1941, the following immovable property will be sold by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at the premises on Monday, 24th November, 1941, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.)

PARTICULARS.

ALL THAT piece of Government Redeemed Foras land with dwelling house thereon known as F block at Grant Road, on private Lane off Balaram Street in Bombay, admeasuring 281 square yards or thereabouts (mentioned in prior deeds as 286 square yards) being a portion of a large piece of land bearing Collector's Old Nos. 33, 35, New Nos. S|13533, 13535, 13906, 13009, 13914, 13944, 13955 and Old Survey Nos. 174, 176, 177, 173, 175, A|131, 132 and Cadastral Survey No. 8|152 of Tardeo Division and New Survey No. 19|6984 and of Municipal D Ward No. 4403 (1) and Street No. 38.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. POPATLAL & CO., Attorneys for the Plaintiffs abovenamed at Alli Chambers, 3rd floor, Dean Lane, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 16th day of October, 1941.

(Sd.) ARMAND F. SEQUEIRA,
Commissioner.
(6535)

5th And Now
THE FAREWELL WEEK!
NEW THEATRES
Heart-appealing
LOVE ROMANCE
"LAGAN"
with
SAIGAL, KANAN, NAWAB
Daily 4, 6-45, 9-45 p.m.
Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1-15 p.m.
CHITRA
Vincent Road—DADAR.

2nd Week of POPULARITY
BROADWAY
(NOW INDIAN)
Daily 4-15, 7 & 10 p.m.
at. at 1-30 on Sat., Sun. and Holidays
LEELA CHITNIS
KANCHAN
The film you cannot afford to Miss at your favourite Theatre

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The Great Mesmerist & Zamindar,
ELLORE,
(MADRAS PRESIDENCY)



AN ANNA WISE AND A RUPEE FOOLISH —

"An Anna wise and a Rupee foolish," means simply this :—
Buy a cheap article and it won't last long. Pay a little more and you get your money's *real* worth.
Take a simple thing like pencils. A Venus pencil costs an Anna more, but it lasts a long, long time. You get good lead and experienced workmanship, and a fine pencil that will express your message clearly and cleanly.
A cheap pencil has a poor lead and breaks. You waste your money by constant sharpening.
Be wise and buy a quality pencil!

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The Premier Home of Ayurvedic Indigenous Drugs
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Branches all over India and Burma.
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BASANTA KUSUMAKAR RASH
A Specific for Diabetes Eliminates sugar most admirably and reduces specific gravity as well as number times of urination With suitable vehicles, thickens vital fluid and cures impotency
MANAGING PROPRIETOR :
MOTHURAMOHAN MUKHOPADH YAYA CHAKRAVARTY B A
Proprietors :
Mothuramohan, Phanindra Mohan and late Lalmohan Mukhopadhyaya Chakravarty.

GOVT. SECURITIES

Bombay, Nov. 14.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/50 Loan 98-2
2 1/2 per cent G P Notes 96-0
3 per cent 1951-54 Loan 99-13
3 per cent 1949-52 Loan 100-0
3 1/2 per cent 1947-50 Loan 103-4
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan 111-0
4 per cent 1943 Bonds 103-13
3 per cent War Bonds 102-0
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 Loan 114 1

TAX FREE LOANS

5 per cent 1945/55 Loan 111-0
4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore 1-6
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 127-8

CORPORATION DEBENTU

4 per cent B P T 1947 110-8
4 per cent M Deb 1947 110-8
5 per cent M Deb 1965 116-8
per cent M Deb 1954 129-0
per cent K P T 1956 130-0
rend: Steady.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay: November 14

LONDON :—
Banks buying 90 days/St. 1/6 1/4 Two months.
Banks buying 90 days/St 1/6 9/32 Three months
Banks buying 90 days/St. 1/6 9/32 Four months.
B C RATES :—
T T 1/5 15/16; D D 1/5 15/16
Banks selling T T 1/5 31/32; D D 1/5 31/32
Banks buying T T 1/6 1/32; D D 1/6 1/8
NEW YORK :—
Banks selling T T Rs 332 3/4; D D Rs 332 3/4
Banks buying T T Rs 329 1/2; D D Rs. 329 1/2
Cross Rates Dol. 4.02 1/2; 3 1/2
MONTREAL :—
Banks selling T T Rs 302 1/2; D D Rs. 302 1/2
Banks buying T T Rs. 297 1/4; D D Rs 295 3/4
Cross Rates Dol. 4.43/47
JAVA :—
Banks selling T T Gld 55 3/4; D D Gld 56.
Banks buying T T Gld 57 1/2; D D Gld 57 1/2
Cross Rates Gld 7.58/62
JAPAN :—
Banks selling T T not quoting; D D not quoting
Banks buying T T not quoting; D D not quoting
Cross Rates Sh. 1/2 1/2
BERNE :—
Banks selling T T Fcs 126 3/4; D D nil.
Banks buying T T Fcs 131 1/2; D D nil.
Cross Rates Fcs 17.30/40
STOCKHOLM :—
Banks selling T T K 123; D D K 123
Banks buying T T K 128; D D K 128
Cross Rates K 16.85/96
SINGAPORE :—
Banks selling T T Rs. 158; D D Rs. 158
Banks buying T T Rs. 155; D D Rs. 155
Cross Rates Sh. 2/4 5/32 7/32
HONGKONG :—
Banks selling T T Rs 85 1/4; D D Rs. 84 1/2
Banks buying T T Rs. 81 1/2; D D Rs 81 1/2
Cross Rates Sh. 1/3 1/32
SHANGHAI :—
Banks selling T T not quoting; D D not quoting
Banks buying T T not quoting; D D not quoting
Cross Rates Sh. 6-3 3/16
MEXICO :—
Banks selling T T Rs. 67.27; D D 66.27
Banks buying T T Rs. 63.04; D D Rs. 62.04
Cross Rates Pes. 19.5 21.5
LISBON :—
Banks selling T T Esc 7.35 nom; D D Esc 7.35 nom.
Banks buying T T Esc 7.55; D D Esc 7.55
Cross Rates Esc 99 80 100.20
NEW YORK :—
Cross Rate Dol. 4.03 3/4
Tone of Sterling Exchange: Steady.
Gold £8-8-0 Ready.
New York Silver 34 3/4
London Silver 23 1/2 Ready; 23 1/2 Forward.
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent
London Discounts 6 months 1 1/8 per cent
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent
Money :—Call unquoted
1 to 2 months 1/4 per cent
3 to 6 months 1/2 per cent
9 months 3/4 per cent
Tone :—Very easy.

London Stock Exchange

London: Nov. 13.

The Stock Exchange mostly regained early setbacks closing generally firm. Gilt-edgeds occasionally eased fractionally and there were also small losses in Home Rails. Industrials, Reserves and Tobaccos were steady, Rayons firmer, Shippings good. Oils continued upgrade, Anglo-Iranian being firmer following dividend declaration. Kaffirs closed higher after initial hesitance. Diamonds were a good feature. Foreign Bonds were quieter. Brazilians and Chileans met profit-taking, finishing slightly easier. Japanese Bonds lost half a point. Wall Street market was hesitant.

Future Of Jute Futures Market

Calcutta: November 13.

Demanding that the present jute futures markets should be closed down forthwith as being "definitely harmful to the trade," the Bengal Chamber of Commerce, in a memorandum submitting its general conclusions on Prof. Todd's 'interim' report on jute and hessian futures markets, states that in the present abnormal circumstances created by the war, there is no justification whatever for any futures market in the jute trade.

The Chamber, however, adds that, if it is eventually agreed by the trade that some form of jute futures market is justifiable and necessary or desirable when trading conditions return to normal after the war, the scheme which offers the best prospects of successful operation is one on the lines recommended by Prof. Todd, subject to certain modifications proposed by the Chamber.

It is, therefore, suggested that further consideration of the setting up of a jute futures market in Calcutta should be deferred until after the war.—United Press.

BANK OF ENGLAND RETURN.

London, November 13

	This week
Total bullion	£ 1,227,000
Public deposits	8,400,000
(a) Other deposits	190,500,000
Government securities	164,200,000
(b) Other securities	23,100,000
Notes and coin	26,200,000
Notes in circulation	704,000,000
Ratio of reserve to liabilities	16.99 p.c.
(a) Other deposit include bankers	138,900,000
(b) Other securities include discounts etc.	3,100,000
Total deposits	198,900,000
Total securities	187,300,000

LICENCES FOR WHEAT EXPORTS

New Delhi, November 14

It is understood that in order to ensure that exports of wheat shall be kept under close control the Government of India have issued instructions to export trade controllers that applications for licences to export to any destination must be made in advance and not, as has been the practice in many cases hitherto, at the time of shipment.—A.P.

MORE SANDBAG ORDERS

Calcutta, November 14

A further order for 62 million sandbags has been received by the Indian Jute Mills' Association through the Government of India. Delivery will be in equal monthly instalments—twelve million between January and March, 1942, and fifty million between April and September, 1942. The price fixed is Rs. 12/4 per hundred bags F.A.S. or F.O.R.—A.P.

Indian Cotton Consumption

The Indian Central Cotton Committee has issued the following statement of Indian cotton (pressed and unpressed) consumed in mills in India. (Based on returns made under the Indian Cotton Cess Act, 1923, by mills in British India and on voluntary returns from mills in Indian States) :

(In bales of 400 lbs. net).

CONSUMPTION

British India during September 1941	270,567; during September 1940 224,563
Indian States during September 1941	55,164; during September 1940 45,594
Total—India during September 1941	325,731, during September 1940 270,157

PROFIT-TAKING IN SHARE BAZAR

Steels And Textiles Decline

WEAKNESS IN COTTON TELLS

Bombay: November 14.

The local Share Bazar was influenced by the sharp drop in raw cotton market in the absence of any important buying, the market opened quiet and assumed sagging tendency. It appeared as if the market will drop down but moderate support appeared and the sellers withdrew and prices recovered partially under scattered buying. The market was hesitant awaiting international developments and prices chances were comparatively narrow.

Yesterdays the Wall St. market was very steady and mildly improved on the belief that the setback may have been overdone. At the same time tax fears, Far-Eastern anxiety and the depressing labour picture presented a rally while gains predominated. There were evidences of tax selling. U.S. Steel shares gained one dollar at 52 1/4. Anaconda Copper Mining shares improved 1/2 at 26 and General Motors declined 1/8 at 36 1/2.

In the local market Tata Steel Defd shares opened at Rs. 2177 and declined to Rs. 2160 but recovered to Rs. 2168. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 408 and after declining to Rs. 407 hardened to Rs. 409 Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 1403 and after sagging to Rs. 1400 rallied to Rs. 1406 Later on the market was irregular. There was renewed selling in Steel shares and Defds eased off to Rs. 2160, while Ordinary shares were done at Rs. 407. Bombay Dyeings were quiet at Rs. 1407/8.

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay: November 14.

Bombay Dyeing (1420) 1403 1400 1412 1400 1402
Century (485) 483 478 482 478 480
Central India (451) 447 440/8 446 443/8 442
Kohinoor (582) 578 571 577 573
New Great (370) 366 361 365 363
Simplex (196) 194 191 193 192
Swadeshi (497) 493 488 489 485 496 493 494
Associated Cement (166) 165/8 165
Tramways Ordinary (151) 149
Tata Hydro (185) 185
Tata Power (1797) 1800 1795 1790
Tata Steel Defd (2187) 2177 2160 2165 2170 2172 2165 2160
Tata Steel Ordinary (410/8) 408 407 409 407
Tata Steel 2nd Pref (154) 153/8 153/4
Bellapur (253) 248 247 250 249
Bombay Steam (480) 472
Bombay Burma (552) 545 541 540

TEXTILES

Bombay, Nov. 14.

100	Ahmedabad Advance	367 0
250	BOMBAY DYEING	1401 4
100	CENTURY	480 0
100	Colaba	240 0
100	CENTRAL INDIA	442 0
100	Coorla	155 0
250	David	330 0
1	E. D. Sassoon Defd	3 1
100	FINLAY	287 0
100	GOKAK	281 0
1000	Hindustan	265 0
100	Indore	251 0
100	Khatau	261 0
100	KOHINOOR	573 0
250	LAXMI	702 0
100	MORARJI	585 0
250	Model	238 0
50	MYSORE	132 0
200	NEW GREAT	363 0
100	Oosmanshahi	152 0
100	Podar	238 0
100	Phoenix	482 0
25	Sassoon Silk	93 0
1000	Sholapur	5085 0
50	SIMPLEX	192 0
100	SWADESHI	494 0
100	SWAN	312 0
500	Vishnu	1555 0
1000	Western	1720 0

BANKS

50-100	Baroda	118 0
25-50	Central	55 0
500	Imperial	1626 0
125-500	Imp. Conty.	402 0
50-100	India	149 0
100	Reserve Bank	108 0
5	Union	7 7 0

CEMENTS

100	ASSOCIATED	165 0

INSURANCE

10-50	British India	13 0
100	Empire	727 0
15-100	Jupiter	17 0
20	Mercantile	74 8
15-75	New India	56 0
200	Oriental	4555 0
10-50	Vulcan	10 12

ELECTRIC

100	Ahmedabad Old	188 0
1000	ANDHRA VALLEY	1762 0
10	Ajmer	12 14
50	BOMBAY TRAM	149 0
100	Bombay Suburban	188 2
10	Broach	13 6
100	Karachi	211 4
100	Poona	217 8
100	Surat	190 0
1000	TATA HYDRO	185 0
1000	TATA POWER	1790 0

RAILWAYS

500	Ahmedabad Prantij	885 0
100	C. Province	111 0
100	Dhond Baramati	104 4
100	Gujarat	105 0
100	Mandra Bhon.	107 0
100	Pachora Jamner	99 8
100	Sara Sirajganj	107 0
500	Tapti Valley X.D	643 0

MININGS

9	Burma Corp.	4 8
8sh	Indian Copper	2 3 0
10	Indian Iron and Steel	34 0
30	SHIVRAJPUT	46 4
10	Mucund Iron X D	14 0
36	TATA STEEL DEF	2160 0
75	TATA STEEL ORD	407 0
100	Steel Corporation	20 10

MISCELLANEOUS

100	ALCOCK	635 0
10	Air Services	2 14
50	BELAPUR SUGAR	249 0
200	Bombay Safe Dep	650 0
250	BOMBAY STEAM	472 0
125	B. Burma	540 0
50	Burma Contry.	185 0
8sh	Br. B Petrol	3 6 6
100	IND. BLEACHING	177 0
50	Ind. Invest Trust	53 4
100	Indian Radio Def.	60 0
100	Indian Radio Ord	68 0
100	Port Canning	92 12
30	PREMIER Con. X.D.	12 0
15	Scindia	28 6
25	Tata Oil	63 12
10	Tata Chemical	18 0
100	Wimco	226 0

PREFERENCE

7	p.c Andhra Valley	1560 0
6	p.c. Bombay Steam	325 0
7	p.c. Bom Tram (TF)	63 12
5	p.c Central India (TF) X.D.	615 0
6	1/4 p.c. Prem Const 1st	122 0
6	1/4 p.c. Prem Const 2nd	118 0
7	p.c. Tata Hydro	160 8
7	1/2 p.c. Tata Power XD	1655 0
6	p.c. Tata Steel 1st	216 0
7	1/2 p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	153 4
7	p.c Vishnu	746 0

DEBENTURES

3	3/4 p.c Andhra Valley Deb	106 12
4	p.c. Bombay Telephone	50 2
5	p.c. Morarji	193 4
7	p.c. Sholapur	71 6

Cash Quotations were as under :—
BOM. DYEING 1315, CENTURY 441, CENTRAL INDIA 384, COLABA 196, FINLAY 257, GOKAK 235, KOHINOOR 498, MORARJI 515, MYSORE 152, NEW GREAT 285, PHOENIX 480, SIMPLEX 157, SWADESHI 431, SWAN 215 ASSOCIATED 161, ANDHRA VLY. N1740 BOM. TRAM 143, TATA HYDRO 183, TATA POWER 1705, SHIVRAJPUR 36-12, TATA STL. DF. 2100, TATA STL. OR 396, ALCOCK N578 BELAPUR SUGAR 220, BOM. STEAM 387, BOMBAY BURMA 505, IND. BLEACHING 154, PREMIER CONST. 108.

Yarn And Silk Merchants Quotations

Bombay: November 14

	Rs. a p
64/2 Koru Nissin—	
Spot	36 10 0
November	36 12 0
84/2 Koru Nissi	
Spot	40
November	40
52/2 Any—	
Spot	3
November	3
80/2 Any—	
Spot	3 11
Novembe	3 12
150 Any—	
Spot	3
Novembe	3

TEJI MANDI PREMIUMS

Bombay: November 14

Wheat January	0 5 0
Wheat May	0 12 6
Linseed May	0 15 6
Groundnut February	5 0 0
Castorseed May	5 12 0
Cottonseed January	1 12 0
Silver 1st settlement	0 8 0
Silver 2nd settlement	0 12 0
Gold 1st settlement	0 10 0
Gold 2nd settlement	1 0 0

PEPPER AND GINGER.

Bombay: November 14

Allpai Pepper ready per candy	85 0 0
Maha Sud 15th	84 8 0
Chaitra Sud 15th	87 0 0
Ginger ready	35 0 0
Maha Sud 15th	26 0 0
Chaitra Sud 15th	27 0 0

LINSEED AND WHEAT

Bombay: November 14

Linseed May	8 15 3
Wheat January	5 10 9
Wheat May	6 14 9

GROUNDNUTS AND SEEDS.

Bombay: November 14.

		Rs. a p.
Groundnuts	February—	
	Opening	44 14 0
	Highest	45 5 0
	Lowest	44 10 0
	Closing	45 0 0
Cottonseeds	January—	
	Opening	24 6 0
	Highest	24 9 3
	Lowest	24 4 6
	Closing	24 6 0
Cottonseeds	May—	
	Opening	42 6 0
	Highest	42 8 0
	Lowest	42 0 0
	Closing	42 6 0

BOMBAY METALS

Bombay: November 14.

Yellow metal sheet ..... Rs. 97
Copper sheets ..... Rs. 98
Tone :—Steady.

IRREGULAR PRICE MOVE ON N. Y. COTTON EXCHANGE

Hedging And Trade Buying

CONFIDENCE UNDERMINED BY LABOUR SITUATION

Bombay: November 14.

On Thursday the New York market was quiet during the early part of the day, but later on there was improved demand, but price movement was irregular. Weather over the Cotton Belt was clear with light frost.

At the opening market was quiet with commission house liquidation and Southern selling, but the same met improved trade support but confidence was undermined by the labour situation and neutrality question. There was transferring of near month hedges to forward deliveries. October trading was thin and resulted in sharp narrowing of differences. Finally New Orleans buying and covering appeared and the market closed steady.

NEW YORK MARKET

At the opening New York March was 3 pts down at 16.26 and declined to 16.22, which was the lowest level. Subsequently prices advanced on improved buying and March was quoted 16.34 which was the highest level. The market closed at a net decline of 8 pts to a rise of 6 pts. Spot cotton prices gained 3 pts at 17.24c per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton market was steady and near months closed at a rise of 6 pts but October 1942 declined 10 pts. Spot cotton prices improved 5 pts at 16.44c per lb.

BRAZILIAN COTTON

A Liverpool cable states :—
The official company has released a quantity of Brazilian cotton. United States exports upto 16th October 282,000 bales. Destinations are no longer revealed, but the greater production doubtless went to Britain and to Canada.

LOCAL SITUATION

Messrs. Amandlal Podar and Co. state :—
Yesterday prices crashed. Why? Normally a heavily loaded stomach can scarcely escape from the retributive indigestion. Thus, sentimental speculative purchases estimated about 2 1/2 lacs complied with heavy hoarding of other commodity contracts has an imaginary shock. Owing to cabinet changes in Turkey and Turkish protest to Russia over the sinking of her steamer, rumours were afloat of Turkey having gone over to Nazis. That resulted in a panicky liquidation. Has that liquidation been over? This depends entirely on the prices as most of the leading operators indulge their games on prices regardless of fact and news and should prices go below Rs. 234, liquidation ball will roll downward forcing option dealers selling, otherwise not. Additionally, another source of strength, namely, the Share market has been wobbling, where credit buyers in restricted forward share find that even the widest discount in ready do not appeal the investers. To-day's diary of news mention "Threatened strike wave in America. Textile crisis in Ahmedabad on wage dispute and the Far-East stage being set up for a show-down and the military junta will secure the Diet's approval." Since the China incident the Japanese profession invariably go against their practice and nation. Concerning the market trend, perhaps a show of steadiness may be expected on the revision of American Neutrality Act, but leading operators seem irreconcilably pessimists on the forthcoming heavy crop movement in absence of sufficient absorbing demand.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York March highest 16.34+06 (2-52 p.m.); lowest 16.22—07 (12-45 p.m.)

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends :—

New York : Trade and local buying met with hedge selling Market steady.

NEW YORK COTTON
New York : November 13.

December	16.16+04
January	16.18+03
March	16.33+04
May	16.40+06
July	16.36+03
October	16.29—08
Middling Spot	17.24+03

NEW ORLEANS COTTON
New Orleans : November 13.

December	16.20+06
January	16.24+06
March	16.37+05
May	16.44+03
July	16.42+02
October	16.50—10
Middling Spot	16.44+05

NEW YORK COTTON
New York : November 13.
Noon Call

December	16.06
March	16.26
May	16.32

N YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS
New York : November 13.
Day's receipts at all U.S. Ports 17,000 bales

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Nov. 14.

Following a rise of 4 pts in New York cotton futures, the local market opened today at Rs. 236/8 for Broach A/M delivery, but there being absence of professional support prices in the market declined to Rs. 234/12 under scattered liquidation. At this level there was moderate covering and prices improved to Rs. 236. The market was hesitant and shorts are holding aloof. There was less inclination to operate pending settlement of weekly Teji Mandi.

There was some liquidation and prices declined to Rs. 233/8, but steadily recovered to Rs. 236 on replacement buying and scattered covering. The market steadied around Rs. 236/8 with a restricted business. Towards the close there was increased selling and the session closed at 5 p.m as under :—

BROACH April/May	Rs. 233/0
OOMRA Dec/Janry	Rs. 197/8
OOMRA March	Rs. 188/8
BENGAL Dec/Janry	Rs. 143/0
BENGAL March	Rs. 146/8

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

Bombay: November 14.

Approx. Quotations.	Ready.	Delry.	Contract Old.	New Dec./Jany.
Bengal Fine	133/36	143	.....	.....
Berar	164/74	...	—2	—4
C. P. I	211/14	...	+22	+20
C. P. 2	177/79	...	.....	.....
Khandesh	134/44	...	—28	—32
Muglai	152/57	.....	.....	.....
Hyroach	195/200	.....	.....	.....
Broach	160/200	.....	.....	.....

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

Bombay: November 14.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

In full-pressed bales.	Yesterday.	This year.	Since 1st Septbr. Last year
Khandesh		172	988
Central India	28	2,192	22
Barsi and Nagar		6,946	1,821
Berar	48	3,912	118
Central Provinces		3,912	.....
Total Oomras	76	17,035	2,649
Dholleras		10,958	1,386
N.-W. Provinces		949	.....
Rajputana		18	.....
Sind-Punjab	2,234	59,637	67,204
Broach	100	7,141	1,061
Coompta and Dharwar		4,401	12,547
Westerns-Northerns		4,610	12,309
Cocanada			170
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		3,439	58
Total	2,410	108,188	97,384
Arrived by road to 30th October 1941		7,000	8,000

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

	1941/42	1940/41
F. P. Bales.		
Receipts to date 13-11-41	1578000	1734000
Receipts yesterday 13-11-41	17000	12000
Export to date 7-11-41	309000	397000
Stock at Ports 7-11-41	3361000	3055000
Stock at interior towns do.	3121000	3080000
Quality in sight 7-11-41	4442000	4520000

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay: November 13.

		Highest	Lowest	Closing at 5 p.m.
Broach	A/M	243 1/2	236	237 3/4
Oomra	D/J	206	200 1/2	201 3/4
Oomra	Mar.	197 1/2	192	193
Bengal	D/J	147 1/2	144 1/2	145
Bengal	Mar.	151 1/4	147 1/2	148 1/2

COTTON PARITY

Broach A/M below N Y. May 727 cent pts. at 331.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGES

London: November 13.

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent	£69 1/2
Indian Stocks—	£
3 per cent 1948	92
3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	99 1/4
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	82 1/8
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	106 7/16
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent	104 1/2
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90	114 3/8
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	113 7/8
Chartered Bank of I.A. & China	9 1/4
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London register)	78
National Bank of India	36

LONDON SILVER

London: Nov. 13.

Spot	23 1/2
Forward	23 1/2

LONDON GOLD

London: Nov. 13.

Gold bars fine per Oz. £8/8/0

Indian Stock Exchange

Bombay: November 14.

The market displayed an easier trend in the earlier stages but later showed a recovery. Tata Deferreds after opening lower at 2100 receded further to 2095 while Tata Ordinaries opened at 395 and eased off to 394/8. Subsequently prices recovered somewhat. Deferreds rising upto 2110 and Ordinaries to 397. Textile shares after opening easier were inclined to rule steady. Bombay Dyeings moved around 1300. Indian Irons were again easier at 34.

The following were the important quotations on the Exchange to-day :—
Tata Deferreds (2112/8) 2100 2095 2110 2105
Tata Ordinaries (397/8) 395 94/8 97 96
Tata Ordinary 396, Tata Deferred 2105, Indian Iron 34 Steel Corporation of Bengal 20/12, Bombay Dyeing 1305 Central India 383/12 Century 440, Gokak 233/12, Kohinoor 500, Simplex 157/8, Andhra Valley 1740, Tata Hydro 181/14, Tata Power 1710, Associated Cement 161/4, Belapur 220, Bombay Burma Old 500

3 per cent Defence Bonds (Previous Issues) ..... Rs. 45,14,31,000
3 per cent Second Defence Loan 1949-52 From 1st February to 8th November 1941 (including Conversions) ..... Rs. 43,46,91,700
INTEREST FREE DEFENCE BONDS.
Subscriptions to November 8
All-India ..... Rs. 2,61,22,000
Bombay City ..... Rs. 65,73,800
POST OFFICE TEN-YEAR DEFENCE SAVINGS CERTIFICATES
Subscriptions to November 8
All-India ..... Rs. 4,01,42,600
Bombay City ..... Rs. 45,96,340

SUGAR MARKET

Bombay: November 14

Fine White Java Sugar per cwt—
Java Ready from Bond Rs. 15
African from Bond Rs. 13/4
Shipment June Rs. 11/4 F.B.H.
Shipment September Rs. 10/4 F.B.H
Indian Sugars Ready—
Ordinary Rs. 15 to 15/8
Large grain Rs. 15/10 to 16/8
Tone :—Steady

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS

HEDGE CONTRACT RATES

Bombay: November 14.

Yarn No.	December	February	April
6 1/2s	215	216	217
10 1/2s	241	242	243
20 1/2s	385	374 1/2	370
40s	555	560	565

Quotations for 6 1/2s, 10 1/2s and 40s are nominal.

LONDON WHEAT

London: Nov. 13.

Rosario Santa Fe 22 Nov/Dec sellers
Barletta Russo 22 Nov/Dec sellers
South Australian 27/6 Nov/Dec sellers.

LONDON RUBBER

London: Nov. 13.

Smoke sheet standard ribbed per lb. unquoted.



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Always ask for
LILY BISCUITS
—a thin crisp biscuit made of finest arrowroot flour
Strongly recommended for grown-up of all ages
The LILY BISCUIT Co- CALCUTTA & BOMBAY.

FOR LUNG & CHEST TROUBLES



GIVE HIM
SIROLIN ROCHE
Any neglect will lead to serious illnesses.
SIROLIN is the safest lung tonic for CHILDREN and ADULTS alike.

For HEALTH & BEAUTY Have You Tried
THE TWIN NEEM (MARGOSA)?
Millions use them Daily. You too will like them BEST
MARGO SOAP NEEM TOOTH PASTE



MARGO SOAP
The perfect health soap; made from Neem oil, safest for the tenderest skin.

NEEM TOOTH PASTE
Contains all antiseptic properties of Neem Twig; Whitens the teeth and prevents all dental troubles.

CALCUTTA CHEMICAL

SHIPPING NEWS.

EXPORTS

Bombay, November 14

151 bales raw wool H B Chawada and Sons; 460 bales cotton linters Volkart Bros; 400 bales cotton picker waste Volkart Bros; 525 bags gr nut oil cake M Jagnani and Co; 10 bales w/n carpets and rugs Fleming Shaw and Co Ltd; 333 bags gum Ratansey Damji and Co; 266 bags gum Damji Mavji and Co; 90 casks mango slices Poonjiaji and Co; 14 bales goat skin d/s A J Calcuttawalla and Co; 110 bales raw wool Kasamali Esmail; 6350 bags gr nut oil cake expeller The Swastik Oil Mills Ltd; 2560 bags gr nut oil cake expeller Ahmed Oomerbhoy; 205 tons pig iron red Tata Iron and Steel Co Ltd; 305 tons pig iron yellow Tata Iron and Steel Co. Ltd.

IMPORTS

80 ise valves; 58 bags cycle covers; 181 ise covers, tubes and flaps; 34 bales d lustre fibre tops; 71 cases metal polish; 108 cases washing blue; 1100 drums disft fluid; 86 cases dettal liquid antiseptic; 50 drums galvd drums; 53 casks plumbago crucibles and parts; 206 pkgs common empty glass bottles; 64 cases cotton rope; 57 cases w/n and c/n tissues; 379 cases machinery and parts; 90 cases cottons; 110 bundles iron boot protectors; 37 cases radio receivers; 37 drums hydrosulphite of soda; 72 pkgs picking bands; 109 cases card clothing; 270 cases common salt; 60 cases table salt; 240 cases brass spear point rivets; 74 cases accumulators; 336 bags carbonate magnesia; 40 cases light hand tacks; 62 cases toilet preparations; 90 cases brass wire; 35 cases photo film; 59 cases medicines; 77 bundles copper rods; 106 cases gripe water; 280 bags titanium oxide; 500 cases stout; 140 cases liver salt; 180 cases fruit salt; 42 cases bicycles and parts; 47 cases copper plates; 82 trusses belting; 66 cases hydrogen peroxide; 80 drums sodium potassium cyride; 68 cases leather cloth, buttons and studs; 99 cases cotton fents and shorts; 1858 pkgs dyestuffs; 160 bags titanium white.

THE BANK OF INDIA, Limited.
ESTABLISHED 1906

Capital Subscribed	Rs 2,00,00,000
Capital Paid up	Rs. 1,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	Rs 1,15,50,000

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ORIENTAL BUILDINGS,
BOMBAY

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DEFENCE LOANS

The Bank of India, Ltd. Head Office, Bombay, and Branches will assist its clients desiring to invest.

A G GRAY.
Manager

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VORA & CO.

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW (SUNDAY) 16th inst. at 10-30 A.M. (S. T.) at Perry Road. opp: No. 44, Bella View, Bungalow, Bandra, of complete Bungalow Furniture, H.M.V. Gramophone, Red Cabinet Style Hand and foot Singer machine with Round Bobin, Mareli A.C.E. Table fan, Remington Portable typewriter, Persian and woollen Carpets, English Ice Box, Bronze Figure lamps, Chesterfield sets, Fire-Proof Safe, Writing Bureau, Wristwatches, Hand Harmoniums, Underwood & Remington Typewriters, Drawing Room Cabinets, (1) American Maker Fair Banks Morse 9 Valve A.C. & D.C. Combined all Wave Radio, Wardrobes, Dining table and Chairs, Side Board Show Cases, Modern Beds, Old Curious China Vazes & figures, etc. Property of P. Hilton, Esquire and others, on view.

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NEW THEATRES' GIFT TO THE NATION
ZINDAGI
With the King of Melody
SAIGAL
JAMUNA—PAHARI SANYAL, etc.
See the struggle of a woman who wanted to live her own life!
Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
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TOMORROW MORN. AT 10.
Whole Serial Show
RICHARD TALMADGE
IN
PIRATE TREASURE

5th Week!
WHEN
The young hearts sing tune of Love—
IT IS
* GREAT EXCITEMENT
* ROLLICKING RIOT
RANJIT'S
Great Comedy
SASURAL
Directed by:
CHATURBHUJ DOSHI
Cast:
MADHURI, MOTILAL, NURJAHAN, KANTILAL
Daily at 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
Mat. Sat., Sun. & Holidays at 1-30 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE

5th Week
BOMBAY TALKIES'
PUNARMILAN
SNEHPRABHA & KISHORE SAHU
KOHINOOR
DADAR
Daily 4-30, 7-15 & 10 p.m.
Mat. at 1-30 on Sat., Sun. & Holidays.

CAPITOL
Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p. m.
EDWARD G.
ROBINSON
IDA LUPINO
JOHN GARFIELD
in Warner Bros.' thrilling drama—
"SEA WOLF"
"SEA WOLF"
BY JACK LONDON
SUNDAY 10-30 a. m.
"STORY OF LOUIS PASTEUR"
with
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DIGESTIC
RENNIES
*KILL * * STOMACH PAIN IN 80 SECONDS*



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Skin Ointment
AVAILABLE AT ALL GOOD CHEMISTS.
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SAFE DEPOSIT VAULT
THE SAFEST REPOSITORY FOR JEWELLERY, VALUABLES AND IMPORTANT DOCUMENTS.
SAFE DEPOSIT LOCKERS
Available in the Bank's air conditioned vault in Apollo Street and also at its Dadar Branch

NEW YORK COTTON TWO POINTS DOWN

COTTON:

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES.

MARCH
New York, November 14

Previous closing	16.33
To-day's opening	16.36
Difference	+03
To-day's closing	16.31
Difference	—02

BROACH EXPECTATION.
Broach April/May ..... Rs. 233

NEW YORK COTTON.
New York, November 14
The New York cotton was moderately active on scattered trade and local buying but lack of any definite developments in Washington continued to restrict enterprise.
Trading in March began at 16.36 i.e. 3 points higher than the last closing. Prices steadied on scattered local buying and commission house purchases but the demand was not aggressive enough to cause any material rise.
Following are the New York opening ranges:—
December (16.10/10) 16.20/20
March (16.26/26) 16.36/35
May (16.32/32) 16.42/41

LONDON COMMODITIES.
London, November 14
SEEDS
Castorseeds November/December (£20 quoted) £20 1/4 quoted
Linseed Bombay Calcutta November/December (£20 quoted) £20 1/4 quoted
Linseed La Plata November (£13 1/4 quoted) £13 1/4 quoted
Groundnut Coromandal Coast Nov/Dec (£19 quoted) £19 quoted
JUTES
Dundee October/November unquoted
Lightning October/November unquoted
RUBBER
Spot unquoted
Forward December unquoted
LONDON METALS
Tin (£258 1/2 buyers; £259 sellers. Firm)
£258 buyers; £258 1/2 sellers. Steady.
Electric Copper (£62) £12
Lead (£25 £25
Glasgow Iron No. 2 (131 sh.) 131 sh.

3 1/2 PER CENT STERLING LOAN
London, November 14
3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £99 1/4
AUSTRALIAN LOANS
London, November 14
5 per cent 1958/58 £104 1/4
BRITISH FUNDS
2 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan £82 1/4
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan £106 5/8
2 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan £99 7/8
4 per cent Funding Loan £114 1/2
3 1/2 per cent War Loan £104 5/8
New York Loan £101 1/4
4 1/2 per cent Victory Bonds £113 13/16
INDUSTRIALS
Standard Motors 16-0
Marks and Spencer Ordinary 37-10
Electric Music Industry 13-6
Pinchin Johnson 22-7
Imperial Chemical 33-0
Woolsworth New Ordinary 60-1
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rate £74
Dundee 38-0
Unilever Ordinary 27-4
Ford Motors 24-3
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary £69 1/2
British American Tobacco Ordinary £4 13/16
Carreas 'A' £5 9/16
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary £5 3/8
P and O Def 29-10
Distillers 70-7
Brodfords Dye 7-9
British Celanese 6-9
J and P Coates 37-7
Courtaulds Ordinary 34-9
Fine Cotton Spinners 5-0
Vickers, Limited Ordinary 17-7
Inter Nickel dol 41 3/4.
Indian Iron 52-6
TEA SHARES
Anglo Dutch Rubber 18-1
Donaro Tea 32-3
Empire of India 20-7
JUTE
Barnagore £7
RUBBER SHARES
Anglo Dutch Rubber 16-9
Gula Kelampong 15-7
Rubber Plant Inv Trust 28-4
MINING SHARES
Nandydrug 17-9
Burma Corporation 6-6
Rio Tintos £7 1/4
East Rand Properties £2 3/16
Rand Mines £7 1/8
MINE SHARES
Crown £10 3/8
Associated Portland Cement 49-4
Trinidad Leasehold 70
Sub Nigel £7 1/16
Spring Mines Split Shares £1 7/32
Union Corporation 152-6
OIL SHARES
Venezuela Persian 34-4
Anglo India 41-10
Burma Oil £3 1/32
Mexican Eagle 12-0
Shell Transport £2 25/32
Royal Dutch £23
RAILWAY SHARES
Great Western Ordinary £40
London Midland Ordinary £15 3/4
London North Eastern Def £1 11/16
London Southern Defd £13 3/4
London Transport 5 per cent £128 1/2
London Transport £41

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay: November 14.
London Gold was unchanged on Thursday at £8/8/0. Dollar Sterling cross rate was 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2 at London and 4.03 3/4 at New York.
London spot and forward Silver quotations were unchanged at 23 1/2d. There was very little business. New York spot silver quotation was also unchanged at 34 3/4 cents. London Bombay spot and forward silver parity was Rs. 62/10/3. The local market was quietly steady with a limited business.
Quotations were as under: Gold Silver

Ready	Rs. 43 5 0	63 1 0
Magsar	Rs. 43 4 6	62 13 9
Posh	Rs. 43 4 6	62 13 6

Sovereigns: Rs. 29/4.

Retail Foodstuffs Prices

Following are the fair retail prices of several articles of foodstuffs in the Bombay City published by the Controller of Prices, Bombay, for the week beginning from Friday, the 14th November, 1941:—

Article.	Rate per Paylee
Rice Country Jirasal—	As.p.
(Bhiwandi) No.1 Quality	As. 13 9 to 14 6
(Bhiwandi) No. 2 quality	As. 12 9 to 13 6
(Bhiwandi) No. 3 quality	As. 11 6 to 12 6
Patni	As. 8 3 to 9 0
Wheat Khandwa No. 2	9 0
Wheat Yellow (Nasik)	8 3
Wheat Pissi Butki (Punjab)	8 3
Jowar Sholapur Yellow	5 0
Bajri Cawnpore No. 1	5 6
Bajri Kalpi Ordinary	5 9
Gram Banda	6 0
Gram Shahapura	7 6
Turdal Cawnpore Dry	8 0
Turdal Surti Oiled (Superior)	11 0
Masur Dal Superior	8 6
Chana Dal No. 1	8 0
	Rate per lb.
Ghee Hatras	14 0
Ghee Porbunder	16 0
Til Oil	3 9
Cocoanut Oil	3 0
Groundnut Oil	3 3
Indian Sugar	2 6
	Rate for 2 boxes
Wimco Matches 40 sticks	0 9
Wimco Matches 50 sticks	1 0

TORRENTIAL RAINS IN MADRAS
Madras, November 14
After a week of dry weather, Madras experienced torrential rain last night accompanied by gusts of strong wind. Following intermittent showers last evening, it began to rain heavily towards the sunset which continued almost without a break throughout the night. The low-lying parts of the city became waterlogged and people had to wait through knee deep water and traffic also became very difficult; 6.3 inches of rain was recorded at the Observatory for the last 24 hours upto 8 a.m. to-day, the rainfall last night alone contributing nearly five inches. The sky is still overcast.—A.P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY
Summary of Meteorological observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 14th Nov. 1941:—
Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hrs. —043 inches.
Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 77.9 deg.

EXCHANGES:

CROSS RATES.
T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON
New York, November 14

Previous closing	4.03 3/4
To-day's opening	4.03 3/4

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK
London, November 14

Previous closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's opening	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2

LONDON BULLION.
LONDON GOLD
London, November 14
London Gold (£8-8-0) £8-8-0
LONDON SILVER
London, November 14
Spot (23 1/2d) 23 1/2d nil
Forward (23 1/2d) 23 1/2d nil
CROSS RATES
London on Bombay (1-6) 1-6
Paris on Bombay not quoted
New York on Milan not quoted
New York on Bombay (30.36) 30.35
London on Shanghai (0-2 27/32 to 0-3 3/16) 0-2 27/32 to 0-3 3/16
London on Kobe not quoted
DISCOUNTS
3 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent.
4 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent.
6 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent.

BULLION AND SEEDS
Bombay, November 14
There was no trading during night session.

New York Stock Exchange

New York, November 14
The following are opening quotations:—
General Motors (dol 36 1/2) dol 36 5/8.
Anaconda Copper (dol 25 1/2) dol 26 3/8
U S Steel Corporation Common (dol 51 7/8) dol 52 5/8.
U S Steel Preference (unquoted) unquoted.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

Statement of the affairs of the Imperial Bank of India on the 7th November 1941.

LIABILITIES	Rs.	Rs.
CAPITAL:—		
Authorised—2,25,000 shares of Rs. 500 each	11,25,00,000	
Issued and subscribed—2,25,000 shares of Rs. 500 each	11,25,00,000	
Called up—75,000 shares of Rs. 500 each, fully paid	3,75,00,000	
1,50,000 shares of Rs. 500 each, Rs. 125 paid	1,87,50,000	5,62,50,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders—Rs. 375 per share on 1,50,000 shares	5,62,50,000	
Reserve Fund		5,62,50,000
Fixed Deposit, Savings Bank, Current and other Accounts		108,60,23,000
Loans against Securities per contra		
Acceptances for Constituents		
Sundries		89,19,000
	Rupees	120,74,42,000
ASSETS	Rs.	Rs.
INVESTMENTS:—		
Government Securities	59,75,53,000	
Other Authorised Investments	1,23,34,000	60,98,87,000
ADVANCES:—		
Loans	6,48,86,000	
Cash Credits and Overdrafts	17,79,33,000	
Bills Discounted and Purchased	4,99,74,000	29,27,93,000
Liability of Constituents for Acceptances per contra		
Dead Stock		1,80,06,000
Sundries		85,74,000
Bullion		
CASH:—		
In hand and with the Reserve Bank of India	23,58,40,000	
Balances with other Banks	4,23,42,000	27,81,82,000
	Rupees	120,74,42,000

Position Of Scheduled Banks

Statement of the position of scheduled banks as at the close of business on 7th November:—

1. Demand Liabilities:		
(a) In India		218,06,34,000
(b) In Burma		12,32,34,000
2. Time Liabilities:		
(a) In India		106,92,59,000
(b) In Burma		4,42,67,000
3. Cash		
(i) Currency notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes:		
(a) In India	7,73,81,000	
(b) In Burma	55,000	
(ii) Burma Notes:		
(a) In India	28,000	
(b) In Burma	63,11,000	
(iii) Rupee Coin:		
(a) In India	1,05,11,000	
(b) In Burma	1,49,000	
(iv) Subsidiary Coin:		
(a) In India	39,95,000	
(b) In Burma	42,000	
4. Balances with Reserve Bank	47,17,45,000	
5. Advances:		
(a) In India	104,17,52,000	
(b) In Burma	4,25,27,000	
6. Bills Discounted:		
(a) In India	4,05,40,000	
(b) In Burma	7,36,000	

Comparative statement of the position of scheduled banks.
(In thousand Rupees)

	7-11-1941	31-10-1941	8-11-1940	1-9-1939
1. Demand Liabilities in India & Burma	230,38,68	227,80,37	173,30,49	141,39,78
	12,32,34	12,16,20	8,34,27	7,03,29
2. Time Liabilities in India & Burma	111,35,26	110,80,96	100,34,45	106,46,46
	4,42,67	4,35,96	3,71,23	4,22,19
3. Total cash in India & Burma	9,83,73	10,20,21	8,64,01	7,29,82
	65,58	71,70	44,48	59,37
4. Balances with Reserve Bank	47,17,45	50,42,14	48,06,98	25,27,75
5. Advances in India & Burma	108,42,79	108,73,24	101,27,62	106,65,08
	4,25,27	4,01,99	3,24,02	4,12,02
6. Bills discounted in India & Burma	4,12,76	4,05,67	1,84,64	3,86,74
	7,36	4,80	8,48	20,48

RAIN IN MADRAS & MALABAR

Poona, November 14
There has been local rain in Southeast Madras and Malabar, and a few falls in North Madras Coast. A few light showers are also reported in Mysore. The chief amount of rainfall are: Madras six inches; Pamban, Cuddalore and Vellore two each; Negapatam and Nellore one each; Cochin three-quarters. Temperatures were three to five degrees Farheneit above normal in and around the Punjab.
Forecast until 15th evening: There will be fairly widespread, and locally heavy rain in Southeast Madras and Malabar and local rain in Mysore, and a few falls in North Madras Coast, and South Deccan. Temperatures will slightly fall in Northwest India.—A.P.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 69.2 deg.
Maximum temperature during 24 hrs. 93.9 deg. (4.4 above normal).
Minimum temperature during 24 hrs. 75.1 deg. (2.1 above normal).
Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 62 per cent.
Direction of wind at 8 a.m. E N E.
Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 9 miles per hr.
Total movement of wind in 24 hrs. 168 mls.
Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours. 25 miles per hour.
Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 8.

CONTEMPORARY ART

Bombay Group's Fine Show

It is rare to find artists working in groups. It is equally rare to find them endeavouring in a spirit of co-operation, to achieve a common objective. The exhibition of the Bombay Group of Contemporary Indian Artists at the salon of the Bombay Art Society presents a happy combination of these rarities. It is the first effort of its kind to enable the observer to appraise and appreciate, in an exclusive show, the modern trends of art and the contribution made to it by the Bombay group.
The five young artists Messrs. Reddy, Majeed, Bhopale Kulkarni and Baptista—who are represented in the exhibition have endeavoured, not without success, to raise art above the limits of the stagnant academic traditions. Each of them has, obviously, developed his distinctive style and has rendered in an unassuming manner, a good account of his forte, abilities and achievements.
The exhibits which number 40 collectively represent art which is an unfettered expression of the artists. They have sufficient material to interest a sympathetic observer. The artists have produced broad and bold impressions of their subjects by suppression of the unessential details. It is refreshing to note that the dullness of the colour-schemes noticed in their earlier experimental work is less obtrusive in their recent productions.
Mr. Reddy handles every subject with equal alacrity and success. His "Scene from a Window" (12), "Zakaria Mosque" (11) and "Multani Ladies" (7) are remarkable for their fine compositions and colour-effects. The vitality of Mr. Majeed's art is reflected especially in the Nudes" "Love of Life" (23), "Nude" (18) and "Bathers" (34) are forceful creations.
Mr. Bhopale is at his best in "A Narrow Street" (6). He achieves creditable result in "Portrait" (10) in spite of the simplicity of technique. Mr. Kulkarni's exhibits like "The Song Unheard" (5) and "Broken Units" (15) are conspicuous by his technique of concentrating sunlight on a particular spot and rendering it a focus of attention. "Gamblers" (3) by Mr. Baptista is a precise and delightful impression. His "Village Church" (25) is more interesting by virtue of its cool effect and serenity of atmosphere.
A few pictures in Indian style contributed by Messrs. Reddy, Majeed and Bhopale reflect definite progressive tendencies. They show movement and action. The figures, which are executed cleanly and boldly, have no abnormalities of proportions. One would like to see more such pictures in the future exhibition of the Bombay group.

INDIA & IRAN

Great Trade Possibilities

TEHERAN.
India is likely now to become the chief supplier of Iran, according to Mr. M. H. Esmail, the special trade representative of the Government of India, who is returning to Delhi shortly after a three month visit to this country.
Germany and Russia have hitherto been the principal sources of Iran's imports. Germany, who was rapidly enmeshing the country in her paralysing trade system, has now been ousted; Russia, whose transport system will naturally become increasingly concentrated upon her immediate military needs, is unlikely to be able to spare as much freight as hitherto for normal trade.
These developments leave an enormous gap in Iran's requirements from abroad, which Mr. Esmail thinks India can largely fill.
Mr. Esmail told "The Associated Press" special correspondent, that some time must elapse before normal trading can be restored. The occupation of the country by British and Russian forces has naturally disturbed the ordinary internal credit system and the dislocation caused to the usual flow of goods from one centre to another has not yet been wholly repaired.
Despite many handicaps Mr. Esmail has found that many business men and merchants are already looking to India for their requirements, and he has collected a list of those who wish to establish connections with Indian firms.
One of the most important factors at present governing Iran's trade with India is the shortage of freight. A great deal of shipping space is required for supplies to Russia and a certain amount also for supplies to the British and Indian troops in Iran and Iraq. It is expected here, however, that the link between Iran and India through Baluchistan will be intensively developed as in the last war.—A.P.

Get 'Supply' Orders For Handloom Weavers

BANGALORE, November 12
The Committee recently appointed by the Mysore Government to enquire into the conditions of handloom weaving industry in the State and to suggest measures for improvement of the industry, met this morning under the chairmanship of Mr. B. G. Appadurai Mudaliar, Director of Industrial Planning in Mysore.
INTERIM ACTION
It is learnt that the Committee felt, pending submission of a detailed scheme for improvement of the industry, some interim action should be taken with the approval of Government.
The Committee seems to be of the opinion that orders might be obtained by the Director of Industrial Planning for the supply of textile articles like mock-leno cloth, mosquitto netting, bandages, tapes, webs, etc, required by the Supply Department of the Government of India, to be distributed on a contract basis to the handloom weavers in the State to afford employment and give immediate relief to them.—A.P.

PALACE DAILY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
TOPPER'S BACK with A New Glamorous Ghost...to chill, thrill and kill you with laughter!
TOPPER RETURNS
A HAL ROACH PRODUCTION
Starring
JOAN BLONDELL
ROLAND YOUNG-BILLIE BURKE
SUN. MORN. AT 10-30 A.M.
SUEZ-SUEZ
The Heroic adventures of the builder of the Suez Canal, with
TYRONE POWER—ANNA BELLA LORETTA YOUNG



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EXCELSIOR
4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
A. E. W. MASON'S Best Seller becomes a thrilling screen drama
AT THE VILLA ROSE
with
KENETH KENT
and an all-star cast
—ALSO—
ACTUAL SCENES CAPTURED FROM GERMANS SHOWING NAZI HORRORS IN RUSSIA

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MR. SATYAMURTHI'S MESSAGE
MINERVA PRODUCTION



Mr. Satyamurthi M.L.A., the nationalist leader from Madras, paid a visit to the Minerva Studio on Wednesday last and after congratulating Mr Sohrab Modi on the unprecedented success of his brilliant Historical "SIKANDAR", exhorted him in his parting message to produce more and more patriotic pictures.
MINERVA'S PATRIOTIC HISTORICAL
Sikandar
Directed by:—SOHRAB MODI
11th GLORIOUS WEEK 11th
MINERVA
To-day—Shows Nos. 213, 214, 215 and 216
DAILY 3 SHOWS — 4, 7, and 10 P.M.
Sat., Sun., and Holidays 1-15 p.m. Matinee Extra
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Advises You

"I have seen the film "Gharki Laj", Suren, having lost all in gambling, goes to the extent of marrying his Sister Anjana to an old man THRICE HER AGE; and to save the honour of the family, the girl did marry the old man, which shows the NOBILITY and SACRIFICE of a WOMAN'S SOUL. Ila's devotion to her husband impresses every good wife. I advice every one to see this picture."

SUNRISE Pictures'
ANAND Release.

Gharki Laj

Story by: DAVE.
Direction: V. M. VYAS

Starring SHANTA HUBLIKAR, JAGDISH, NAZIR, KALYANI, MIRZA MUSHARIFF

5th Stirring WEEK 5

Daily: 4, 7, 10 p.m.

IMPERIAL

Sat., Sun. Matinees: 1-30 p.m.

BOMBAY & SUBURBS

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Kartik Vad 11, 1998
Muslim: Shavaal 27, 1360
Parsi: Khordad 12, 1311
Sunrise: 6h. 46m.
Sunset: 6h. 1m.
Hightide: 8-4, 21-06
Lowtide: 1-58, 14-50

CANDOLIM SOCIAL: The annual social gathering will be held to-day (Saturday) at the Wagle Memorial Hall, Kandevadi Girgaum commencing at 8-30 p.m. The Hawiian Hotshots will be in attendance.

MUSICAL CONCERT AT BRAHMAN SABHA: Mr. Ganpatrao Behere, well-known disciple of the late Abdul Karim Khan will give a concert of vocal music at the Brahman Sabha Hall, Girgaon, to-day (Saturday) at 9-30 p.m. Admission passes can be had of him at his residence in Panaswadi Jagannath's Building.

PHOTOGRAPHIC SOCIETY OF INDIA: The opening of the Second All-India Exhibition will be performed by Pranlal Devkaran Nanjee at Saheb Building, 195 Hornby Road to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m.

BAND AT THE VICTORIA GARDENS: The band of St. Mary's High School will play a programme of music at the Victoria Gardens, Byculla, Bombay, to-day (Saturday) commencing at 5-45 p.m. to 7-45 p.m. (S.T.).

PUBLIC DEBATE: Under the joint auspices of the Youths' Parliament and Muslim Students' Union, "Is Socialism a permanent cure for unemployment?" will be the subject of a public symposium in the Muslim Students' Union Hall, Blavatsky Lodge, to-day (Saturday) at 6-15 p.m. Mrs. Violet Alva will preside. Miss Perin N. Nariman will lead.

A.R.P. DADAR EAST: Lecture on "Rescue and Demolition Work" by Mr. Kupp, Superintendent, Bombay Salvage Corps at the Operational Headquarters, B.E.S.T. Club Room, Dadar at 7-30 p.m. to-day (Saturday).

PRABHU JOLLY CRICKETERS: Sports will be held in celebration of the Silver Jubilee to-day (Saturday) at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Robert Money High School Grounds, Grant Road, Bombay.
Mr. Akbar N. Chinoy will preside and Mrs. Hamida Akbar Chinoy will distribute the prizes.

BOMBAY PROVINCIAL CONGRESS COMMITTEE: The Rashtrabhasha Kovid Classes conducted under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee at Congress House Bombay No. 4, shall commence to-day (Saturday). Those desirous of attending are required to enrol themselves before 22nd of this month. The time is as follows: Saturdays 5-30 to 7-30 p.m. (S.T.) and Sundays 4 to 6 p.m. (S.T.).

MEDICAL BALL AT TOWN HALL: The annual Medical Ball will be held at the Town Hall, Bombay to-day (Saturday) at 9-15 p.m. The function this year is open to members of the medical profession, Dental Surgeons and medical students only, and the profits derived from the Dance will be given to the Blood Transfusion Service of the Indian Red Cross Society.

COMMISSIONER'S ROUND: The Municipal Commissioner will meet the elected members of Ward No. 10, to-day (Saturday) at 6-51 a.m. (B.T.) at the Kemp Corner and go round with them in the Ward.

BOMBAY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION: A clinical meeting of the Bombay Medical Association, Indian Medical Association, (Bombay Branch) will be held to-day (Saturday) at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at Seth Gordhandas Sunderdas Medical College, Parel, Bombay when there will be a speech on "Some facts about Ayurveda."

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"Sea Wolf". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Hold That Ghost". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"Man Power". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"At the Villa Rose". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"Here Comes Mr. Jordan" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Swami" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1 p.m.
ROXY—"Anjan". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1 p.m.
WEST END—"Sangam". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1 p.m.
MINERVA—"Sikandar". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1-15 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Khazanchi." Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Gharki Laj". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1-30 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Sasural". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1-30 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Sant Sakhu". Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1-30 p.m.
CHITRA—"Lagan". Daily at 4, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1-15 p.m.
KOHINOOR—"Punarmilan". Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1-30 p.m.
BROADWAY—"Kanchan". Daily at 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1-30 p.m.
PALACE—"Topper Returns." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EDWARD—"Zindagi". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Darshan". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1 p.m.

SILK MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION: The Silver Jubilee of this Association will be celebrated under the presidentship of Mr. Behram N. Karanjia at Madhav Baug, to-day (Saturday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.); and thereafter a dinner party has been arranged at 7-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the same place.

ANTHROPOLOGICAL SOCIETY OF BOMBAY: At the monthly meeting of the Society to be held in the rooms of the B. B. Royal Asiatic Society, Town Hall, on Wednesday, the 19th instant at 6 p.m. Mr. R. K. Prabhu will read a Paper on "An Enquiry into the Pre-historic Origins of the principal Hindu, Zoroastrian, Jewish and Christian Festivals."

BOMBAY HINDI VIDYAPEETH: The convocation of Bombay Hindi Vidyapeeth will be held on Sunday the 16th instant at 5 p.m. in Marwari Vidyalaya Hall, Sandhurst Road, Tram Terminus, Girgaon, Bombay, under the presidentship of Shreemati Lilavati Munshi, M.L.A. Pandit Makhanlalji Chaturvedi, Editor of Kurmaveer, Khandwa, C.P., will deliver the convocation address.
An informal meeting of Hindi, Marathi and Gujarati writers will be held to-day (Saturday) at 3-30 p.m. at the above place.

Ahmedabad Labour Disputes

(Before the Hon'ble Mr Justice Macklin.)

The Kalyan Mills Ltd. of Ahmedabad .....Petitioners.
v.
The Government Labour Officer, Ahmedabad .....Respondent.

Shortly after the War broke out, a dispute arose between the Textile Labour Association of Ahmedabad and the Ahmedabad Mill-owners' Association as to dearness allowance. The dispute was referred to the Arbitration of the Industrial Court constituted under the Bombay Industrial Disputes Act which made an Award in April 1940. By that Award cost price grain shops were opened and a cash allowance granted to the labourers.

Night shifts were introduced in the mills in February, 1941, but no dearness allowance was paid to the night shift workers as they were not members of the Textile Labour Association. So an application was made to the Industrial Court by the Respondent and that Court ruled that all labourers whether members or not were entitled to the dearness allowance granted by the Award to which they must be deemed parties.

The present Petitioners submitted that the Industrial Court had no jurisdiction to make this last order.

His Lordship granted a rule against the Respondent calling upon him to show cause why a writ of certiorari should not be issued to quash the last decision of the Industrial Court and why an Injunction should not be granted restraining the Respondent from instituting against the Petitioners any proceedings under the Bombay Industrial Disputes Act.

Mr. C. K. Daphtary with Mr. R. B. Mehta instructed by Messrs. R. M. Kothari & Co appeared for the Petitioners.



ROHINI WAGLE'S DANCE RECITALS

Rohini Wagle will stage her dance recitals at St Xavier's College Hall during next week. She is a pupil of the Naween Kalalaya and trained by Mohanlal Pande. She will supported by an efficient group, among whom is Malati Pande of the Bombay Talkies.

On The Air

SATURDAY, NOV. 15.

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)
4-30 p.m. For Indian Troops in the Far East. 5 Zohra Jan. 5-15 Chand Khan. 5-30 Abdullah. 5-45 R. R. Chowdhury. 6-15 Sohan Singh. 6-30 Afzal Husain. 6-45 The Voice of the Nazis: Talk relayed from B B C. 7 Manna Bai. 7-15 Raftar-e Zamana: Weekly review of current events in Hindustani. 7-30 For villagers only. 8-15 The Commonwealth in the New World. 8: Talk. 8-30 Chand Khan. 8-45 Zohra Jan. 9-30 B B C news. 9-45 Sant Tukaram: Dramatical biography of the saint. 10-35 Manna Bai.

Bombay I & II Programmes

244 metres (1,231 kc/s) and 41.44 metres (7,440 kc/s)
8 to 8-5 a.m. As in Delhi 2. 8-5 News in Hindustani. 8-15 News in English. 8-25 to 8-50 As in Delhi 2. 8-50 News in Marathi. 9 News in Gujarati. 9-10 to 9-50 As in Delhi 2. 9-50 Talk on A.R.P. 12 noon to 12-57 p.m. As in Delhi 2. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 to 1-30 As in Delhi 2. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 to 2 As in Delhi 2.
Bombay 2: 61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s) and after 7-30 p.m. 89.15 metres (3,365 kc/s).
5 Tomorrow. 5-5 Variety. 5-40 News in Marathi. 5-45 News in Gujarati. 5-50 Vocal music. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-15 Instrumental music. 6-20 Local news and announcements in English. 6-25 same in Hindustani. 6-30 Children's half hour in Hindustani. 7 Analysis of German Propaganda relayed from B B C. 7-15 Rafta-e-Zamana: Weekly review of current events in Hindustani relayed from Delhi. 7-30 Commercial news. 7-45 Indian music. 8 News in Marathi. 8-15 News in Gujarati. 8-30 Listeners' letters. 8-45 Our Universities: Talk in English. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-15 News commentary in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C news relay. 9-45 War commentary. 9-55 Listening Post. 10 to 10-45 As in Delhi 2.



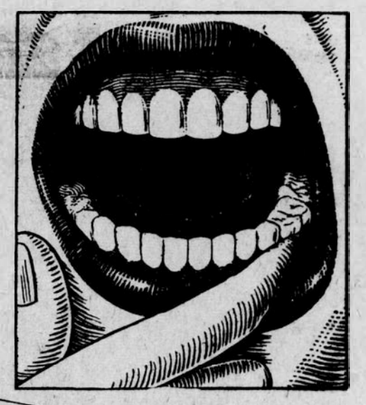
IT IS THIS DAILY CARE THAT WILL GIVE HEALTH TO YOUR GUMS — AND TEETH

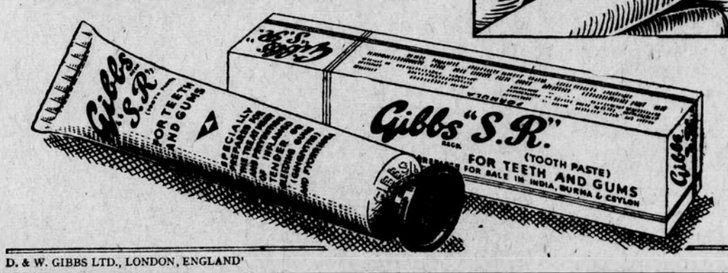
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The Bombay Chronicle

TREMENDOUS EVENT

The Neutrality revision—or, more correctly, repeal—Bill has passed the House of Representatives by a majority of 18 votes. This majority is a bigger victory than was anticipated. Indeed during the last twelve hours which preceded the voting it had become actually uncertain whether the Bill would pass at all. President Roosevelt was faced perhaps with the worst crisis in his anti-Nazi campaign of the last two years. Failure would have meant a heavy moral and material blow to what is called the democratic cause. And little wonder that interventionist America, indeed, the whole anti-Hitler world, found itself in a state of acute nervous tension in those few hours. President Roosevelt, however managed the crisis and saved the cause. But he had to pay a price for his success. He had to promise legislation to deal with strikes in American industry. It remains to be seen whether he will be able to secure peace in industry without being unjust to labour. Meanwhile the conflict and the strike movement seem to be spreading grimly.

Heavy Blow To Hitler

But from the point of view of the present international situation Roosevelt has triumphed. He has achieved something more than momentous, almost epoch-making for a cause which he has espoused as his own and made America gradually adopt as its own. It is another major—Mr. Churchill might well describe it, too, as "majestic." —climacteric of the war. For, what are the possible consequences of U.S.A. merchantmen being armed and also freed to take vital supplies to combat zones? British strength both naval and mercantile has been literally doubled in the Battle of the Atlantic. And along with it have been doubled the American supplies to Britain and to Russia via Archangel. Similarly, the fact that the American Navy must inevitably operate in protection of American merchantmen it is now possible to use the Mediterranean route instead of the Indian ocean one—which is twice as long—for rushing supplies to the Middle East and even Russia. And if the U.S.A. honours its obligations, it can vastly increase the volume of its aid to China. By removing the two vital restrictions which involves automatically the complete entry of the American Navy and the air force into the struggle, President Roosevelt has rendered direct assistance to the anti-Hitler front in magnitude which is comparable only to that of the Lend and Lease policy. It is truly a heavy blow for Herr Hitler. For, he is faced with what is almost the certainty of losing the Battle of the Atlantic—and, by no means that Battle alone—in a particularly disastrous manner. It is a two-sided disaster. With the American Navy in action, he is due to lose twice as many of his raiders, aerial, surface and submarine, as before. With the American merchant fleet in operation he is due to see a great deal more of supplies reaching his opponents than usual and in a great deal less time than usual.

Britain's Obligations

All this must stagger Nazism not only materially but morally, too. And not the Nazis and Fascists of Europe alone. President Roosevelt's blow strikes, even if indirectly, at Japan too. It constitutes a warning to Japan at a most timely juncture when M Kurusu is in America to make a final attempt to bully and black mail the U.S.A. The repeal of the Neutrality Act means—it *must* mean—that the U.S.A. is determined, at any cost and undeterred by any possible consequences, to render powerful and "majestic" help to the victims of aggression not only in Europe but also in the Far East. But this great "climacteric", involves also some obligations, particularly on the part of the British. Speaking at the Mansion House on the shipping situation, Mr. Churchill hoped that Britain would be in a position to undertake operations overseas in 1943. President Roosevelt has given him not only a Navy to fight the Battle of the Atlantic but millions of tone of merchant shipping, too. He has brought 1943 nearer almost by a year. This is a tremendous fact. But it also involves tremendous obligations.

Indo-Ceylon Pact

With the approach of the date for the consideration of the proposed Indo-Ceylon Pact in the Central Assembly public opinion in this country as also among the Indians on Ceylon is rallying definitely against the Pact. Gandhiji, who is perhaps its mildest critic, while conceding that "it is not open to the fatal objections that have been universally raised against the Indo-Burma thing," declares at the same time that "on merits the Indo-Ceylon agreement is open to objection in the same manner as the Indo-Burman agreement." He refers evidently to the needless and heavy restrictions on the full citizenship rights of Indians who wish to reside in those countries. About Ceylon he says: "I suggest that the whole of the Indian population found in Ceylon on a given date (kept secret) should be registered and clothed with full rights of citizenship. Those who may be outside Ceylon, but who can unquestionably be proved to be 'bona fide' residents of Ceylon, should also be registered on application. This procedure obviates the intricacies which permeate the proposal under examination."

The main point is, as pointed out by Mr. A. Aziz, a member of the Ceylon Indian delegation now in India, in his press statement, that the full right of citizenship should be claimable through a simple and easily ascertainable test. The Council of the Imperial Indian Citizenship Association rightly regards it as a "fundamental principle that full rights of citizenship should be conceded to all Indians resident in Ceylon who could establish proof of a prescribed period of residence and of permanent interests in the country." This principle was recognised by the Government of India last year but has been apparently abandoned now. For the proposed Pact does not confer full citizenship rights on the holders of certificates of domicile of choice and of permanent settlement. As the Council shows, even if the domicile of choice is proved according to the English Laws which is generally admitted to be impracticable it does not confer the right of employment under Government and other benefits. Owing to its complicated provisions grave hardship would be caused to Indians and in effect they would be unable to claim even such rights as they actually entitled to under the Law. The Ceylon Indian Congress, too, has declared in an official statement that "the Indian delegation in their anxiety to arrive at a settlement gave up practically completely the position they had taken up in the Delhi discussions." Mr. Jamnadas Mehta does not exaggerate when in his amendment to the official resolution, he says of the Pact that it is "a violation of the undertakings and promises giving Indians full rights of citizenship on a footing of equality and unfairly discriminates against them in respect of entry, franchise, the holding of lands, employment and occupation and that in the world crisis of the present war, the proposals in the report are highly prejudicial to the solidarity of the British Commonwealth."

Proposals so widely and strongly condemned cannot be accepted without radical alterations made in the light of public criticism. If at all it is found to be a formidable task to persuade the Government of Ceylon to accept radical amendments, there is no reason why both sides should not accept Gandhiji's suggestion that, while adjustment may easily be made about the supply of labour, "wholesale legislation may be left over till after the war." After the war both the Governments are sure to be more representative of, and responsible, to the people, more alive to the needs of the masses and more capable of safeguarding their interests. A Pact between two such Governments will necessarily be one between two peoples and will for that very reason be more lasting and beneficent in its effects.

Indian Textile Labour

Hours Of Work In Wartime

By DINKAR DESAI, General Secretary, Bombay Provincial Trade Union Congress

I

At the suggestion of the Government of India, the Provincial Government have issued notifications exempting cotton spinning and weaving mills in their provinces for a period of six months from the operation of Section 34 of the Factories Act. The effect of the notifications is that such factories can work a 6-day week of 60 hours instead of 54 hours. Explaining the reason why it was considered necessary to increase the hours of work, the Government of India contend that the present production of the cotton mills is not sufficient to cope with the increased demand, that there is a serious risk that unless production is increased the poorer classes in India may find it difficult to obtain their necessary supplies of cloth at reasonable prices and that the Government were satisfied that this object could be achieved by permitting an increase in the weekly hours of work from 54 to 60.

The object of this article is to show that the Government have done injustice to the textile workers by extending the hours of work, particularly in view of the fact that production could have been increased by adopting other methods. The injustice is all the greater because the wages of workers, wherever they are increased, are not raised in proportion to the rise in the cost of living. All the same, the Government of India "believe that labour will be prepared to work these additional hours."

Wrong Procedure

In the first place, the procedure adopted by the Government is open to objection. The Government should have consulted labour before permitting an increase in the hours and before believing that "labour will be prepared to work these additional hours." This is particularly so in view of the fact that the All-India Trade Union Congress has shown its willingness to discuss with the Government proposals for labour legislation. On January. 5 1941, for instance, the Member in charge of Labour met the delegation from the A.I.T.U.C. in order to discuss certain proposals for labour legislation made by the Government of India. The action of the Government in extending the hours without consulting the representative body of labour is unjustified. It may be argued that such consultation is not desirable in wartime. If this is the view of the Government, they are absolutely mistaken. Let it be noted that before additional hours can be worked in England to-day a ballot of the operatives has to be taken at the factory concerned and a three-fourths majority secured. The Government should have adopted a similar procedure in India.

The object of the following article is to show that the Government have done injustice to textile workers by extending the hours of work, particularly in view of the fact that production could have been increased by adopting other methods.

Methods Of Increasing Production

Is it absolutely necessary to increase the hours in order to increase production? The question should be answered in an emphatic negative. There are a number of methods to increase output without extending the hours of work. For instance, production can be increased by the engagement of unemployed workers. Since the number of the unemployed operatives is very considerable in many textile centres in this country, the millowners should have been compelled to adopt this method. This would have reduced unemployment to a great extent. We think it is practicable to get additional work done by the engagement of unemployed workers in many textile centres. As Mr Ernest Bevin, stated in the House of Commons on November 16. 1939, "it was undesirable to work long hours of overtime in cases where it was practicable to get extra work done by the engagement of unemployed workers."

Secondly, it is much more advisable to resort to the shift-system than to the prolongation of hours, provided that the shifts are properly regulated. In this connection, the very valuable recommendations made by the Bombay Textile Labour Inquiry Committee, which reported only last year should have been given effect to. The millowners should have been asked to introduce the two-shift system on the lines recommended by the Committee, instead of permitting an increase in hours. The evidence submitted to the Committee clearly showed that if the second shift is arranged so as to end the work at or about midnight instead of at 4 or 5 a.m as at present, there would be improvement in respect of both quantity and quality of production. We would even go further and say that the three-shift system of eight hours each should be introduced instead of prolonging the hours to ten. In fact, the British Select Committee on National Expenditure has recently issued a report recommending that hours of work should be reduced immediately and stating that "the three-shift system is the ideal to be aimed at in every possible case."

Need For Rationalization

Again, the Bombay Textile inquiry Committee made a number of valuable suggestions for the use of methods of rationalization so that production may go up, the hours be reduced, the wages be increased and prices be lowered. "Besides effecting an increase in wages," they stated, "rationalization may also lead to a reduction in hours of work." The Government of India state in their note that "unless production is increased the poorer classes in India may find it difficult to obtain their necessary supplies of cloth at reasonable prices." But the Government conveniently forgot that they could have kept the price of cloth at reasonable rates, if they had adopted the suggestions of the Bombay Textile Labour Committee regarding rationalisation. "There is a genuinely rational method of running the industry," wrote the Committee, "in which higher wages and lower prices can go together....That such a method is within the range of economic possibilities is borne out by the results obtained in highly rationalised industries in the modern world. If the use of the methods of rationalisation reduces the cost of production, raises the wages of workers and cheapens cloth, we have no doubt that India in general and the Province of Bombay in particular stand in need of its adoption." But the Government thought otherwise and believed that the

(Continued on Page 8)

Frankly Speaking

The Japanese Menace

The gallant defence of Moscow is threatening not only to create a serious situation for Herr Hitler on his eastern front but also to upset his war strategy elsewhere. For instance, a London commentator suggests that he is desperately anxious to capture the city because he wants urgently to bring in Japan whom he had assured of the fall of Moscow long ago. This is not an unlikely suggestion. So far as Japan is concerned, this is a crucial week in which Japan has to make her final choice. The difficulties of this choice, arising out of Japan's own weakness and disappointments in hopes of a German victory over Russia have been further increased lately, particularly with the virtual repeal of America's Neutrality Act. Herr Hitler must be in a hurry lest the Kurusu mission and in success for his opponents. We doubt if Japan can retreat now. But if by any chance she does retreat before Russia, Britain and America, it will not solve the problem of the Japanese menace to every one of them so long as she retains freedom of action in China.

Concede Them Forthwith

The Deoli hunger-strikers have declared their willingness to give up the strike only if they get an assurance from the Central Government or the Provincial Governments concerned that they will be immediately repatriated to their own provinces and that they will then be treated in the same manner as in the Deoli Camp pending final decision by the Provincial Governments on their demands. It would have been better for the prisoners to suspend their hunger-strike pending the final decision on their demands. That, in the present circumstances, can only be a question of very few days but continuance of the fast during these days cannot but jeopardise the lives of the hunger strikers. On the other hand, the prisoners' immediate demands are so obviously reasonable that it will be heartlessness on the part of Government not to concede them forthwith.

Gandhiji's Appeal

Having pleaded in vain with Mr. Jaiprakash Narain to end his fast and persuade his fellow-detenus to do likewise, Gandhiji has urged Government to consider the detenus' demands, pointing out that "it would be an act of inhumanity if Sri Jaiprakash and his fellow-detenus are detained till their lives are in danger.', Government have much to answer for regarding the jailing of popular leaders, including a number of labour leaders, without even the semblance of a trial. It will certainly be not wise for them to exacerbate public feeling further by their callous attitude towards the hunger-strikers hovering between life and death.

What Will It Avail?

It is noteworthy that in spite of the absence of the Congress and the Muslim League Party from the Central Assembly the resolution recommending the application the Atlantic Charter to India was passed without a division. Government members did not oppose the resolution, evidently because they knew that its adoption would not affect Government at all. It is also possible that the discision of the House was helped by the speeches of Mr. Dumasia and Sir Henry Gidney, who seemed to oppose the resolution. Not the least interesting point in the former's oration is that the appeal for the application for India of the Charter formulated by President Roosevelt and Mr. Churchill was regarded by him as "an unwarranted attack on the two outstanding leaders of the world."

The First Essential

Presiding over the third quarterly general meeting of the Indian Merchants' Chamber on Wednesday, Mr. M. C. Ghia pleaded strongly for a parliamentary programme and said: "There is a great and vital necessity for a united front and it may be that with a parliamentary programme the way can be paved for a united front between the Congress and the other political sections and between Hindus and Muslims". It will be better far to effect a communal settlement first as without it a true parliamentary programme will not be easy. Nor is such a programme possible if Government are not prepared to part with power. To compel them to do so a previous communal settlement is indispensable.

Tribute To Rabindranath Tagore: India Society's Meeting In London

(From Our Own Correspondent).
LONDON, Oct. 7 (By Mail).

At the India Society's memorial meeting held at the Overseas League premises in London yesterday for Rabindranath Tagore there was a distinguished gathering present under the chairmanship of Sir Francis Younghusband.

The chairman announced that the society would hold an annual Tagore meeting at which some aspect of his many-sided genius would be expounded and discussed and that the full proceedings would be published. It was the society which first published in English the new world-famous *Gitanjali* and the lovely drama *Chitra*. The meeting unanimously approved of a suggestion that the society should form a Tagore memorial lectureship to keep his memory alive. This was regarded as most appropriate since the society was formed to promote a knowledge of Indian art and literature and culture, and had by the publication of Tagore's poems, introduced to it by Sir William Rothenstein, first brought a knowledge of them to the western world.

* * * *

Messages of appreciation came from many quarters. Lord Zetland, President of the India Society, wrote that in his understanding of literature and art Tagore possessed qualities entitling him to be regarded as a citizen of the world, yet while in some respects as much at home in Europe, and the United States as in India, his whole being was permeated with a passionate attachment for his native land. Mr. Amery wrote that the lustre of Tagore's world-wide fame was one which neither war not political antagonisms could dim. The range of his art and teaching recalled the versatility of such Renaissance figures as Michael Angelo and Leonardo. By his rendering of some of his finest Bengali poems into fastidious English he enabled the West to sample the beauty of the civilization and culture of India, of which he remained to the last so zealous a champion. Messages were also received from Sir John Anderson, Sir Michael Sadler and others; and representatives of the Royal Society of Literature and the Poetry Society were present.

Mr. Maisky wrote "In the U.S.S.R. Tagore is well known, is widely read, and is popular with our people. On behalf of my country and the millions of my countrymen, I wish to pay this tribute of respect to the great portrayer of the great Indian people." The Chinese Ambassador, Dr. Wellington Koo, wrote that in Tagore China had been bereft of a great sympathiser and friend.

* * *

The speakers included Mr. Laurence Binyon, Sir William Rothenstein, Mr. Edward Thompson, Dr. Ernest Rhys. Mr. Binyon recalled his impressions of Tagore as he knew him thirty years ago, his noble personality, the impression of outward dignity and inward serenity. Breaking with the asceticism of India the poet embraced life with all its joy. Some thirty years ago he was with Tagore in a crowded London tube train when he felt that the genius of India stood before him embodied in one noble personality. What the poet thought of the crowd he did not know; but if he had seen a like London throng in these days of trial he would have known better of what stuff they were really made. "We needed such an interpreter of the East to the West, a voice calling to us from the dark forest to the clear light and a running spring," concluded Mr. Binyon.

Welcoming the noble appreciation of a great English poet, Sir William Rothenstein spoke of his visit to members of Tagore's family in India and of the noble silent figure sitting in a corner, which so impressed him that he asked permission to make a few drawings of him. Only on his way back to England did the artist read the translation of a story and two poems in the "Modern Review" which deeply impressed him and learnt that the author was that man of noble figure. Yeat's translation of *Gitanjali*, said Sir William, had an historic effect, informing people in England for the first time that India had not only a great poet but one with great spiritual vision.

Mr. Edward Thompson thought there was no resemblance between that Tagore the world thought of and the real Tagore. His common sense was astounding; he always had his feet on the solid earth. He always struck up for England. He thought British the best of a very bad lot. Under all provocation he kept his astounding spirit of fairness, and at the worst moment he said that the English were the best people in the world. "We have felt their presence as we have felt the sunshine." More than any other man of our time, he had interpreted India to the West and, what was just as important, the West to India.

Dr. Ernest Rhys gave a delightful picture of Tagore seeking refuge from the noisiness of the lodgings in Kensington, where he could not write because of the passing trains and finding it in Dr. Rhy's garden. Tagore would live in his poems and continue to exercise a wonderful influence.

Dr R. Ghose gave readings of some passages from the poet's Bengali work.

PAKISTAN

(By Kalipada Mukherjee, M.A.)

Where, where shall we look for
Pakistan, the land of the
poet's dreams?
She is here: she is here: she is
our own Hindustan.
Those blinded by self-interest,
cannot find her out but look
for her far and far away.
She is known only of those who
have the love of country at
heart.
There reigns heaven on earth,
where for ever live the pure
and righteous...
That, that alone is Pakistan, the
land of the poet's imagination.*
The spirit of disunion is blind to
her beauties.
But the Hindu and the Mussalman can both see her through
their love of country.
God himself laughs at them
and their idea of religion who
pride themselves on their sole
possession of God.
They alone want to divide their
mother country into two
halves;
And to add to the sorrows of
her who is so sorrowful.
All glory to these well-meaning
sons of the Mother!
This land, this Pakistan is not
the sole property of any one.
For her affection is sought after
equally by the Aryan, the non-Aryan, the Buddhist and the
Christian.
Only when the heart is in tune
with the harmony of union,
Can one see that Pakistan and
Hindustan are one and the
same.

(Translated from the original Bengali poem by the author.)

*The late Sir Muhamed Iqbal is supposed to have been the originator of the term 'Pakistan' meaning 'the land of the pure and clean'.

PROPAGANDA FOR GENERAL STRIKE

(From Our Correspondent).
AHMEDABAD, Nov. 14.

Call for general strike will be given to Ahmedabad workers by the Majur Mahajan next month as negotiations for settlement have broken down.

The Majur Mahajan has decided to organize 150 meetings at the gates of mills for obtaining the sanction of labour for strike.

"Labour day" will be observed on December 14 by the Majur Mahajan. Votes for strike will be taken.

More than 1,000 workers of Anant Mill have gone on strike demanding dearness allowance since yesterday.

According to information received at the headquarters of the G. I. P. Railway, the stay-in strike at the railway workshop at Jhansi, has been called off. All the workers resumed duty at midday yesterday.—A. P.

TÊTE-À-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT

Told of Mr. Churchill's statement that if the United States were to find herself at war with Japan, Britain's declaration would follow within the hour, Mr. Kurusu laughed and said: "He might as well have said that he would have breakfast to-morrow morning."

—Honolulu Message.

* * *

Please don't faint, but a sensational world climacteric has taken place. The British Empire is no more. It has been removed into the rubbish heap by willing and cheerful British hands and has been proudly replaced by a Commonwealth of Nations equal in status, rights and opportunities to Great Britain herself.

Lord Moyne has authoritatively announced that during the last few months he has recruited to the Colonial Office in London itself actually no fewer than "two men of the African race."

Don't let us ever again mention that miserable Atlantic Charter.

* * *

In the Council of State a spokesman has declared that the Government of India "considered it important that the League of Nations should continue to exist as a symbol of the co-operation of free nations in international affairs and should continue to receive the active support of *such nations* (our italics).

Therefore this free nation is continuing her annual contribution of Rs. 7,54,650.

* * *

A New Delhi official is reported to have declared that Mahatma Gandhi's "statement has taken a load off our sholders."

Gandhiji is always willing to oblige even to the extent of taking off the entire "White Man's Burden" here and now.

* * *

The U.S.A. and Britain are again trying to end the Russo-Finnish war by planning to evolve "some satisfactory guarantee for Finland's security against future attacks."

And when that guarantee is also rejected by Germany?

* * *

The House of Representatives has tolled the knell of the U.S.A. Neutrality Act by 212 to 194.

It is a great victory for——the Southern Democrats.

* * *

"Russia", announces the British Minister of Transport, "will get the war supplies Britain has promised her, whatever be the strain on Britain."

How very recklessly generous!

* * *

The Berlin correspondent of a Swedish paper says that the Germans are still 60 miles from Moscow.

Why was the statement allowed to go?

* * *

China has threatened that in the event of a Japanese invasion of Yunnan from Indo-China, she will bomb military objectives in Indo-China.

We confidently expect Admiral Decoux to react with all his military might and resources to such unprovoked, unwarranted and wanton aggression.

* * *

General Huntziger, the Vichy War Minister, charged especially with the defence of North Africa, has been killed in a plane crash.

Apart from sympathising with the family of the deceased, we reserve speculation as to whether the Admirable Darlan is bereaved or relieved.

* * *

A dapper little man applied for a separation order to be made out against his wife on the ground of cruelty. When asked if he could prove his case he replied, meekly:

"One night I dreamt I won a big lottery and the following morning my wife nearly killed me for not putting it in the bank before I woke up."

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

He's an exceptional egotist who can make his "I's" behave.

* * *

No man can hope to be happily married unless he is a good listener.

* * *

In times of peace the wise nation makes strenuous preparations for more peace.

* * *

A few people are envied because of their wisdom; many because of their wealth.

* * *

It isn't what a man doesn't know that worries him, but what he knows others know he doesn't know.

* * *

Every time a married man says he is free from worry and care other married men give him the merry grin.

U.S. NEUTRALITY BANS TORPEDOED

American Navy Free To Sweep Nazis Off The Seas

CHORUS OF APPROVAL TO DRAMATIC DECISION

Hitler Will See Writing On The Wall, Says Canadian Premier

LONDON, Nov. 14.

The American Neutrality Act Amendment Bill approved by the House of Representatives last night is expected to be signed by President Roosevelt on Monday. Messages from Washington indicate that no time is to be lost in putting the Bill into effect.

NEUTRALITY BANS SCRAPPED

WASHINGTON, Nov. 14.

After an eleventh hour intervention by President Roosevelt the House of Representatives dramatically gave Congressional approval by an 18 votes majority to legislation scrapping Neutrality Act bans against the arming of American merchantmen and sending them to combat zones.

The voting was 212 against 194.

The final tabulation showed 189 Democrats, 22 Republicans and Farmer Labourite voted for the Bill, while 53 Democrats, 137 Republicans, one Farmer Labourite and three Progressives voted against the Bill.

Of the Democrats voting "no" only 11 southerners and the southern bolt was not so large as administration leaders had feared.

There is no certainty how many negative votes were due to the strike situation.

Immediately after the voting speaker Rayburn signed the Bill clearing the way for its dispatch to the White House for the President's signature.

Armed Ships May Sail Anywhere Now

Armed United States Merchantmen may now sail the seas anywhere in the world.

The measure was passed last week by the Senate by 50 votes to 37. It will therefore become law as soon as President Roosevelt has appended his signature to it.

Before the Senate vote the House of Representatives had passed a revision measure limited to permission for arming United States merchantships.

Before this measure was debated in the Senate, however, United States destroyer 'Reuben James' was sunk off Iceland by U-boat and Senate Foreign Relations Committee decided to include in it the proposal for the removal of the clause prohibiting United States ships from entering combat zones and belligerent ports.

Wise Decision

The Secretary of State Mr. Cordell Hull, commented on the result that it "was an exceedingly wise and timely decision". He stated that Navy Department plans were ready to proceed forthwith with the arming of Merchantmen.

Willkie's Comment

NEW YORK:—Declaring that the passing of the Neutrality Act revision bill was gratifying, Mr. Wendell Willkie in a statement says that the close vote "gave a false impression of the true sentiments in America towards the policy of aggressive aid for the Democracies and America's intent to maintain her right to the freedom of the seas."—Reuter.

Writing On The Wall

OTTAWA:—The Canadian Prime Minister, Mr. MacKenzie King, gave Reuter the following comment on the United States' 'Congress' decision to revise the Neutrality Act, "it means immediate increased effective assistance to the countries resisting aggression and increased power of the forces of freedom and the defence of freedom everywhere! It is a complete recognition of the deepening interdependence of the United States and the British Commonwealth. It will be seen by Hitler as the writing on the wall, the spelling of the doom of the Axis powers."

Momentous Voting

The momentous vote—212 to 194—came after the speaker Rayburn in a supreme effort to avoid a major defeat for the administration's foreign policy descended to the wall of the House to read a letter from President Roosevelt in reply to one sent to him by Mr. Rayburn and Mr. McCormack, the Democratic leader.

The Rayburn-McCormack letter asked what effect the failure of the House to take favourable action on the amendments already passed by the Senate would have upon United States policy positions in foreign countries especially Germany.

President Roosevelt made it perfectly clear that failure would bolster the aggressive steps and intentions of Germany and other aggressor nations and would be definitely discouraging to the British Empire China and Russia.

Tension prevailed in the closing hours of debate as influential republicans joined the Democratic leadership in appeals for passage of the legislation.

President's Letter

President Roosevelt in a letter to the Speaker of the House of Representatives said that the failure of Congress to repeal the Neutrality Act restrictions would bolster the aggressive steps and intentions of Germany and other aggressor nations and would definitely be discouraging to the British Empire, China and Russia.

The President told Mr. Rayburn and Mr. McCormack at the beginning of the letter that he had not thought of expressing to the House his views on the amendments, but in view of their letter he was replying simply and clearly as he knew.

He recalled his message to Congress on October 9 when he definitely recommended the arming of merchant ships and the removal of the ban on sending ships flying the American flag to belligerent ports.

"Both I regarded of extreme importance—the first I called of immediate importance at that time. Another month has gone by and the second I regard today as of at least equal importance with the first."

President Roosevelt's letter further said, "The world is obviously watching the course of this legislation. In the British Empire China and Russia—all of which are fighting a defensive war against invasion—the effect of a failure of Congress to repeal sections two and three of the Neutrality Act would be definitely discouraging.

I am confident that it would not destroy their defence or morale though it would weaken their position from the point of view of food and munitions".

Sections two and three of the Neutrality Act forbid American ships to enter belligerent ports and combat zones

Ultimate Victory Insured

The action of the House of Representatives in passing amendments to the Neutrality Act "insures in my judgment that the war efforts of the British Commonwealth, China and Russia hold out a greatly increased promise of ultimate victory" said Col. Knox adding, "It also insures that both ships and men will be available to deliver defence aid materials at those points and in such volume as to aid materially in assuring victory for those who fight against Hitler and his attempted domination of the world."

Rapid Expansion Of U. S. Sea And Air Activities

A general and rapid expansion of American activity along the sea and air routes to Britain is expected in authoritative quarters in Washington to follow the revision of the Neutrality Act.

The Secretary for the Navy, Col. Knox, on Thursday night strongly indicated the scope of the enlarged operations. He declared that the House action meant that the United States itself could now determine how its merchant men could be used to get war supplies to any part of the world "where they can usefully be employed."

In other quarters the probable steps in expansion of operations were said to include: Firstly extension of naval and air patrols and convoy escorts rest of the way across the Atlantic to the British Isles; Secondly the establishment of United States' bases in the British Isles and of joint Anglo-American lease, as necessary of bases already there; Thirdly operation of convoys through Gibraltar to British Mediterranean ports thereby cutting the time for deliveries to Egypt; Fourthly delivery by the United States army of bombers across the Atlantic to Britain which would be an extension of the army's present inland ferry command.

Colonel Knox said that at the moment the United States was the only country which could supply crews for the huge number of merchantmen now being built in the United States.

"Britain is already suffering from a shortage of manpower particularly men available for service at sea." The Navy is all set to start placing guns with crews aboard merchantmen as soon as President Roosevelt signs the Bill.

It is reported that some merchantmen are already armed. The expansion will repeat armed.

It is expected that it will take four months to arm all the ships. The Maritime Commission is ready to extend its routes for commercial operations for the first time since the war began.

JAPANESE CAB NET MEETING

(Continued from page 1)

some weeks, Mr. Koh Ishii, Deputy Spokesman of the Information Board, made the following comment this morning on the recent speeches by British and American statesmen:—

"I do not know what their intentions were, but anyway they have again enjoyed an amazing freedom of speech."

Mr. Ishii was silent when asked what the Japanese Government's attitude was to these speeches, but said that he believed that an official statement would be available before the formal opening of the Diet

Mr. Ishii refused to make any comment on the visit of Sir Robert Craigie, the British Ambassador, to the Japanese Foreign Office early this week.

Japanese Cabinet Meets

The Japanese Cabinet met at 9 A.M. to-day at the official residence of the Prime Minister, General Tojo, who explained the Bill which is to be introduced to strengthen anti-aircraft defence.

The Minister of Commerce and Industry, Mr. Kihi, outlined a Bill for the development of industry and the Minister of Finance, Mr. Kaya, made a statement on supplementary estimates for the financial year 1941.

Task For Diet

The nature of the special Diet session opening on Sunday was indicated by the Cabinet decision on Friday for request for 3,809 million Yen additional military appropriations, besides 515 million in general account both for the remaining four months of the current year.

Japan is now preparing for a military outlay nearly thrice that deemed necessary last spring when her biggest war budget in history was approved.

Well-informed quarters consider that the United States Neutrality revision is certain to aggravate the situation both in the Atlantic and the Pacific according to the Domei Agency. It is deemed to be approval of President Roosevelt's war policies.

China Threatens To Bomb Indo-China

China would bomb Indo-China if the Japanese were to launch attack on Yunnan, the Chinese province through which the Burma Road runs, declared a Chinese military spokesman at Thursday afternoon's press conference.

The bombing, he added, would only be directed against military objectives.

China Determined To Regain Lost Territories

Marshal Chiang-Kai-Shek will make no peace with Japan which does not include restoration of 'status quo" in the Manchurian provinces, said General Ma Chan Shan, famous for his many battles against the Japanese in Manchukuo, in an interview with the local Chinese press at Yulin, North Shansi.

Ma who was recently appointed Governor of Heilungkiang provinces, explained that Marshal Chiang-Kai-Shek has personally expressed to him China's determination to recover her lost territories in Manchukuo.

So long as this objective was not obtained, China would keep on fighting.

Beginning Of The End?

NEW YORK, NOV. 14.

MR. ULRIC BELL, CHAIRMAN OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF THE FIGHT FOR FREEDOM COMMITTEE HAS DECLARED: "THIS IS THE BEGINNING OF THE END FOR HITLER. HE WILL HAVE TO FIGHT BACK NOW. THIS WILL WIN THE WAR, AND A DECLARATION OF WAR SHOULD FOLLOW".—REUTER.

Release Of Politicals

Mahatma's Statement Upsets Government's Prognosis

NEW DELHI, Nov. 14.

Lobby talks this morning did not reveal any startling development in the situation relating to the release of political prisoners, except that Mahatma Gandhi's statement has caused fresh doubts in the minds of those who from the beginning have been sceptical as to the beneficent effect of the gesture.

Some members point out that if the Satyagrahi prisoners come out only to continue their old plan of campaign unchanged, then Government's position would be undoubtedly awkward but they expressed the opinion that that should not be a compelling reason for an abandonment of the Government's task.

The whole situation 'vis-a-vis' Mahatma Gandhi's statement, according to Lobby information, has been examined afresh, and the decision of the Government, which is expected to be favourable, will be ready for announcement during the debate on this subject early next week.

It is understood that necessary references are in the meanwhile being made to the Secretary of State.—A. P.

POLITICALS' RELEASE

(From Our Correspondent).

NEW DELHI, Nov. 14.

An important meeting of the Viceroy's Council, last evening is understood to have reviewed the situation with reference to Gandhiji's statement.

Lobby talk shows the attitude of the Indian members of Government to the question of release of political prisoners remains unchanged. One member of Government is reported to have merely said, Gandhiji's statement has added to their difficulties Still the general impression is, Viceroy's Council will not, by reason of Gandhiji's statement modify its previous proposals for release of political prisoners.

In the course of the interview, Sardar Sant Singh explaining the nationalist position said Gandhiji's statement should make no difference to Government's policy. He said the release of political prisoners was necessary to create proper atmosphere in the country to enable Congress leaders to meet and review the situation and facilitate proposed efforts of Indian members of Government for ending the political deadlock. He however insisted that all political prisoners should be released—Satyagrahis as well as others.

It is understood, consultations are still going on with two or three Provincial Governments regarding certain classes of political prisoners.

Sir Roger Leaves For Bombay

PESHAWAR, Nov. 14.

His Excellency Sir Roger Lumley, Governor of Bombay, left for Bombay this morning by the Frontier Mail after a stay of one week in the Frontier Province.—A. P.

ORIGINAL HOME OF ARYANS

President Differs From Lecturer's Deductions

Speaking on "Original Home of the Aryans" under the auspices of the Historical Society at the Prince of Wales Museum on Friday evening, Mr. S. D. Gyani, Professor of Indian History at the Bharatiya Vidhya Bhavan, Andheri, expressed the opinion that in the light of the evidence available India could not but be the "original home" of the Aryans. The argument regarding the presence of Indus Valley Civilization in India, said the speaker, fell flat when it was realised that there was no difficulty if that civilization was assigned to the post-Vedic period. Mr. R. K. Prabhu presided.

The earlier philologists, said the speaker, assigned the Aryans to certain parts of Asia, mostly Central Asia, while anthropologists and subsequent philologists depending on linguistic paleontology took them to various countries in Europe. These scholars, said the speaker, could not realise the futility of their arguments when they asserted identity of language, implied identity of race, or visualised with the aid of words common to certain languages of the so-called "Aryan family" the original habitat of the Aryans.

Neither could the speaker agree with the Europen Indologists who assigned the ancient Aryans to some of the European countries, for which, according to him, not a single tinge of evidence existed.

On the contrary, said the speaker, the very existence of these Aryans, and whatever stood for Aryan culture, was known to the world through sources purely Indian. In the light of modern researches it could be said that it was through India that the Aryan culture spread towards the West, as a result of the missing zeal and conquests of the Aryans, the sons of the soil. That was how one could explain the traces of the Aryan influence on the religion, mythology, language, and culture of the West. Even the Rigveda gave an inkling of that cultural conquest of the Aryans when it commended them to "Aryanise the whole universe."

PRESIDENT DIFFERS

Mr. Prabhu thanking the lecturer for his masterly exposition of the "original home of the Aryans", said that he could not agree with him on the subject. As a student of Vedas, he had come to the conclusion that the late Lok. Tilak had found a correct key to the solution, concluded Mr. Prabhu.

Will Govt. Give Them Permission?

NEW DELHI, Nov. 14.

Mr. Satyanarain Singh, Chief Whip of the Congress Party in the Central Assembly and Sardar Mangal Singh M.L.A. (Central) had another interview with Sir Reginald Maxwell, Home Member, in connection with Deoli hunger-strike.

It is understood that they saw the Home Member to-day for obtaining permission for certain people to go to Deoli to persuade the hunger-strikers to give up the strike.

It is expected that permission will be given.—A. P.

No Repatriation Of Madras Detenus

MADRAS, Nov. 14.

Two detenus from Madras, namely, Mr. A. S. K. Iyengar and Mr. S. V. Ghate, are detained in Deoli Camp and the Government, it is stated, have at present no proposal to ask for their repatriation to Madras.—A. P.

Released From Deoli Camp

DELHI, Nov. 14.

Lala Deshbandhu Gupta, M.L.A. Punjab has received a telegram stating that Master Kabul Singh, M.L.A., Punjab, was released unconditionally from Deoli Camp to-day.—A. P.

Six Khaksars Arrested

LAHORE, Nov. 14.

Six Muslims who were fasting since yesterday in front of the Punjab Assembly Chamber in sympathy with Allama Mashriki, the Khaksar leader, were arrested this afternoon under the Defence of India Rules.—A. P.

Red Army Regains Initiative

(Continued from page 1)

small town "K" and the railway junction "N". Soviet troops opened fire from a forest on the advancing Italian column. The Italians took to their heels taking their wounded with them. At the same time Red Army units counter-attacked another Italian column forcing them to retreat. The Italians in two days' fighting in this sector lost 1,100 killed and 1,400 wounded.

In the north Soviet troops continue vigorously to harass the German forces who are still bringing up reserves inapparent preparation for a new large scale offensive on Moscow.

Desertions From Nazi Lines

Within the last 24 hours Soviet troops have ousted the Germans from twenty villages in the Kalinin area.

This operation has resulted in checking the German offensive launched on Wednesday with two divisions against the right flank of the Soviet troops around Kalinin. Soviet operations were particularly successful, states the Official Soviet News Agency, in the Zarechie area which is a German base of operations. The Germans were turned out of five villages by dashing cavalry attacks. Fighting was continued throughout the night the Germans sustaining big losses.

There have been cases of German desertion to the Russian line in this area.

Hand-To-Hand Fighting

Stubborn fighting continues on some other sectors of the Moscow Front. At Mojaisk, however, says the "Red Star" war correspondent this morning, there has only been reconnoitring activity on both sides and Soviet troops are firmly holding their lines here. All day fighting has resulted in clearing the eastern bank of the River Nara in Maloyaroslavetz of German troops who, sustaining heavy losses in men and arms, were driven back to the western bank of the river.

In hand-to-hand fighting in this area Red Army troops dislodged the Germans from a fortified height, states the Moscow radio today. German casualties amounted to one battalion of infantry and they abandoned numerous machine-guns and trench mortars.

Despite the unfavourable weather on the Moscow Front, the Soviet Air Force continues to be active by day and night. The "Red Star" reports that during the past 24 hours it has been raiding enemy aerodromes and troops concentrations. The correspondent adds that fresh German tank units have arrived in the Volokolamsk Sector. There is no news since midnight about the position in the Tula area.

Battle Of River Oka

In the past three days, however, the German 19th and 31st Infantry Divisions have made fifteen attempts to force a crossing of the River Oka in the north-west subsector of the Tula region, telegraphs Reuter's correspondent at Kuibyshev. The Soviet forces maintained a brilliant defence retiring only a slight distance when further German troops were thrown in. They then counter-attacked and the Germans were thrown back southward to the Rogozhinsky workers settlement, five miles from the town. The Germans are now on the defensive, but the battle is still stubborn and Soviet bombers are striking hard at the German reserves moving up.

In the Narofominsk and other sectors the situation is satisfactory, the Red Armies still constructing fortifications in expectation of a fresh German assault.

Nazis Thrown Back In Murmansk

In the Murmansk area tactical fighting continues. Soviet troops, says the Soviet Official News Agency, have captured several important strategic heights and thrown back the Germans several miles to the right bank of the River "I". A fierce struggle was waged for the possession of the height "N" which the Germans called "Stahlhelm". The Germans lost several thousand men in capturing this height during their offensive on Murmansk last September.

They left over 900 officers and men dead in the last few days when the Soviets recaptured the height. Columns of carts carrying the wounded, states the Soviet News Agency, are constantly on the move in the Germans' lines which are kept under a continuous Soviet artillery fire.

Successful Counter-Attack

A successful counter-attack was carried out by Soviet Infantry assisted by the Red Army Air Force on the left flank of the Leningrad Front, says the Moscow radio today. After a short engagement a German fortified post surrendered, many other machine-gun nests and defence works were destroyed and big casualties inflicted on the Germans.

Growing Discontent In Germany

The Soviet midday communique states: "During the night of November 13, our troops fought the enemy on all fronts."

A Soviet supplementary communique at midday reports successful local Soviet actions on the North-western Front where three German regiments were routed after fierce fighting, while on one sector of the Leningrad Front German earthworks and fortifications were destroyed.

Growing dissatisfaction inside Germany about the Russian war is shown in letters from home found on German prisoners, the supplementary communique adds.

Berlin's Silence

STOCKHOLM: The Germans are reported here to have concentrated large quantities of war material and very large numbers of aircraft for operations in the Crimea.

Meanwhile, on the other fronts the Germans are maintaining absolute silence except to assert that the Russians are now using cavalry on the Moscow Front.

Photographs in the Swedish press vividly convey the appalling swampy nature of the ground on this front.

Sequel To Escape Of 'Wanted Man'

BOMBAY, Friday.

Sewaram Sanerandas and Hiralal Megandas, who are alleged to have helped a "wanted" man to escape from the clutches of the police, were presented before Mr. Reginald Mathalone, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade, to-day.

Pending further inquiries the two men were enlarged on bail.

Owner "Responsible For House Collapse"

The case of house collapse at Teli Monalia on the 28th September 1941 when six persons were injured and two children Mahrunissa (10 and Mariumbai (1) daughters of Syed Fida Hussein died due to the catastrophe came up before Rao Bahadur V. N. Athavle, City Coroner, Bombay for final verdict.

By a majority of 4 to 1, the jury was of the opinion that Gulam Mohommad Abdul Aziz the owner of the house was responsible for its collapse, in that he neglected to keep it in a tenantable condition, seeing that it was a very old building.

Regarding the death of the children the jury was unanimously of the opinion that the death of Mahrunissa was due to shock from rupture of liver and laceration of right lung and that Mariumbai which occurred in Teli Mohalla was due to fracture of the base of skull, the injuries to both the deceased children were the result of the collapse of the house in Teli Mohalla, Nagapada.

Woman Dictator Offers Satyagraha

(From A Correspondent)

NASIK, Nov. 14.

Mrs. Kamalbai Janorkar, Dictator, City Congress Committee and Provincial worker of Congress Mahilasangh, the only woman Satygrahi selected by Mahatmaji in Mahrashtra in the fourth batch offered Satyagraha this morning by shouting anti-war slogans in Panchwati and other places.

Seven "Amicus Curiae" Cases

LAHORE, Nov. 14.

Seven "Amicus Curiae" petitions have been filed by the High Court Bar Association in connection with sentences passed on Congress workers of the districts of Jullundur, Multan and Campbellpur for offering individual civil disobedience.

These workers were convicted under the Defence of India Rules and sentenced to various terms of imprisonment.—United Press.

Two City Women Satyagrahis Released

POONA, Nov. 14.

Two women Satyagrahi prisoners, both from Bombay were released to-day from the Yeravda jail after completing their terms of imprisonment.—A. P.



RUDOLPH HESS

What was the mystery behind his flight to England?

Lid Off HESS Mystery!

—Another "LAST PAGE" Scoop,

in to-morrow's Sunday edition of

The Bombay Chronicle

SUNDAY, NOV. 16



The Half-Column "By Dim"

Another letter which I reproduce:
Dear Dim.

The following quotation from "Daily Mirror's" caustic Cassandra, coming in the wake of the liberal extracts from a leading article in the "Economist" published two weeks ago in the "Bombay Chronicle", should assis. you to throw some more light on how democracy works in the Land of Hope and Glory:—

"The South Midlothian Unionist Association recently wrote to Captain Ramsay and said that they had no option but to call upon him to resign.

Captain Ramsay promptly replied that it was a matter for the House of Commons to decide, and he did not feel entitled to prejudice the issue by any such premature step as resignation of his seat at this juncture.

Much sympathy will be extended to the South Midlothian Unionist Association for their continued representation (or lack of representation) by an M.P., who cannot be trusted with his liberty and who has been exposed in the most unsavoury light in the High Courts of Justice.

That sympathy is entirely misplaced.

Why was Capt. Ramsay ever selected by the Midlothian Unionists as their candidate?

Because, regardless of his real and true abilities (recently revealed) he was on paper, the "right sort" of candidate.

Rich, well-born, educated at Eton and Sandhurst. A guardman and a member of the Carlton Club.

...

Perfect.

And did those qualifications count with the South Midlothian Unionist Assn.? What "else" did?

As in scores of other Conservative Associations, a record like this is practically a free ticket to the House of Commons. When the free ticket takes the bearer on to Brixton Gaol—then the cheering sponsors squeal with rage and mortification .....Did they (S.M.U.A.) trouble to look the character of the Captain elsewhere than can be found on page 2594 of Who's Who? If they did, they were singularly ill-equipped to judge character, and as such were unfitted to adopt any candidate.

If they din't, then they have nothing to beef about."—Yours etc.,
C. R. NAIR.

* * * *

Lunched yesterday with the American Consul. I thought it would be an excellent opportunity to get many things cleared up for me, but you know how Consuls are—elusive and diplomatic — I really didn't get what I went there for!!

* * *

I was talking to a Chinaman who came selling silk as they do. He was an interesting fellow and constantly went off at a tangent in conversation. Everytime he got a moment's pause from the price of silk he spoke of the war. Then suddenly he volunteered the information. "Japan in one year finish". So to humour him I asked: "And Germany?" John was pleased. At last I had asked him something more intellectual than the price of his silk: "Germany—two years—finish". So to amuse myself more I asked: "And Britain?" "Ah!" said John. "Britain—no fight, no finish"

You give us the order and we will deliver the books.

A new stock has just been received.

New Book Co.
Hornby Road, BOMBAY.

New Shah On Iran's Policy

TEHERAN, November 13

The New Shah, of Iran today opened the Parliament which is shortly expected to ratify the treaty of alliance with Britain and Russia.

The new Shah in his speech said that Iran's policy was particularly close co-operation with the Powers with whom her interests bore special relations.—Reuter.

MILL WORKER'S SUICIDE

On the 12th mid-night Ramachandra Dhaku aged 60 years, a mill worker who was suffering long from asthma was found lying at the top of the staircase of a chawl, Elphinstone Bridge, with a stab-wound in his abdomen and a knife was also found lying near him.

FUND FOR INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH

Commerce Member On Possibility Of Producing New Internal Combustion Engines In India

NEW DELHI, November 14.

The Assembly in the afternoon passed Sir Ramaswami Mudaliar's resolution for the constitution of an industrial research fund.

Mr. M. S. Aney, Leader of the House, announced that the agenda for the meetings on Monday and Tuesday would be consideration of the Council of State amendment to the Mines Maternity Benefits' Bill ,he Indo-Ceylon Agreement the Public Accounts Committee's report and Mr. Joshi's resolution on political prisoners. In case there was no time on Monday to take up the Public Accounts Committee report, it would be dropped, and the whole of Tuesday would be devoted to Mr. Joshi's resolution.

The Assembly adjourned till Monday.

While the debate on Mr. N. M. Joshi's resolution recommending the release of political prisoners will begin in the Assembly on Monday immediately after the disposal of the motion for consideration of the Indo-Ceylon Joint Report, the latest lobby indications are that the official spokesman will reply on resumption of the debate on Tuesday.

PROCEEDINGS IN DETAIL

Continuing the debate on Sir Andrew Clow's Bill to regulate the extent to which railway property shall be liable to taxation imposed by an authority within a province, the Central Assembly this morning accepted an agreed amendment to provide that the adjudicating authority in case of dispute between local administration and railways shall fix the assessment having regard to "the services rendered to the railways and all other relevant circumstances of the case. The bill was passed without further amendment.

The House then passed Sir A Ramaswami Mudaliar's bill further to amend the Indian Companies' Act of 1913, and his bill further to amend the Trades Marks Act of 1940, and also Sir Andrew Clow's motion to refer to a select committee the bill further to amend the Motor Vehicles' Act of 1939.

Excess grants to regularise actual expenditure incurred in excess of voted grants in the year 1939-40 were voted, including one amounting to just over six crores of rupees transferred to the revenue reserve fund.

INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH

Sir A. Ramaswami Mudaliar moved his resolution recommending that a fund called the industrial research fund for the purpose of fostering industrial development in this country be constituted and that provision be made in the budget for an annual grant of Rs. 10 lakhs to the fund for a period of five years.

Sir A. Ramaswami Mudaliar explained in detail the valuable work done by the Board of Scientific and Industrial Research during the last eighteen months and said that the Government considered that it was time that a seperate fund should be constituted for scientific and industrial research to place it on an independent and permanent footing.

INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINES

The Commerce Member referred to the misapprehension caused by the statement made elsewhere on the question of the production of internal combustion engines in India. It was a fact, he said, that these engines had been produced for some time in the country by one or two private firms and also by the railway workshops but they were internal combustion engines which used not petrol but oil. Internal combustion engines in which petrol was used had not been produced in this country, as far as Government's information went. Under the auspices of the Scientific and Industrial Research Board a committee under the chairmanship of Mr. J. C. Mahindra had been set up to examine the question of producing this class of internal combustion engines, and from the latest indications it was hoped that within a short time the Committee would be able to complete its investigations and tell India, the world that these engines could be produced in this country.

Two amendments to the resolution were moved. Mr. Jamnadas Mehta wanted to add the words "with special reference to the establishment of heavy industries" and Dr. Bannerji asked for an increase of the Governments contribution to Rs. 25 lakhs.

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, while he welcomed and appreciated the efforts made by the Commerce Member for the industrial progress of the country, declared that all industries, big or small, really depended on machinery which present was being imported from foreign countries. He was not moving his amendment in any spirit of rivalry or opposition but he merely sought to lay special emphasis on the need for developing the heavy industries.

Mr. Hussein Bhai Laljee asked the Commerce Member to see that new industries established in this country during the present war were not allowed to dwindle after the war, as had been the case with many Indian industries after the last war.

Sardar Sant Singh strongly supported Mr. Jamnadas Mehta's amendment and declared that all industries depended on machinery and India must be able to manufacture all the machinery she wanted. He urged that in the utilisation of the results of the research carried out by the Board, first preference should always given to Indian capital and Indian industry and foreigners should not be allowed to benefit from them.

After the Commerce Member's reply, the amendments were withdrawn and the resolution was passed without a division.—A. P

Indians In Malaya

Kunzru's Resolution For Council Of State

NEW DELHI, Nov. 14

Steps to protect the legitimate rights of Indian nationals in Malaya and support for efforts of Indian workers on rubber plantations in Malaya to improve their living conditions and secure higher wages are urged by Pandit H. N. Kunzru in a resolution admitted by the President, Council of State.

Mr. V. V. Kalikar has a resolution recommending acceleration of the pace of Indianisation of the Royal Indian Navy.—A.P

SIX KHAKSARS ON HUNGER-STRIKE

LAHORE, November 14.

Six Khaksars in uniform and badges who were arrested last night under the Defence of India Rules, while making demonstrations before the Assembly Chamber, sympathising with Allama Mashriqui, their leader, who is reported to be on hunger-strike in Vellore Jail, announce their decision to be on hunger-strike till their leader is released.—United Press.

'Hindustan Times' Editor Convicted

(Continued from Page 14)

the head of the Executive, was interfering with the course of justice in the lower counts inasmuch as the persons asked by the Judge under orders from the Chief Justice to contribute money would have no alternative but to comply; otherwise, they might incur the disfavour of the Judge to their own detriment. The probable effect of the news item and the editorial comment would be to impair the authority of the High Court, to lower its dignity and its prestige and seriously to shake public confidence in the administration of justice. The publication of the editorial comment calculated to have this effect was a clear contempt of court and it was unnecessary to quote authority. Mr. Gandhi had said that his motive was otherwise. It was "to maintain the reputation of the High Court and the purity of the administration of justice".

The question of motive, Their Lordships said, was irrelevant. What the court had to consider was the effect or probable effect of the publication.

In the present case Their Lordships said contempt has been committed by the respondents Mr. Singhal sent information which was probably founded either on his own inference from what took place in court or on a suggestion from other persons, and he had endeavoured to defend his action by giving evidence which Their Lordships were unable to accept as true. As regards the editorial staff Their Lordships were prepared to accept the statement of Mr. Gandhi and of Mr. Bharadwaja that up to then they had had full confidence in Mr. Singhal and had never had reason to suspect the truth or accuracy of his reports. Their Lordships, therefore, acquitted them of malice towards the Chief Justice and said that on the other hand they had erred very grievously in publishing the news item and the editorial comment without any attempt to verify the truth of the remarkable utterance by the Judge, which had been reported to them and without enquiring what the source of their correspondent's information was. In their letter of August 10 they said to Mr. Singhal that they regarded the matter as being of 'immense importance' and yet notwithstanding, the importance which they attached to the matter, they carelessly published it in their paper without any thought of verification as to the existence of the alleged circular.

Their Lordships said that their case was not so serious as that of Mr Singhal, because they evidently believed that what he reported to them was true, and he inferred therefrom that a circular must have been issued, 'and if they had apologized at the outset,' added their lordships, 'we might have been inclined to take a more lenient view of their offence, but they did not tender any apology to the court. Mr. Gandhi has in effect admitted his error, had admitted that there was no justification in fact for the editorial comment or for the headlines of the news item. He has stated that he is extremely sorry." This may amount to an expression of regret, but it is certainly not an apology—which is the word in the Contempt of Courts Act.

Mr. Bharadwaja had cited in self-justification the activities of the Chief Justice of another High Court who, according to him, had "himself been going about raising war funds and speaking on the subject of war efforts," but he, however, said that that Chief Justice had ever issued instructions to the presiding officers of subordinate courts to collect subscriptions from litigants and others appearing before them, which was the suggestion made in the news item and the editorial comment in the present proceedings. Their Lordships pointed out that the analogy assuming that it would otherwise afford any justification, did not, therefore, in any way assist the editorial staff of the "Hindustan Times."

Sentences

Their Lordships said: "We are of opinion that Mr. Singhal must be committed to prison to purge his contempt. We accordingly sentence him to undergo two months' simple imprisonment. We should also have been inclined to deal in the same manner with the editor and with the publisher and printer, but we take into consideration the fact that they were misled by the confidence which they reposed in their reporter. On the other hand, we do not feel justified in awarding a light sentence of fine, for we are satisfied from the evidence that they have manufactured evidence for the purpose of their defence.

We accordingly sentence Mr. Devadas Gandhi to pay a fine of Rs. 1,000 and we sentence Mr. Devi Prasad Sharma to pay a fine of Rs. 500. If either of them defaults in payment of the fine imposed he shall undergo one month's simple imprisonment.

The respondents will also have to pay the costs of the Government Advocate at the rate of Rs. 80 for each day of the hearing.

The Judgment covered fifty-two typed pages and the whole of it was read out in the court by Their Lordships the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Collister.

GANDHI'S REQUEST

As soon as it was read out Mr. Devadas Gandhi rose in his seat and said: "With the permission of Your Lordships I would like to say a few words. It is a matter of sorrow and pain to me that I have failed to convince this Hon. Court of the truth of the evidence of my eyes and ears and such other evidence which I have produced and in which I have the same belief as I would have in the evidence of my eyes and ears.

Chief Justice: We don't allow from a convicted person an address to the court. Please come to the point.

Mr. Gandhi: The point I wish to make is that in view of the sentence passed on my correspondent, Mr. Singhal, who has not been allowed the option of fine, I choose to avail myself of the sentence of imprisonment awarded to me in default of payment of fine and not to pay the fine.

The Chief Justice said that Mr. Gandhi could consult his counsel. Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru, if he desired.

Sir Tej Bahadur said he had not discussed the matter with his client. Mr. Gandhi said that he had arrived at his decision independently of his counsel and he preferred to go to jail.

Chief Justice: The Judgment has been delivered and the sentence is there. If you do not pay the fine, the alternative sentence is one of imprisonment and the law will have its course.

TIME TO PAY FINE

Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru requested Their Lordships to give two weeks' time for the payment of fine. The court thereupon passed orders allowing two weeks' time for the fine to be paid.

The Court then rose and Mr. Singhal who was sentenced to two months' simple imprisonment was taken into custody.—A.P.

INDIAN TEXTILE LABOUR

(Continued from page 6)

only way of cheapening cloth is to increase the hours of poor labourers! The truth is that the Government is indifferent to the welfare of the workers in upholding the interests of the millowners.

It may be argued that the use of methods of rationalisation is not possible without installing up-to-date machinery and that it is not possible to secure such machinery in wartime. True, methods of rationalisation include the use of up-to-date machinery. But rationalisation also includes the adoption of many other efficiency schemes which play a much more important part. To quote the Bombay Textile Labour Inquiry Committee again: "The machinery must be kept in good condition for smooth working. It is not necessary for rationalisation that the machinery must be new....it is mainly the quality of the raw material that passes through the machinery and not the machinery itself on which the reduction of breakage depends. All that is required is that it must be kept in good working condition." The Committee have recommended a number of efficiency schemes for increasing production, all of which can be put into practice without installing new type of machinery. But the Government have shelved the report of the Committee and are now using philistine methods for increasing production

Overtime

The "communique" issued by the Government states that the workers will be paid overtime for the extra six hours at 1-14 times the ordinary rate of pay. This should not be understood to mean that the Government have given some special overtime rates. Under Section 47 of the Factories Act, the workers are already entitled to pay at the rate of one-and-a-quarter times the ordinary rate, when they work more than 54 hours a week. Taking into consideration the fact that the cost of living is soaring day by day and that the dearness allowance, wherever it has been granted, is not in proportion to the rise in the cost of living, the overtime for the extra six hours in the week should have been at least at one-and-a-half times the ordinary rate. Government have done injustice to the workers in this respect also. Be it noted that in Great Britain at present overtime-hours worked beyond 48 a week is paid at the rate of time and a half. Similar is the case in the U. S. A. and many other countries. It is in Germany, where the working class conditions are bound to be miserable under the Nazi regime, that the overtime rates, as a general rule, are fixed at time and a quarter. It is to be earnestly hoped that the overtime in India will be increased to time and a half, if Government persists in maintaining the increased hours.

(To Be Continued.)

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Why Not Keep YOUNG and Attractive

YOU can keep youthful vigour in your step and a sparkle in your eyes; you can enjoy perfect health, keep fit and look years younger if you follow the golden rule of taking two Bile Beans regularly every night.

Bile Beans clear your complexion and take years off your appearance. So, if you want to be youthful and attractive, remember to take Bile Beans at bedtime.





OVER ONE MILLION BILE BEANS ARE SOLD EVERY DAY

This is how Bile Beans act. Bile Beans are prepared from pure vegetable extracts and therefore can be taken regularly every night with perfect safety. They tone up the digestion, purify the blood and daily remove all food residue; thus improving your health and keeping your figure youthful and attractive.

BILE BEANS

MAKE YOU FEEL YEARS YOUNGER

All Medicine Dealers Sell Bile Beans—Price ONE RUPEE a Bottle

MAKE YOUR KHIR

MORE *NOURISHING*
MORE *DELICIOUS*
WITH *QUAKER OATS*



Quaker Oats is made from grain grown in the sunny oat fields of Canada, where climate and soil combine to produce the most nourishing oats you can buy.



Quaker Oats is not a medicine but a delicious cent per cent food containing nothing objectionable to vegetarians.



Quaker Oats is untouched by human hands throughout the entire process of its preparation.

Prepare your "Khir" the usual way substituting Quaker Oats for rice. You will be surprised how much more delicious it will be. Much more nourishing too, for Quaker Oats abounds in food energy. It refortifies the system, builds resistance, creates new stamina, new strength. Quaker Oats has many times the nutritive value of rice and should be eaten in some form at least once every day.

Quaker Oats is delicious. It has a nut-like flavour that appeals to every one. It is an economical food—a vegetarian food that conforms to all religious dietary laws. Serve Quaker Oats to all your family. Help your children grow up healthy and strong. Give added strength, extra vigour and vitality to your husband and yourself. Buy a tin of Quaker Oats today.

EAT IT *Regularly*



2612

QUAKER OATS

MUTT AND JEFF—Well, You Know You Can't Take 'Em With You — By BUD FISHER



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TUNE up your vitality, put a sparkle into your smile with Iron Jelloids! Energy and good looks belong to those whose blood is rich in iron, for Iron invigorates all the cells of your body —Iron strengthens nerves, muscles, brain, glands—Iron flushes your skin with vivid health. Iron Jelloids, an English preparation, provide Iron in the medicinal form approved by doctors. Start a course of these 'vitality' tablets today!

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Queen's Mansions, Bastion Road, Bombay.

Prices, inclusive of postage:
10 days treatment Rs. 1/2/-
5 weeks treatment Rs. 2/12/-

MORE OIL SUPPLIES FOR SOVIET

LONDON, Nov. 13.

Steps to increase Soviet oil supplies are described in a Tass message from Baku. It says, "New prospecting is being carried out in a large scale in the Baku area. In the district of village Geoksani not far from the coast drillers have started prospecting in an area which, according to experts' opinion would considerably increase the country's oil reserve. One of the drilled wells will reach 3,900 metres in depth and will be the deepest well in the U.S.S.R. The Trusts, Leninneft and Molotovneft, have already drilled many new wells and started their exploitations. These wells have given their first tons of oil in the last few days."

Experts Take Hopeful View

Economic experts in London are taking a much more hopeful view of the Russian industrial situation, according to the "News Chronicle" diplomatic correspondent. The Russians' success in carrying out well planned evacuation of plant, machinery and workers equipment of key factories to areas east of the Volga has improved the position greatly, the correspondent says.

It is now believed that by spring with factories built under a third Five-Year Plan, Russia may be able to replace a substantial part of the loss in armament production caused by the German occupation. It is believed that practically all of the most important key munition factories have been evacuated and in some cases have already re-started production far from bombing range, the correspondent adds.—Reuter.

MIDDLE EAST IN BETTER POSITION

Gen. Blamey On Flow Of Br. And American Tanks

MELBOURNE, November 13.

"General Wavell's socalled miscalculation in the Libyan Campaign meant in effect that his Intelligence Staff was not so good as he thought" declared General Sir Thomas Blamey, Australian Deputy Commander-in-Chief, Middle East, in an interview here today.

"The position in the Middle East is now infinitely better" he added. "British and American tanks have been flowing in for a long time and air support has improved out of all knowledge."—Reuter.

Ramakrishna Mission Flood Relief Work In Gujerat

The Ramakrishna Mission Branch Centre, Khar, Bombay which has been carrying on relief work not only in the whole of Pardi Taluka and part of Dharampur State but also the affected part of Thana District bordering on the river of Damanganga has distributed till last 15th October 1293 Mds. 16 Srs. of corn, 5178 pieces of clothes to the afflicted recipients of as many as 40 villages. An amount of cash help was given to a carpenter to earn his livelihood.

Contribution, however small, in cash, kind cloth or housing materials will be thankfully received by (1) The President Sri Ramakrishna Ashram, Khar, Bombay 21; or (2) The Treasurer of the Mission Mr. F. J. Ginwala, Solicitor, Old French Bank Building Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay; or (3) The Secretary of the Mission Mr D. M. Daru of Messrs. Thakoredas, Daru and Hemani, Alli Chambers, Meadows Street, Fort Bombay; or (4) The Secretary, Sri Ramakrishna Ashram 64, Portuguese Church Street, Dadar, (B. B. and C. I.) Bombay or (5) The Ramakrishna Mission Relief Camp P. O. Vapi Daman Road, Station, (B. B. and C. I.) Surat Dist.

Wakes To Find Land Sold Out Overnight

Purchaser Sentenced To 2 Years' R. I. For Forged Deed

(From Our Correspondent.)

THANA Nov. 13.

How an innocent agriculturist from Ghotsai, Taluka Kalyan arose one morning and found his land sold to a neighbour of his by another agriculturist under a forged sale-deed duly registered at the Kalyan sub-Registry in July of 1939, was revealed in the course of a Sessions trial which concluded yesterday before Mr. A. K. Phadkar, Additional Sessions Judge, Thana, resulting in the conviction of the purchaser, the executant who passed off as the owner of the land and identifier who identified the executant before the sub-Registrar, Kalyan.

The two attestents P. M. Bhagat and J. V. Kale were declared not guilty and were acquitted.

Tukaram Shiva the purchaser was sentenced to 18 months rigorous imprisonment for forgery and six months rigorous imprisonment for an offence under the Indian Registration Act, the sentences ordered to run concurrently.

Pandurang Ganpat, Magar, the executant was awarded one year's rigorous imprisonment for forgery and six months rigorous for an offence under the Registration Act sentences to run concurrently.

Nana Krishna Bhoir, the Kalyan Mamlatdar's peon, who had identified the executant was fined Rs. 100 for an offence under the Registration Act as the above two accused.

Messers D. K. Deshpande, Pleader, Advocate B. D. Gupte, K. R. Kankekar Pleader Kalyan and B. T. Sule Pleader Kalyan defended all the accused while Mr. A. V. Chitre, Assistant Public Prosecutor, Thana was in charge of the Crown case.

SECOND LL.B. EXAM. RESULTS

The following candidates have passed the Second LL.B. Examination:—

SECOND CLASS

Nos.—6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13
19 20 28 31 32 34 39 47 49
63 65 67 166 167 168 175 186
190 194 197 202 210 211 217
220 223 231 235 236 242 244
246 247 249 259 262 322 323
324 325 329 330 336 337 340
341 344 345 350 353 354 358
361 364 365 366 369 374 430
433 435 438 439 452 454 455
456 496 498 501 506 507 527
533 538 541 545 548.

PASS CLASS.

Nos. 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76
77 80 82 83 84 85 86 92 99 100 109
110 114 116 117 121 122 125 130
135 136 146 152 264 266 267 268
269 270 271 272 273 274 278 281
291 297 301 304 305 307 310 313
316 320 389 390 391 392 393 396 398
399 400 402 412 413 415 422 465 466
469 474 478 479 480 481 482 483
486 487 489 513 515 550 551 552 555
556 558 561.

PASSED IN GROUP A ONLY

Nos 15 24 25 41 42 44 45 50 51
66 120 132 133 140 155 163 193 219
224 229 234 238 248 250 254 280 308
348 357 363 371 377 384 388 429 451
520 523 524 536

PASSED IN GROUP B ONLY

Nos. 4 54 58 60 64 89 91 93 97
104 108 112 124 128 149 150 151
181 221 255 282 287 293 295 296
299 318 319 352 370 382 404 407
408 410 419 424 426 459 475 491
493 509 522 525 553 557

The result of Candidate No 531 is reserved.

RUMANIANS RESENT NAZI METHODS

Numerous Cases Of Sabotage In Oilfields & Refinery Plants

LONDON, Nov. 13.

Resentment of the Rumanian population at the manner in which the Germans are assuming control of the country is assuming acute forms, according to a supplement to to-day's Soviet "communique".

A train consisting of tankers was wrecked and caught fire near Ploesti. An explosion and a large fire occurred at an oil refinery plant in Buzau. A considerable quantity of finished oil products was burned. A conflagration raged for several days at oilwells at Targiu Ocnei, which destroyed some thousands of tons of oil. Numerous cases of sabotage are reported in Rumanian oilfields and refinery plants, substantially reducing the amount of oil available to the German army.—Reuter.

DEFENCE EXERCISES IN BALUCHISTAN

QUETTA, Nov. 13.

The Baluchistan air defence exercises concluded this morning with a demonstration of an "aerial attack on an aerodrome. A very large number of military officers and the personnel both of British and Indian units watched the exercises. Sir Aubrey Metcalfe, Agent to the Governor-General in Baluchistan and Lt.-General E. F. Norton, G.O.C. Western Independent District, were also present.—A. P.

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(2) **SOUND MANAGEMENT** and

(3) **POLICY CONDITIONS** and **BONUS CAPACITY.**

●

The "NEW INDIA" can Safely claim to Satisfy all these requirements

●

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HEAD OFFICE:
Esplanade Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

A COPY OF THIS PROSPECTUS HAS BEEN FILED WITH THE REGISTRAR OF JOINT STOCK COMPANIES, JAMMU AND KASHMIR STATE AND WITH THE REGISTRAR OF JOINT STOCK COMPANIES, BENGAL

PROSPECTUS OF

SHREE YUVRAJ JAMMU & KASHMIR SUGAR MILLS LIMITED

(Liability of the Members is Limited). (Incorporated under the Jammu and Kashmir Companies Act XI of Samvat 1977)

AUTHORISED CAPITAL ... Rs. 25,00,000

DIVIDED INTO:
5,000 6% Cumulative Preference Shares of Rs. 100 each
1,98,500 Ordinary Shares of „ 10 „
15,000 Founder Shares of „ 1 „

PRESENT ISSUE:
5,000 6% Cumulative Preference Shares of Rs. 100 each Issued @ a premium of „ 1 „
1,00,000 Ordinary Shares of „ 10 „ which are offered for public subscription.

15,000 Founders Shares of Re. 1/- each are to be issued to Messrs Karam Chand Thapar & Bros., Ltd., credited as fully paid up with a view to reimburse them for the expenses incurred and in consideration of the services rendered by them in connection with this Kashmir Sugar Mills project.

In terms of Clause 2 of the Agreement with His Highness' Government of Jammu and Kashmir, 49% of each of Ordinary and Preference Share Capital, issued as above, is reserved for subscription by the State subjects of Jammu and Kashmir State for a period of 3 months, after the date of issue of this Prospectus. In case the State subjects do not take up the full 49% of the Ordinary and Preference Share Capital, referred to above, reserved for them, the balance of 49% remaining unsubscribed within the aforesaid period would be issued to the applicants, other than State Subjects.

The Company is also issuing in addition to the Share Capital mentioned above, 1,000 5% Mortgage Debentures of Rs. 500/- each.

These Debentures will be secured by a Trust Deed constituting, a first charge on the lands, buildings and machinery of the Company, and with a floating charge on all other assets (both present and future) of the Company, but not its stocks or stores, either present or future, of raw materials, sugar, sugar products, molasses and other bye-products, chemicals and other stores, and shall be redeemable after 7 years from the date of their issue with option to the Company to redeem them at any time after 5 years from the date of their issue on giving 3 calendar months' notice of its intention so to do. The debentures are being issued at a premium of 1%. The Debentures would be bearer bonds and carry interest at 5% per annum, the interest being payable half-yearly.

THE FULL ISSUE OF DEBENTURES AS ALSO OF THE ORDINARY AND PREFERENCE SHARES CAPITAL HAVE BEEN UNDERWRITTEN.

RIGHT IN RESPECT OF PREFERENCE, ORDINARY AND FOUNDER SHARES.

The Articles provide that the Preference Shares shall have the right to a Preferential Cumulative Dividend (income-tax free) at 6% per annum on the capital for the time being paid thereon and shall have the further right to participate in the profits available for dividend to the extent of 20% of the surplus of such profits remaining after payment of 12% dividend each on Ordinary and Founder shares for that year, but so that the dividend payable on Preference Shares shall not in respect of any one year exceed the maximum 8% inclusive of 6% Preferential Cumulative Dividend. The said Preference Shares shall further confer the right in winding up to the payment of arrears of Preferential fixed dividend, whether declared or not upto the commencement of winding up, and the amount of capital paid up, in priority to the Ordinary and Founders Shares but shall not confer any further right to participate in the profits or assets of the Company. The Ordinary and Founder Shares shall rank 'pari passu' for dividend purposes and rights in winding up.

The right of voting in the General Meeting is 'one' vote for every Ordinary and Founders Share, the Preference Share having no voting right.

DIRECTORS:

1. LALA KARAM CHAND THAPAR, Managing Director,
   Karam Chand Thapar & Bros., Ltd.,
   5, Royal Exchange Place, Calcutta.
   Director of Karam Chand Thapar & Sons. Ltd., Shree Gopal Paper Mills Ltd., Shree Sitaram Sugar Co., Ltd., Deoria Sugar Mills, Ltd., Calcutta Credit Corporation Ltd., Jay Engineering Works Ltd., Oriental Coal Co., Ltd., Bharat Starch & Chemicals, Ltd., Kasta & Behar Collieries, Ltd., etc., etc. Chairman of Indian Sugar Syndicate, Ltd.
2. SETH HANUMAN PRASAD PODDAR,
   of Messrs. Tarachand Ghansham Das, Bankers,
   119-B, Chittaranjan Avenue, Calcutta.
   Director of Oriental Coal Co., Ltd., Shree Gopal Paper Mills, Ltd., National Rubber Works, Ltd., Karam Chand Thapar & Sons., Ltd., Rawanwara Collieries, Ltd., etc., etc.
3. SETH H. D. DAGA,
   of Messrs. Jawaharmul Daga & Co.,
   Stock & Share Brokers, Calcutta.
   Director of Gaya Electric Supply Co., Ltd., Burdwan Electric Supply Co., Ltd., etc., etc.
4. MR. BRIJ MOHAN THAPAR (Ex-Officio),
   Managing Director,
   Karam Chand Thapar & Bros. (Jammu and Kashmir) Ltd., Jammu.
   Director of Shree Gopal Paper Mills Ltd., Dry Ice & Refrigerators Ltd., Bharat Starch & Chemicals Ltd., Eastern Syndicate Ltd., Karam Chand Thapar & Sons., Ltd., etc., etc.
5. MR. SHAMLAL DOSAJ, Merchant, 3, Cooper Road, Lahore.

BANKERS.
THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LTD.
THE JAMMU & KASHMIR BANK, LTD.

AUDITORS.
S. P. CHOPRA & CO.,
Chartered Accountants, Registered Accountants,
10, Dinga Singh Buildings The Mall, Lahore.

MANAGING AGENTS.
KARAM CHAND THAPAR & BROS. (Jammu & Kashmir) Ltd.
RANBIRSINGHPURA.

BROKERS AND UNDERWRITERS
MUGNEERAM BANGUR & CO.,
Member, Calcutta Stock Exchange Association Ltd.,
7, Lyons Range, Calcutta.

REGISTERED OFFICE:
RANBIRSINGHPURA.

MILLS SITE.
RANBIRSINGHPURA.

PROSPECTUS

1. OBJECTS OF THE COMPANY.—The Company has been formed for the purposes set out in the Memorandum of Association and in particular with the object of establishing and carrying on business of manufacturing sugar and all its bye-products and cultivation and development of sugar cane.

Jammu and Kashmir State under the present rule and administration offers great scope for the development of natural resources of the State. Development in the Sugar Industry in the Indian States has perhaps been slow compared to that in British India as the result of the lead given by the Industrialists in India but the recognition even though late of the possibilities has its own advantages.

The Government of His Highness the Maharaja Bahadur of Jammu and Kashmir State has been pleased to grant a number of concessions to the Company. The details will appear from the Agreement but the more important ones are enumerated hereunder:—

(a) That the import duty on British Indian Sugar shall be maintained for a period of 5 years from the date Company's sugar factory starts working, at a level of -/8/- per maund higher than the rate of excise duty to be imposed on the sugar manufactured at Company's factory.
(b) That at no time the excise duty on the sugar manufactured by the factory shall exceed the import duty on Indian sugar.
(c) That the import duty on foreign sugar other than Indian sugar shall in the minimum be maintained at the same level as is from time to time in force in British India.
(d) That the State Government shall allow the Company to import from British India into their territory free of customs duty, machinery, plant and other equipment required for the proposed Sugar Factory.
(e) Exemption from payment of customs and octroi duty for a period of 10 years, in the first instance, on imports of raw materials, as detailed in the Agreement, required for the bona fide use of the Factory.

The State Government will review the position with regard to concession (a) at the expiry of 5 years in the light of the conditions then prevailing and may, if necessary, extend the period by another 5 years.

Most of the sugar in the State comes from the Western United Provinces. The difference of -/8/- per maund between the Excise and Import duty together with the manufacturing profit, and other advantages assures the possibilities of a reasonable profit for the Company in the very initial stages. It is expected that within 5 years the factory will be thoroughly established and if circumstances remain normal the withdrawal of the advantage of -/8/- per maund between Excise and Import duty may not in any way be expected to affect the earning capacity of the Mills.

The factory site will be close to Ranbirsinghpura on the Sialkot Jammu Line, N.W. Railway which is near to the sugar cane area, irrigated by the canal system. The Government of His Highness, the Maharaja Bahadur of Jammu and Kashmir has very kindly agreed to acquire lands for the factory and seed experimental farms under the State Land Acquisition Act, on application by the Company.

II. AGREEMENT WITH HIS HIGHNESS GOVERNMENT OF JAMMMU & KASHMIR STATE.—His Highness's Government of Jammu and Kashmir State has entered into an agreement with Messrs. Karam Chand Thapar & Bros., Ltd., in which very important concessions have been given by the State Government. The details of the important concessions granted will appear from the paragraph hereinabove referred to.

III. FACTORY:—It is intended to erect a Sugar Factory of latest design by either purchasing the plant of an existing Sugar Mill in India or by procuring the plant from overseas. Negotiations are in progress for acquiring a plant. It is intended to acquire a plant which will have the crushing capacity of at least 500 tons per day and will enable the factory to manufacture 1¼ lacs maunds of sugar per annum.

IV. CANE PROSPECTS:—The cane price as fixed in the agreement with His Highness's Government is 0-4-6 ex. field and 0-4-9 ex. factory gate. The land of Tahsil Sri Ranbirsinghpura, which is suited for sugar cane growing, is expected to be sufficient to meet the requirements of the factory. This area is very fertile and well irrigated and the company will be able to improve the quality of the cane with the assistance of the State Agriculture and Revenue Departments and with the researches in its own seed and experimental farms.

V ESTIMATED CAPITAL COST:—It is estimated that the present investment in machinery, plant, buildings, land etc., will be approximately Rs. 15 lakhs. The balance capital of Rs. 5 lakhs shall be sufficient as working capital of the Company.

VI. ESTIMATED PROFITS:—Taking into consideration the present prices as prevailing in United Provinces and Punjab, the Company on a production of 1¼ lakhs maunds sugar expects to earn a really remunerative profit, after allowing for taxes, depreciation, interest on debentures and all other charges.

VII. PRELIMINARY EXPENSES:—Messrs. Karam Chand Thapar and Bros. Ltd., are the promoters of the Company. The expenses of formation and registration of the Company and the other preliminary expenses exclusive of underwriting commission on sales of shares and debentures are estimated to be not more than Rs. 7,500.

VIII. MINIMUM SUBSCRIPTION:—The minimum subscription upon which the Company shall proceed to allotment is 10,000 Ordinary Shares of the nominal value of Rs. 10/- each. Applications have already been promised or received from the Directors, Managing Agents and their friends for the whole issue of Preference and Ordinary Shares offered to the British Indian subjects in accordance with the Prospectus (i.e., 51 per cent. of the present issue of Preference and Ordinary Share Capital).

IX. CONTRACTS:—The following Agreements will be entered into by the Company:

(a) Agreement with Messrs. Karam Chand Thapar and Bros. (Jammu and Kashmir) Ltd., for appointment as Managing Agents of the Company, the terms of which are referred to in this Prospectus under the head 'Managing Agents.'
(b) Agreement with Messrs. Karam Chand Thapar and Bros. Ltd., Calcutta, being an agreement for reimbursement of all expenses incurred and for services rendered by them, by an allotment of 15,000 shares of Re. 1 each credited as fully paid up.

X. QUALIFICATIONS AND REMUNERATIONS OF DIRECTORS:—The qualification of a Director other than an Ex-officio Director or a Director appointed by special qualifications, is the holding in his own name or jointly with any other person whether as beneficiary or as Trustee, Ordinary Shares of the Company of the nominal value of Rs. 10,000. The remuneration of each Director for his services as such shall be Rs. 50 for each meeting of the Directors attended, first class travelling expenses and an allowance of Rs. 20 per day for the days spent for attending the Directors' Meeting.

The Managing Agents are entitled to nominate one-third of the total number of Directors for the time being. They will be Ex-Officio Directors.

XI. MANAGING AGENTS:—Messrs. Karam Chand Thapar and Bros. (Jammu and Kashmir) Ltd., have been appointed as first Managing Agents of the Company from the date of the incorporation of the Company. They (or their successors or assigns) shall be entitled to remain and continue in the said office (unless it be resigned by them) for twenty-five years from the date of incorporation of the Company and thereafter until they be removed therefrom by an Extraordinary Resolution of the members of the Company entitled to vote, passed at an Extraordinary General Meeting to be convened for the express purpose and of which meeting six months' notice shall be given to each member at his address on the register of members and not by advertisement and at which meeting not less than half the number of holders of both Ordinary and Founders Shares of the Company for the time being issued (such holders being duly entitled to vote) shall be present and not less than 50 per cent., of the paid-up Ordinary and Founder Share Capital of the Company for the time being, be represented.

The Managing Agents shall be entitled to the following remunerations:—

1. An Office allowance of Rs. 1,000/- per mensem.
2. A Commission of 10 per cent. on the net profits of the Company calculated after allowing all the usual charges, interest on loans, and advances, repairs and outgoings, but before charging any depreciation in respect of assets of the Company and without any deduction in respect of Income Tax, Super Tax or any other tax or duty on income revenue or for expenditures on capital account or on account of any sum, set aside, in each year out of the profits, for Reserves or Reserve Fund.
3. A Commission of 1 per cent on all sales relating to the business of the Company.

The said office allowance payable to the Managing Agents shall be exclusive of and shall not include any remuneration, salaries or wages which shall become payable to the Managers, Secretaries, Agents, Clerks, Servants, Workmen, Brokers, Bankers, Solicitors, Auditors, Engineers, Experts or other officers or employees who may be employed by the said Managing Agents for carrying on and conducting the business of the Company nor any rents, taxes, costs, postages, printing or stationery or other office incidentals and expenses of manufacture all of which remuneration and salaries, wages, costs, charges and expenses shall be borne and paid by the Company.

XII. INTEREST OF DIRECTORS:—Mr. Karam Chand Thapar is the Managing Director of Messrs. Karam Chand Thapar and Bros. Ltd., and Mr. Brij Mohan Thapar is the Managing Director of Karam Chand Thapar and Bros. (Jammu and Kashmir) Ltd., and are interested accordingly.

XIII. UNDERWRITING ARRANGEMENTS AND COMMISSION:—The underwriting arrangement has been concluded with Messrs. Mugneeram Bangur & Co., well-known Share & Stock Brokers and Member, The Calcutta Stock Exchange Association Ltd. of 7, Lyons Range, Calcutta. The underwriting commission payable to the underwriters is 2½ per cent in respect of Ordinary Shares and 2 per cent on the nominal value of Preference Shares and Debentures.

The entire issue of Share Capital and the debentures has been underwritten by the Underwriters.

XIV. Copies of Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company and the agreements, referred to above, can be inspected at any time during usual business hours at the Registered Office of the Company or at the Office of the Solicitors of the Company, Messrs. Dutt & Sen, 6, Old Post Office Street, Calcutta.

A copy of the Company's Memorandum of Association is attached.

XV. APPLICATION FOR SHARES:—The amounts payable in respect of Preference and Ordinary Shares and Debentures are as follows:

	per share.
(1) Preference Shares on application	Rs. 51
(2) Preference Shares on allotment	Rs. 50
(3) Ordinary Shares on application	Rs. 5
(4) Ordinary Shares on allotment	Rs. 5
(5) Debentures on application— full amount i.e.	505 Per Debenture.

Applications for Ordinary and Preference Shares and Debentures are to be made on the forms which may be obtained at the Registered Office of the Company or from the Head Office of Messrs. Karam Chand Thapar & Bros., Ltd., and its various Branches, or from the Lahore Head Office and the Calcutta, Jammu and Srinagar Branches of the Punjab National Bank Ltd. or from the Head Office and Branches of the Jammu & Kashmir Bank Ltd. or from the Office of Messrs. Mugneeram Bangur & Co., the Underwriters. Applications are to be sent to the Registered Office or deposited with the above stated offices of Company's Bankers together with the remittance of the amount payable on application. In case where no allotment is made, the deposit will be returned in full and where the number of shares allotted is less than the number applied for, the balance of deposits will be applied toward the amount remaining payable on the shares allotted.

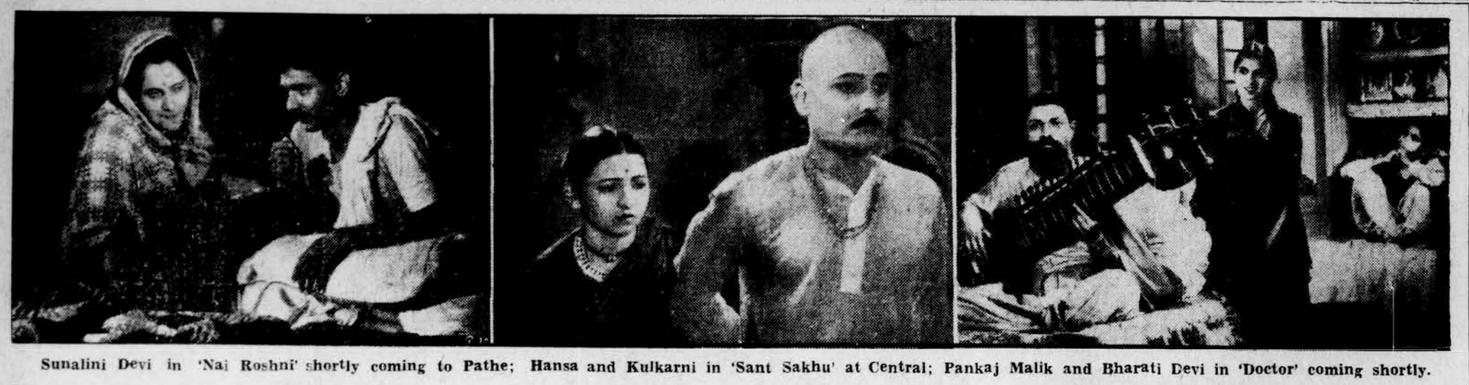
The shares will be issued subject to the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company. A copy of same can be inspected during usual business hours at the Registered Office of the Company or at the Office of the Solicitors of the Company, Messrs. Dutt & Sen, 6, Old Post Office Street, Calcutta.

XVI. For the purposes of subscribers from British India the following further particulars as required by Section 277B of the Indian Companies Act VII of 1913 are given below:—

(a) The objects of the Company are those specified in the Memorandum of Association a copy whereof is annexed to this Prospectus.
(b) The Instrument constituting the Company is the Memorandum of Association and the Articles of Association of the Company and the same can be inspected at the places mentioned in para XIV of the within Prospectus.
(c) The Company was incorporated on 4th October, 1941, in Jammu and Kashmir State pursuant to the provisions of Jammu & Kashmir Companies Act XI of Samvat 1977, which may also be inspected at the places mentioned in para XIV of the Prospectus.
(d) The Company has not established any place of business in British India so far.

HANUMAN PRASAD PODDAR.
HARDEODAS DAGA.
BRIJ MOHAN THAPAR.
KARAM CHAND THAPAR.
SHAMLAL DOSAJ.
Directors.

Dated, 4th October, 1941.



Sunalini Devi in 'Nai Roshni' shortly coming to Pathe; Hansa and Kulkarni in 'Sant Sakhu' at Central; Pankaj Malik and Bharati Devi in 'Doctor' coming shortly.

Satyamurti At Minerva

Tribute To Settings Of 'Sikandar'

Mr. S. Satyamurti, M.L.A., paid a visit to Minerva Studios at Sewri on Wednesday. Owing to a number of engagements on that evening he could not spend more than half an hour at the studios. But even during his short stay he saw the working of the different departments and discussed many aspects of the film industry in general and historical and patriotic pictures in particular with Mr. Sohrab Modi.

While taking leave of Mr. Modi, Mr. Satyamurti congratulated him on the unprecedented success of his greatest historical 'Sikandar' which he had already seen at Madras along with Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar, the ex-Premier of Madras and gave him his parting message to produce more and more patriotic pictures.

Mr. Satyamurti was heard to be speaking very highly of the settings of 'Sikandar', which included the court scenes of both Alexander and Porus, the Persian gardens and buildings, the costume of the people on either side and the surroundings. He considered them as wholly appropriate to the period of the story. He complimented Mr. Rusi Banker, the Art Director of 'Sikandar' on their authenticity.

Minerva is particularly well-known for the settings of its historical films. Even in 'Pukar', the settings were the subject of particular appreciation by all.



Rusi Banker, Art Director of 'Sikandar' at Minerva.

'Sangam' Bears Khandekar Stamp

Romance And Idealism Combined In A Well-Knit Scenario

By T. V. P.

The new Navayug film 'Sangam' released at West End last Saturday unmistakably bears the Khandekar impress. The scenario written by him once again portrays on the screen the conflict between the rich and the poor, this time an Inamdar and his peasant folk. With 'Amrit' so fresh in the minds of the Cinegoers, there is nothing new about the theme of the picture. We get a conflict between the peasants and the landlord and it is attempted to be inculcated on the mind of the audience that such conflicts could be resolved by the oppressors being brought to pay the penalty of their misdeeds, to the benefit of the oppressed.

If there is nothing new about the theme, the atmospuere is different enough to be entertaining. In 'Amrit' we had romance thrown in somehow or other in a story of a serious character. In 'Sangam', the development of love between Mukund and Kunda and its fulfilment is part of the story of social conflict we witness on the screen. Because, of this we have a more continuous, more sustained story, in other words, a better-knit scenario 'Amrit' chiefly succeeded with the cinegoers because of the fine portrayals of their roles by Baburao Pendharkar and Lalita Pawar. Damuanna did not become quite entertaining there. But in 'Sangam' Winayak and Meenakshi have full scope for their talents and they hold our attention throughout the showing of the film. Damuanna also is quite in his element and must share much of the credit of the success of this film.

The hero, Mukund, played by Winayak is typical of the present-day Indian youth. Educated idealist, full of sympathy for the underdog, prepared to face life's difficulties cheerfully and willing to work for the uplift of his fellowmen even when his social and economic position is precarious enough. Winayak, like Ashok Kumar, in 'Naya Sansar' is a representative young Indian, with all his good points and bad. His role as Mukund is very well developed but I fear, we could scarcely say the same about Kunda, played Meenakshi. The girl whose heart is melted at the sight of an old blind woman and who insists on travelling third in the opening scene of the picture is not faithful to the first impression she gives in her later scenes

The Inamdar played by Salvi, who is miscast as a young man wooing the hand of Kunda, is again quite representative of his class in this vast country but the same could not be said of the editor of 'Satpaksha', who if he were a representative Indian editor, the brotherhood of journalists would have been damned for ever. Fortunately for us, he is a bad man and therefore a bad editor and therefore, if anything a specimen, not to be usually found among journalists, who have contributed so greatly to the building up of the Indian nation and the general awakening. I hope, Mr. Khandekar, the scenario-writer does not regard him as typical but exceptional

In Malati Gupte, we have a new face on the Indian screen and she promises to attain prominence, if her work in 'Sangam' is any indication. Joag has been given such a role in 'Sangam' that you scarcely sympathise with him. It will be difficult to believe that he is the same Joag that played. Gundyabhau Dandekur, the gymnast could be so effiminate as he is in 'Sangam'. Vatsala Kumtekar has given an attractive performance and the little girl Baby Devi also does well, though she does not get the same scope she had in 'Amrit.'

Navayug-Chitrapat were deprived of the services of their well-known camera man Pandurang Naik but Gune has well replaced him. In the early scenes the recording is found defective but later it improved quite satisfactorily. Director Junnarkar does not play any special tricks but his direction is smooth But for the broken ear of 'Maka' which is supposed to separate and bring together the hero and heroine one could hardly see any symbol. The dialogue is beautifully written and equally beautifully delivered. Winayak's journey in a women's compartment in the opening scene makes for good comedy. All things considered, 'Sangam' his all the elements that go to make a box-office success.



Winayak and Meenakshi in 'Sangam' at West End.

SCIENTIST MADE INTO STAR

Ashok Kumar, Hero Of "Anjan"

From his high stool in a film laboratory, a young man was taken to the make-up room and then led to the sets to play opposite the leading female star of the nation. It was a place that the leading actors of the country were vainly dreaming of. And this young scientist got away with it!

This happened at the Bombay Talkies Studio five years ago. The young scientist was Ashok Kumar, starred opposite Devika Rani in "Jeevan Naiya."

Co-starred currently with Devika Rani in "Anjan", now in the eighth week at the Roxy, Ashok Kumar may fairly be styled the champion screen hero of India. During his meteoric rise to fame, he has co-starred with three great stars—Devika Rani, Leela Chitnis and Renuka Devi.

His films count a full dozen, distinguished not only by his excellent performances but a wide range of variety in his roles. He appeared in "costume" in "Izzat", in a mythological role in "Savitri", with a "Message" in "Janmabhoomi", with an idealism in "Naya Sansar"; he was defiantly romantic in "Achhut Kanya", agressively romantic in "Kangan", philosophically so in "Bandhan".

In "Anjan", Ashok Kumar is a living doctor and an idealist lover. The role suits him admirably. Summing up the best traits of his past roles, and enriched with a slight flavour of comedy, the role of Dr. Ajit gives Ashok Kumar full scope for the exercise of his art, born of natural talent and matured by experience.

Probably the most likable part of Ashok Kumar's performance is the way he gets on with the children. We noticed that quality in "Naya Sansar", and better still in 'Anjan". It is not merely a matter of the scenario providing a children's scene. Whether on the screen or in life, one can make out a man, who likes children from one who does not. Ashok Kumar definitely belongs to the former class, and that is the class that the public definitely prefers.

"Gharki Laj" Holds Your Interest From Beginning To End!

The first 'Anand' release, "Gharki Laj" produced by Sunrise Pictures is probably one of the best attractions in the city. The picture holds one's interest from beginning to end as it relates how young Ila, fleeing from marriage with an old fossil, meets Surendra, son of a wealthy Magnate, and later marries him.

But the serpent soon enters their paradise and her jilted old millionaire plans a horrible revenge and brings financial ruin on Surendra's household.

How Ila saves the household from further disgrace is cleverly portrayed on the screen Shanta Hubilkar sings beautifully. Jagadesh gives a masterly performance as Surendra's father.

'NAI ROSHNI' FOR PATHE CINEMA

Sardar Akhtar In Novel Role

Advance reports from the National Studios appear to make out 'Nai Roshni' as a picture in which the common citizen of Bombay will take very special interest. It is understood that the story of 'Nai Roshni' portrays in all its varied details the conditions of life, in which a very great majority of Bombaites eke out their life

Thus you meet in, 'Nai Roshni' a Bank clerk, a school teacher, an astrologer, their families, children and the drab and dull surroundings in which they live. What they do to try to increase their meagre incomes and how they are cheated and ruined by unscrupulous people makes a heartrending story.

There is in it a Bank Manager also, who really belongs to these people, but by stroke of fortune has become a little removed from them in point of his earnings How this goes to his head and then he misbehaves has also been very effectively brought out by the youthful Directors Desai and Gandhi

National Studios are making a picture full of reality and it is expected that it will catch popular fancy. Will they not like to see their own prototypes on the Pathe screen and Sardar Akhtar will be prominently featured, in this film.

"Lagan" At Chitra In Final Week

New Theatres dramatic hit "Lagan" now triumphantly enters its final week's run at Chitra (Dadar). Its drama, thrills, laughter are all strikingly interwoven in this delightful love romance which features Saigal, Kanan and Nawab. The melodious songs of India's most popular stars provide a real musical treat.

"Jhoola" Nears Completion

Popular 'Bandhan' Team Back Again

News comes from Malad that "Jhoola" is nearing completion, with brilliant team of stars, writers and technicians of 'Bandhan' broadened for this latest production

The picture is being produced by Mr S. Mukerji, whose "Bandhan" and "Naya Sansar" took the erstwhile sound Engineer to the ranks of the nation's eminent film-producers. That, and the fact that Leela Chitnis and Ashok Kumar are co-starred in "Jhoola" is enough news to excite the interest of film-goers all over the country.

There is more to it, however, "Jhoola" promises to give the industry one more creative director in Gyan Mukerji. We know him as joint scenarist of "Bandhan" and "Naya Sansar". He is joint scenarist of "Jhoola" too (besides being its director) and his colleague in penmanship is Mr. Santoshi. The songs for "Jhoola" are composed by Pradeep.

The youthful veterans, Cinematographer R. D Pareenja and sound engineer S. B. Vachha are in the "Jhoola" team. There are veterans among the artistes too, — including Shah Nawaz, V. H Desai and Mumtaz Ali.

Altogether, more talent and experience and venturesome spirit appear to be harnessed to the production of "Jhoola" than to either of the two distinctive pictures associated with producer S Mukerji's name.



Leela Chitnis and Ashok Kumar in 'Jhoola'.

BACK TO 200 YEARS AGO

Prabhat's Sant Sakhu At Central

The amazed little Alladin could rub his old brass lamp and create a castle for himself. It would be a magnificent castle, but it would be any castle just the same.

Prabhat, in its series of fame biographies, goes one better than that. It is not just any castle that the studio creates, but whole village and town brought back from the womb of Time—trim and alive, as they existed in the past. Look at the latest biography, "Sant Sakhu", at the Central.

The Prabhat Alladin is the director and architect Fatehlal. He rubs no lamp, but sometimes scratches his semi-bald head. And certainly he never looks amazed at his own creation. For he plans his results and organizes their creation and works hard to secure them. If it is an early eighteenth century village he has to construct as in "Sant Sakhu", he makes sure he knows all about it that can be known: and he has his ides complete, first in his mind, then in blueprint, then again in miniature, before he marches his army of basons, carpenters and other artisans on the vast Prabhat grounds. And, right enough, it is on early eighteen century village that you see in "Sant Sakhu", correct in every detail of architecture and layout of the village.

While the miracles in "Sant Sakhu" are a necessary obedience to widely accepted tradition, the essence of the screen play is history and an eternal moral.

F. O. B. RELEASES "CONVOY FROM INDIA"

Democracy is visibly winning this war on the seas, Premier Churchill has quoted statistics to show that the sea routes of the world are being made increasingly safer for Britain; Britain's supply of food and arms and other material, at home and on the fronts, is now well assured. This success is largely due to the excellent system of convoys instituted by Britain

India, as a major source of war supplies, is vitally interested in this convoy system The Film Advisory Board short "Convoy from India", released this week at the Metro, Regal, Capitol and Palace, is thus a topical in a very real sense. The picture gives an insight into the training given to the seamen engaged in the vital task of convoy.

FIRMLY ROOTED IN PUBLIC MIND

'Khazanchi' Irremovable From Krishna?

Reports have been appearing in the press that Mr. Dalsukh Pancholi is about to complete production of his second Hindustani picture "Khandan." The reports have led people to ask when "Khandan" will be released. Naturally, the public is eager to see the successor to the amazingly successful "Khazanchi" The people expect it to be a superlative production, and they have a right to do so.

But, when it comes to a question of the release date of "Khandan", neither Mr. Pancholi nor his Distributors, Messrs Famous Pictures, can supply an answer. They have decided not to release "Khandan" before "Khazanchi" is finally withdrawn; and there is really no knowing how long "Khazanchi" will run at the Krishna.

"Khazanchi" is now in its 33rd week, and drawing crowds that should be considered quite satisfactory for the third week of a good picture. A golden jubilee is of course a certainty: the only point is how long beyond that it will run.

Truly, this is a new phenomenon in the film business—this amazing popularity of "Khazanchi". As a popular journal said recently the picture has converted the minds of many an film industrialist into a psychological laboratory analysing the picture with a view to discovering the elements of its success!

"DARSHAN" ENTERS FIFTH WEEK

Prakash Pictures' "Darshan" that has attracted good attention during the past four weeks now makes its entry into the fifth week at Lamington Apart from the powerful story with an educative aspect, the music in "Darshan" seems to have influenced the music lovers. Sweet voice of Jyoti has gained special admiration of the spectators and the duets wherein she sings in company of Prem Adib and Bhudo Advani send the houses in laughter.

The screen-play is designed to give every unmarried boy and girl and their parents with stupid ideas of social customs, the essence of matrimony, which ought not to be spoiled by offering or accepting any stakes. That marriage becomes a sacrilege when any consideration is allowed to weigh in the mind of the prospective bride or bridegroom besides love for the union of two souls, "Darshan" has achieved the laudable object and therefore the thanks of social reformers.



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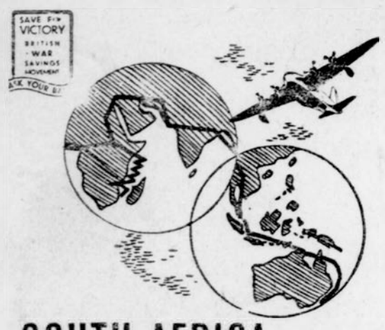
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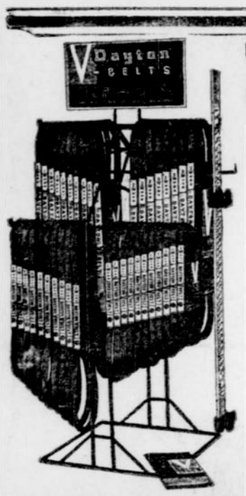
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World Of Sport: Home And Abroad

INCREASING POPULARITY OF HOCKEY IN BOMBAY

(BY LOOKER-ON)

While the sporting atmosphere of Bombay is surcharged with the topics of cricket,—the Ranji Trophy and the Pentangular—the talk on hockey may seem rather out of place. But actually the Hockey Season has already started and matches are being played daily in the south and north of the city. Thirty seven teams have entered for the B. P. H. A. League. Ten of them are in the First Division and nine each in the three sections of the Second Division. Most of the matches will be played on the Association ground near Churchgate Station. But some will be played on the New Parsi Cyclists ground on the Azad Maidan and the Bombay Gymkhana ground.

NO GATE CHARGES

There is no doubt some of the matches will be exceedingly interesting and attractive. With some of the best teams in India on the field, hockey is bound to be of the top class. Still there are no gate charges to talk of. People can watch all the games without spending a single pice. Only those who wish to sit comfortably on a chair have to pay a nominal charge. The idea underlying this free gate system is to attract as many people as possible to the game. Once they get interested, they are sure to pay when the Provincial Championship and the Aga Khan Tournaments are staged. That is what actually happens. The W. I. F. A. would do well to consider this point in regard to their League matches.

WOMEN'S LEAGUE

The Women's League will be run side by side with the Men's. Six teams have entered for the competition. Although the number is not large, it includes the best teams in the city. There is no doubt hockey is increasing in popularity in Bombay every day and the standard of play is steadily going up both among men and women. The rivalry between them is so keen that it is difficult to spot the winners till the last. This undoubtedly augurs well for Bombay hockey.

LEAGUES AT PAREL

In the northern part of the city, the Parel League conducted by the Parel Sports Club, has drawn thirty two teams. In fact seven more had to be refused admission. These clubs have been divided into four sections of eight teams each. It has been laid down that the topmost teams in each section will play off a knock-out tournament between themselves to decide the Championship. Although the first divisions teams are debarred from participating in this League, the class of hockey produced by those competing in it are of a fairly high order. The St. Xavier's College Gymkhana ground at Parel is the main venue for this competition. Some matches may be played on the Police ground nearby.

A GREAT CENTRE OF SPORT

The Inter-School League for the Palacios Cup will be started shortly. Eight teams have joined the play. From the enthusiasm which the boys showed last year in their knock-out tournament, I have no doubt they will evince equal interest for this competition. The Parel Sports Club have done well to start competitions for school boys. Once they are put on the right track, they will forge ahead and provide Bombay with plenty of supply of new talents every year. There is a League tournament for women too at Parel. I believe it will be also started shortly. The St. Xavier's ground good. Evidently the Committee is gradually becoming a great centre of sport. Isn't it?

INTER-PROVINCIAL TOURNAMENT

The B. P. H. A. is determined not to spare any effort to retain the Inter-Provincial Championship next year. They have already appointed a Selection Committee, consisting of S. H. Mehta, N. C. Nagporewalla, M. J. Vakil, Cyriaco DeSouza, C. E. Rodrigues and K. S. Lynn. They are to pick out probable players and arrange trial matches with the First Division League sides. Gradually a solid combination is expected to be formed. It is very likely the Tournament will be staged at Calcutta in February next. Lahore, where the Indian Olympic Games were to be held, has, it appears, declined to do so on account of its heavy financial responsibilities. Wherever it is held in any case, Bombay will be ready to meet the rest of India on equal terms.

KIRKEE PLAYERS PARDONED

In view of the letter of apology tendered by the nine suspended players of the Kirkee United, the Managing Committee of the B. P. H. A. has reduced the period of suspension from eighteen months to nine months in case of seven players. They are S. Phillips, Gaikwad, Martis, Dhadge, Motee, G. Nimal and Jagtap. In the case of the other Nimal brothers who were suspended for two years, the Committee refused to alter its decision. This is rather hard on these two players. But they appear to have been suspended once before for a similar offence. They were pardoned later which does not seem to have done them any hopes the longer term of suspension will have a salutary effect on them. In any case it would be better if our sporting fields are kept clean of such incidents which marred the Aga Khan Tournament last year.

ENFORCEMENT OF RULES

The Committee of the Indian Hockey Federation has given directions to the umpires as to how some of the rules should be interpreted and applied. Instead of enforcing the rules literally—as most umpires are wont to do—they should make a sensible application of them. It will save a good deal unnecessary whistling and stoppage of the game and will do a lot of good to it. I wish the I. H. F. had decided to try the new short corner rule, as suggested by the British Hockey Association. It would have made them more effective and thus obviated the necessities of replay in keen contests—at any rate reduced their chances to minimum. Why people should fight so shy of innovations I wonder!

ROHINTON BARIA TROPHY

I am very glad to hear that the long standing dispute between the Board of Control for Cricket in India and the Inter-University Sports Board has at last come to an end. The University Board has accepted all the terms and conditions laid down by the Board of Control for the management of the Rohinton Baria Cup Tournament. Henceforth this competition will be run by the University authorities themselves. Let us hope it will have a smooth running in the future. The Bombay University Cricket Committee is already up and doing. They have selected sixteen players from whom the team to represent our University will be chosen. With so many Provincial players in the combination Bombay will be hard to beat.

V. R. Jadhav.



Jockey V. R. Jadhav, familiarly known as "Vittoo", started his career in Kisha Bapu's stables as a stableboy. Later, he became a riding-boy and succeeded in becoming a full-fledged jockey. As a full jockey he has won nearly 60 races. Some of his outstanding winnings are on "Faruq Pasha", "Mark You", Gloaming" and "Peirot." He was attached to the stables of the late Maharaja of Kolhapur and S. S. Akka Saheb of Kolhapur. He is now retained by H. H. the Maharaja of Kashmir.



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	1st Race.	2nd Race.	3rd Race.	4th Race.	5th Race	6th Race.	7th Race	8th Race.	9th Race.
"Bombay Chronicle."	Mujbil Hamid Anid al Iraq Sheriff	Prince Mahmud Hatim Tay Qa'id al Furat	Liberty Mehjabin Church Bell	Money Gold Pierre Manmohan	Subhi Jazira Rabdan Muwaffaq al Ilah	Alan-a-Dale Tiger Kid Gold Gainer	National Flag Ballinahown Leander	Bisharin S. Highness Linguaphone	Surya Kumar Panna Prince Ginger Boy
"Bombay Sentinel."	Sheriff Mujbil Hamid Anid al Iraq	Prince Mahmud Qa'id al Furat Hatim Tay	Church Bell Liberty Mehjabin	Money Gold Pierre Rebel	Rabdan Subhi Jazira Saif Bahadur	Alan-a-Dale Tiger Kid Wonderful	Usk National Flag Ballinahown	Linguaphone Bisharin Multyfarnham	Panna Prince Surya Kumar Romney's Girl
"Bombay Samachar."	Sheriff Prince Faisal Mujbil Hamid	Qa'id al Furat Prince Mahmud Hatim Tay	Mehjabin Forget Me Not Church Bell	Money Gold Pierre Manmohan	Rabdan Saif Bahadur M.'s Choice	Tiger Kid Gold Gainer Alan-a-Dale	National Flag Greetings Leander	S. Highness Multifarnham Bisharin	Surya Kumar Romney's Girl Honor M
Sporting Times.	Anid al Iraq Sheriff Alwar Prince Faisal	Prince Mahmud Hatim Tay Qa'id al Furat Star Brilliant	Mehjabin Sailor's Gift Forget Me Not Diana	Money Gold Pierre Playwright Rebel	Rabdan Subhi Jazira R. Prince M. al Ilah	Gold Gainer Tiger Kid Alan-a-Dale Wonderful	National Flag Usk Moot Law Doctrine	Bisharin S. Highness King of Sports Elilaw	Suryakumar Honor M Night Reveller Romney's Girl
Turf Special.	Mujbil Hamid Hilal Salam Saif al Muluk Sheriff	Canter Sahran Star Brilliant Prince Mahmud	Forget Me Not Church Bell Diana Mehjabin	Money Gold Steel Blue Pierre Quisling	Rabdan Nassar Dalil al Iraq Subhi Jazira	B. Scribe Lord Clarion Cessation Tiger Kid	Greetings Doctrine Moot Law Coeur de Lion	Elilaw S. Highness S. Anglaise Enjeu	Suryakumar Katipo Honor M. Ginger Boy
Motee Special	Prince Faisal Shanghai Sheriff Anid al Iraq	P. Mahmud Good Boy K. Anwah Hatim Tay	Forget Me Not Pashwanji Quick March Sailor's Gift	Manmohan Quisling Pierre Money Gold	Marshal Subhi Jazira M. al Ilah Legion II	Gold Gainer Alan-a-Dale Tiger Kid B. Scribe	Greetings Doctrine Leander G. of Kolhapur	S. Highness Linguaphone Bisharin S. Anglaise	Katipo Gallo Honor M. Suryakumar
"Evening News."	Shanghai Sheriff	Prince Mahmud Hatim Tay	Forget Me Not Pashwanji	Money Gold Pierre	Rabdan Muwaffaq al Ilah	Gold Gainer Tiger Kid	Usk National Flag	S. Highness Multifarnham	Suryakumar Ginger Boy
"Sanj Vartaman."	Prince Faisal Shanghai	Qa'id al Furat Hatim Tay	Mohanmala Mehajbin	Manmohan Money Gold	Saif Bahadur Muwaffaq al Ilah	Brother Scribe Alan-a-Dale	Greetings Usk Nuit-de-Noel	S. Highness Linguaphone Elilaw	Ginger Boy Romney's Girl

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Indian Automobile Scheme Will Not Handicap War Industries

Promoters Urge That Lease And Lend Act Will Remove Difficulty Of Obtaining Dollar Exchange And Assure That There Will Be No Migration Of Labour From Govt. Factories

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The need for the Government of India to treat the proposed Indian Automobile Manufacturing scheme as a part of the war effor. is emphasised in a memorandum submitted to the Government of India by the promoters of the scheme.

The memorandum points out that the Secretary of State will not withhold support to the scheme, if it could be regarded as an important step towards India's industrial development proving useful of the mechanisation of forces and in further war efforts.

The memorandum states that the scheme for the manufacture of motor vehicles in India had actually been drafted by a responsible officer of the Government of Bombay—the director of industries—who had toured America and made a special study of the subject.

The Government of Bombay had written to the Government of India to the effect that they would be prepared to help the promoters of the scheme, provided the Government of India would agree to treat it as part of war effort. The promoters point out that the objections raised by the Government of India against the scheme, namely, difficulties in obtaining dollar exchange and skilled labour are not insurmountable. It is submitted that the Lease and Lend Act would remove the difficulties of obtaining dollar exchange. As regards the fear of migration of labour from some war industries to the new industry, the promoters state that they are prepared to give an assurance to the Government that they would in no way absorb in their factory any worker employed in the war industries at present.

The memorandum states that if the new industry is treated as a war efffort and if started now, it will be able to stand on its own legs in view of the requirements of the Government of India.

It will have a commercial value after the war, and could stand foreign competition without protection. The promoters emphasises that the project aims at establishing a really motor car and motor-truck manufacturing industry in this country, and not a mere assembling plant. If necessary facilities are given for the establishment of an automobile factory it is pointed out that within three years of its working, they would be able to manufacture fifty to sixty per cent of the parts, including engines as usually undertaken by the Automobile Factories abroad.

The memorandum draws the Government of India's attention to examples of Australian and Canadian Governments which have encouraged the establishment of motor manufacturing factories in their countries by granting bounties and other facilities necessary for the production of motor vehicles since the outbreak of war.—A. P.

DETENUS MUST BE RELEASED

Bombay Students Criticise Govt.'s Attitude

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Two resolutions were passed at a meeting of the Bombay Students' Union held at Chowpatty this evening.

The first resolution criticised the Government for not giving adequate facilities to the detenus, and urged that the Government should release them. The second resolution condemned the action of the police in using force on the Cawnpore Student demonstrators and congratulated the students for their brave stand.

Mr. Abidalli Jafferbhoy who presided over the meeting criticised the Government for their shabby treatment of the detenus. The irony of it was that the Italian prisoners who had openly taken arms to disrupt the British empire, received better treatment than the Indian detenus, whose only offence was that they were patriots. He urged on the Government the wisdom of granting the demands of the detenus and repatriating them to their home districts, for the climatic conditions of Deoli were having a bad effect on the prisoners.

But, he concluded, the harshness of bureaucratic methods could not kill the spirit of freedom, which would emerge stronger after every hardship.

Mr. Sushil Daru, Mr. Mathur, Mr. Sakrikar and others also spoke.

The students took out two processions, one from Bori Bunder and one from Gowalia Tank earlier in the evening.

More "Bevin Boys" Wanted

The Government of India having decided to send a fourth batch of trainees under the Bevin Scheme to the United Kingdom in the near future, the Bombay National Service Labour Tribunal will receive applications and interview persons from this Province who wish to volunteer for enrolment under the Scheme. No application will be considered, however, if it is received later than November 25 and if it is not submitted through the employer, if the person applying is in employment at present.

Candidates should be young men, not below 18 years of age, healthy, intelligent, able to read and write and do simple calculations, and possessing manual dexterity and some knowledge of English. They must have experience of at least two years of factory work in any engineering line, such as fitting, turning or machining.

When applying, the birth date, educational qualifications, and details of workshop experience should be clearly stated.



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TRADE AND FINANCE

Sterling Securities Holdings Register Record Rise

PROFIT-TAKING IN SHARE BAZAR

Large-Scale Buying Of Call Options In Gold

WEEKLY MARKET REVIEWS

(From Our Special Correspondent)
Bombay, November 14

MONEY.

There were no fresh features to report in the local short term money market during the week under review. Day-to-day loans were quoted at 1/4 per cent, while three to six months' money was placeable between 3/4 and 1 per cent. The amount tendered for three months' Government of India Treasury Bills was smaller and the average rate of acceptance rose from Re. 0-10-11 to Re. 0-12-2 per cent. Inttr-mediates sold by the Government during the week amounted to Rs. 136.75 lacs.

The weekly statement of the Reserve Bank of India, compiled upto 7th November, reveals a substantial rise of Rs. 5.86 crores in the active note circulation in India. The total note issue also shows an expansion of Rs. 3.06 crores. On the Assets' side, Sterling Securities held by the Bank register another record rise of Rs. 11.97 crores. Rupee Securities have declined by Rs. 7.99 crores and there is a fall of Rs. 94.23 lacs in the Rupee Coin held by the Bank. The ratio of gold plus sterling assets to total liabilities has gone up by 3.220 per cent to 68.312 per cent. In the Banking Department, Government Deposits have fallen by Rs. 12.41 crores and Bankers by Rs. 2.95 crores, whereas Other Deposits have gone up by Rs. 1.37 crores. Balances held abroad reveal a fall of Rs. 11.05 crores. Against Ways and Means Government have borrowed afesh Rs. 26 lacs.

A decline of Rs. 30.96 lacs in all kinds of Deposits is recorded in the statement of affairs of the Imperial Bank of India, for the week ended 7th November. The Investment Portfolio of the Bank registers a rise of Rs. 94.39 lacs and Advances are up by Rs. 89.24 lacs. The Bank's holding of Cash has been depleted to the extent of Rs. 2.13 crores.

GILTEDGED

There was no relief from the dull conditions that have been the characteristic of the giltedged market for the past few weeks. Small investment demand was in evidence in medium and long-dated bonds which was met without materially affecting the trend. 3 1/2 per cent India Sterling Stock remained static at £99 3/8 all along, closing a fraction lower at £99 1/4, while 3 1/2 per cent Rupee Paper ruled steady at Rs. 96. Among other terminable securities, 2 3/4 per cent 1948-52 loan found buyers at Rs. 98/2, 4 per cent 1960-70 loan at Rs. 110/15 and 4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 loan at Rs. 114/12, whilst there were sellers in 5 per cent 1945/55 (tax free) loan at Rs. 111 as compared with the opening rate of Rs. 111/3. 3 per cent 1946 bonds were quoted unchanged at Rs. 102, 3 per cent 1951/54 loan at Rs. 99-13 and 3 per cent 1963/65 loan at Rs. 95. 3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 loan remained static at Rs. 103/4 and 4 per cent 1943 bonds at Rs. 103/4.

EXCHANGE

Conditions in the rupee/sterling exchange market remained unchanged as compared to the previous week. There is very little activity for lack of trade movements and even interbank business is small. For spot T T on London, sellers quoted 1s 5 63/64d and buyers 1s 6d. Merchant rates fixed by the Exchange Banks' Association were unchanged as under:—

Sellers of T T on London (Spot and upto six months) ... 1s 5 31/32d.

Buyers of T T on London (Spot and upto six months) ... 1s 6 1/32d.

In the New York market, sterling lay pegged at 403.75 cents throughout the week. The Shanghai dollar was inclined to be easier and after Monday was quoted at 3 5/32d instead of at 3 1/4d earlier in the week under review.

GOLD

Fairly good demand both for sovereigns and ready gold as well as large-scale buying of call-options sustained the gold market throughout the period under review. The undertone remained steady and compared to last week fluctuations were neither wide nor frequent but a downward trend was noticeable towards the close. Ready gold, after opening at Rs. 43/8, went upto Rs. 43/12 on Monday, the highest of the week. After moving narrowly between Rs. 43/6 and Rs. 43/10, the rate declined to Rs. 43/4/9 on Thursday and closed at Rs. 43/4/3. Both December and January settlements were quoted at even rates with spot. There has been a good demand for sovereigns particularly in connection with Haj traffic. The price of the coin, however, declined from Rs. 29/8/6 to Rs. 29/4 in accordance with the fall in the price of gold. Floating stocks of the metal are estimated at about 1,25,000 tolas; average daily arrivals from up-country are said to be about 7,000 tolas; while the average offtake is put at 7,000 tolas a day. The highest and lowest rates recorded during the period under review were: Rs. 43/12 and Rs. 43/4/3 for spot and December settlement and Rs. 43/11/6 and Rs. 43/4/3 for January settlement.

SILVER

Compared to the gold market, the silver section of the local bullion market lacked almost all signs of activity. Prices remained around levels familiar for a considerable time past and the turnover also was inclined to be restricted. Spot silver moved within the extremely narrow margin of Rs. 62/15 and Rs. 63 throughout the week. Silver to be delivered in the December as well as January 1942 settlement was quoted at a discount of 1 1/2 to 2 annas under spot. In London, both cash and two months' forward delivery silver remained fixed at 23 1/2d throughout the week. Floating stocks of silver are said to be about 2,500 bars. The highest and lowest rates touched during the week were: Rs. 63 and Rs. 62/15 for spot, Rs. 62/14/6 and Rs. 62/13/6 for December settlement and Rs. 62/14 and Rs. 62/13/6 for January settlement.

SHARES

Prices on the local stock market moved within a comparatively narrow range during the week under report and the volume of business was relatively small.

Tata Iron and Steel Deferreds were steady at Rs. 2187/8 during the week except towards the close when they declined on profit-taking to Rs. 2160. Ordinaries ranged around Rs. 410, but closed quieter at Rs. 407. Cotton mill shares, on the other hand, were relatively stronger; Bombay Dyeings, after advancing by about 35 points to Rs. 1427/8 mid-week, closed easier at Rs. 1401/4. Centuries moved up from Rs. 479 to Rs. 487, Central Indias gained about 17 points to Rs. 451 and Colabas touched Rs. 252 during the week, but finished lower at Rs. 490, Rs. 442 and Rs. 246 respectively. Kohinoors made headway from Rs. 558 to Rs. 586 and New Greats improved from Rs. 355 to Rs. 371, but declined and closed at Rs. 573 and Rs. 363 respectively. Swadeshis were bid at Rs. 497 as compared with the opening level of Rs. 461/8. Bank and Utility shares were comparatively neglected; Bank of Indias moved tamely around Rs. 149 and Imperial Bank Fully Paids were static at Rs. 1625. Central Banks, on the other hand, attracted particular attention and were quoted about 4 points higher at Rs. 55. Reserve Banks showed little or no change around Rs. 108/12. Among electric shares, Andhra Valleys stood pegged at Rs. 1765, whilst Bombay Trams declined by about 2 points to Rs. 143 for cash in the absence of much business. Tata Hydros ruled steady at Rs. 183, whilst stray transactions were reported in Tata Powers at Rs. 1797/8. In the miscellaneous group of shares, Belapurs ruled somewhat easier on reports of lower dividend, the quotation giving way from Rs. 264 to Rs. 247 at the finish. Associated Cements were quoted a shade lower at Rs. 165/4, whilst Bombay Burmas, after touching Rs. 555, closed at Rs. 540. Scindia Steams were maintained around Rs. 28, whilst New Indias displayed good strength at Rs. 56.

CALCUTTA

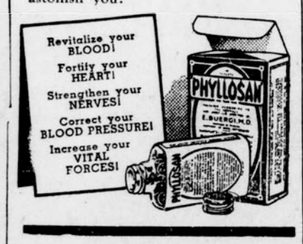
The jute section of the Calcutta share market ruled very strong earlier in the week on the issue of bonus shares by some of the important mills and quotations, in some cases, showed spectacular gains. The enthusiasm, however, proved only transitory and at the close, the market again evinced a quieter tendency.

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FOR TOUGH BEARDS

Shree Yuvraj Jammu & Kashmir Sugar Mills

The Prospectus of the Shree Yuvraj Jammu and Kashmir Sugar Mills Company published elsewhere in this issue mentions the various concessions and advantages secured by the promoters for this Company from the Government of His Highness the Maharaja Bahadur of Jammu and Kashmir.

The factory will be situated in Ranbirsinghpura which is canal irrigated and the sugarcane growing area of the State. The outstanding feature are not only the scope offered by such a large and self-sufficient market as Jammu and Kashmir State, but also the guarantee of maintenance for a number of years of State import duty on outside sugar at a level of -/8/- per maund higher than the Excise duty imposed on the Company's products, exemption from customs and octrai of machinery, plants, stores and equipments required for the Company's Factory, freight advantage, and the advantage of first option to this Company to instal another Sugar Mill, if at a later stage the conditions justify the erection of an additional sugar factory within the State area. The conditions incorporated in the license, therefore, promise exceptional advantages and the investers in the new Company's shares are assured of a very good yield. The preference shares are cumulative and also carry a right to participate in the profits over a certain quantum.

The Board of Directors includes Lala Karamchand Thapar, who is not only the chairman of the Indian Sugar Syndicate Ltd., the Government recognised body for controlling the sugar industry in U. P. and Bihar but is also intimately connected with the various industries in India, including sugar industry.

The whole of the issue has been underwritten by Messrs. Mugneeram Bangur and Company, stock and share brokers of Calcutta.

The 25th meeting of the Advisory Board of the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research and of the Committees connected therewith will be held at New Delhi from February 23 to 28, 1942.—A.P.



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Regd. No. B 1065

Saturday, November 15, 1941

Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

Surajmal for Diamonds

359, Kalbadevi, BOMBAY.

'HINDUSTAN TIMES' EDITOR CONVICTED

High Court Holds "Contempt Charge Established"

STRICTURES ON VIDYARTHI'S WAR EFFORT IN OPEN COURT

Devidas Offers To Go To Jail, As Was Not Allowed Option

Correspondent

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 14.

In the "Hindustan Times" contempt of court case judgment was delivered to-day by the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Collister finding Mr. Devadas Gandhi, the Editor, and Mr. Devi Prasad Sharma, the Printer, and Mr. R. L. Singhal, the Meerut correspondent of the "Hindustan Times", guilty of contempt.

Mr. Devadas Gandhi was sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 1,000 or in default to undergo one month's simple imprisonment.

Mr. Devi Prasad Sharma was fined Rs. 500 or in default one month's simple imprisonment.

Two weeks' time was allowed by Their Lordships for the payment of fine.

Mr. R. L. Singhal, the Meerut correspondent of the "Hindustan Times", was sentenced to two months' simple imprisonment.

Mr. Devadas Gandhi, however, told Their Lordships that he would prefer to go to jail because Mr. Singhal was sentenced to imprisonment without any option of paying fine.

THE RESPONDENTS WERE ALSO DIRECTED TO PAY COSTS TO THE GOVERNMENT ADVOCATE AT THE RATE OF RS. 80 PER DAY.—A. P.

NO ADDRESS TO COURT BY CONVICTED PERSON

Chief Justice's Reply To Devidas Gandhi

(From Our Correspondent.)

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 14.

After the judgment was pronounced Mr. Devadas Gandhi stood up to make a statement. He began saying "It is a matter of sorrow and pain to me that I failed to carry conviction with this Court, and also other evidence in which I have the same belief as if I had seen it with my own eyes. The Chief Justice here interrupting said: "What do you want to say. Sir Tej Bahadur is your counsel. You can tell him Mr. Devadas Gandhi said as the Court had not given any alternative sentence of fine to Mr. Singhal, (his Meerut correspondent) he (Mr. Gandhi) too would like the Court to treat the sentence of imprisonment for him (Gandhi) as the main sentence.

The Chief Justice said: "We cannot allow a convicted person to address the Court. The sentence given by the Court to you (to Mr. Gandhi) provides alternative sentence of imprisonment.

Mr. Gandhi then said: I prefer to undergo the sentence of imprisonment.

Mr. Devi Prasad, printer, would pay the fine.

At the request of Sir Tej Bahadur, the Court gave the accused, two weeks' time to pay the fine.

TEXT OF JUDGMENT

ALLAHABAD, November 14.

The following judgment was delivered today by Their Lordships the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Collister in the "Hindustan Times" contempt case:

It would be remembered that notice was issued by the High Court on August 8, to Mr. Devadas Gandhi, Editor of the "Hindustan Times", and Mr. Devi Prasad Sharma, printer and publisher, calling upon them to show cause why they should not be dealt with for contempt of court in respect of an editorial comment which had appeared in the issue of August, 6. The Editor and Printer appeared before Their Lordships on September 9, and also filed affidavits.

Their Lordships heard Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru on their behalf and reserved orders till September 15.

JUDGES EXAMINED

Since the affidavits contained serious allegations against Mr. Hari Shankar Vidyarthi, Additional Sessions Judge of Meerut, Their Lordships called the latter and examined him departmentally. After considering his statement Their Lordships directed him to appear in Court and make his statement on oath on September 15, and they also summoned Mr. Akbar Hussain, I.C.S., District Judge, and they were both fully examined and cross-examined on that day. Thereafter Their Lordships adjourned the proceeding in order that Mr. Vidyarthi, on the one hand, and the Editor and the Printer of the "Hindustan Times" on the other might each of them produce evidence before the Court, and witnesses were allowed to be called and examined on either side. On September 25, Their Lordships directed notice to be served also on Mr. Singhal, the local correspondent of the "Hindustan Times" at Meerut. Notice was accepted on his behalf by Si Tej Bahadur Sapru who also appeared for Mr. Singhal.

CAUSE OF TROUBLE

The editorial comment in respect of which notice was issued t the Editor and the Printer was follows:—

"If it is true that the new Chief Justice of Allahabad High Court, Sir Iqbal Ahmad, in his administrative capacity has issued a circular to the judicial officers under his jurisdiction, enjoining on them to raise contributions to the War Funds, then it must be said that he has done a thing which would lower the prestige of the Courts in the eyes of the people. The presiding officer of a Court, while asking for funds, may say that the contribution is voluntary, but he cannot remove the idea from the mind of a person, particularly a litigant, that the request is being made by one whom it may not be safe to displease. To be absolutely voluntary, war contributions ought to be raised only by non-official committees or individuals. It was bad enough that the services of the members of the Executive were utilized for the purpose, but to make judicial officers do this work is something worse."

SINGHAL'S REPORT

The first two paragraphs of Mr. Singhal's report as published in the "Hindustan Times" were as follows:

"With the judicial officers also now co-operating actively in the war efforts, the "efforts" are bound to receive a heavy push forward. The Judicial officers all over the province have been I reliably learn, asked by the new Chief Justice of the Allahabad High Court, who, it is understood, has been requested by H.E. the Governor, for co-operation in war efforts, to raise subscriptions for War Funds.

"The judicial officers raising money make it quite clear to the persons whom they ask to contribute that the donations were voluntary and they were not exercising any compulsion in asking for funds. They could donate as much or as little as they please

COURT'S FINDINGS

Their lordships said that there could be no doubt that any intelligent reader of the comment would think, or would at least suspect that orders to this effect had already been issued. A reader would come to the conclusion that the Chief Justice had acted at the request of H. E. the Governor. The above observations would hold good irrespective of the conclusions of fact to which the evidence might lead.

Their lordships said they might mention at once that the allegation or rather the suggestion that any such circular was issued was without any foundation whatever.

Their lordships next gave the substance of the evidence of the various witnesses in the case and said that the positive case set up by the respondents was that Mr. Vidyarthi, who had convicted four of the accused persons (in the Dhakoli Murder Case) and sentenced them to transportation for



MR. DEVIDAS GANDHI.

life, then stated in open court that the Chief Justice having been requested by H. E. the Governor to help in the war efforts had sent instructions to the judges of the subordinate courts to raise subscriptions for the War Fund and that the judge went on to say that the persons whom he was addressing should assist him in this matter. Thereupon subscriptions were raised.

The implication was that until this money was collected the remaining 16 accused were left in ignorance as to whether they were to be convicted or acquitted.

Their lordships observed that if this was what occurred, it was an unpardonable act of extortion on the part of the judge.

The only witnesses, however, who deposed in clear terms to this fact were Mr. Singhal and Atar Singh. The latter was related to two men in respect to whose murder the accused persons had been prosecuted. The evidence of these two witnesses was not supported by Mr. Surajbal Swami, another witness for the respondents who said it was not true that the judgment was delivered piecemeal.

SWAMI HAD AN ANIMUS

If Mr. Surajbal Swami was a witness of truth his evidence showed that Mr. Vidyarthi did claim authority from the Chief Justice and this, their lordships thought, was the best evidence the respondents had been able to adduce. They could not, however, shut their eyes to the obvious fact that Mr. Surajbal Swami had an animus against Mr. Vidyarthi. He admitted that he had an ungovernable temper and he was very angry when his son-in-law signed the statement at the request of Mr. Vidyarthi and witness had told him that he could not tolerate his face. Mr. Vidyarthi had stated that Mr. Surajbal Swami was in the habit of asking irrelevant questions and creating scenes in court and when checked he generally lost his temper.

Their lordships said that if Mr Vidyarthi had made in open court the statement which had been ascribed to him, what conceivable reason would Mr. Singhal have had for not saying what his 'reliable source' was it was, in their lordships' opinion, utterly unbelievable that he would not have reported Mr. Vidyarthi's utterance to the newspaper which he was serving in the capacity of a reporter. It might be said that since he had not actually verified the receipt of instructions from the Chief Justice, Mr. Singhal might have refrained from reporting the Judge's words for the reason that the repetition of an untruth which amounted to contempt of court was itself a contempt however mitigated. But if Mr. Singhal would have committed a contempt, by repeating what the judge said, the contempt was equally contained in what Mr Singhal actually did report in his news item. In fact it might be said to have been greater since the source of his information was not stated.

"ERRONEOUS INFERENCE"

"We are apparently convinced", said their lordships "that if Mr. Vidyarthi had made in court or in the presence of Mr. Singhal the very remarkable utterance which has been ascribed to him Mr. Singhal would have at once reported it to the "Hindustan Times". We have no doubt that he would have reported it in the news item itself, and if not he would certainly have done so in a separate letter. Mr. Singhal may either himself have drawn this erroneous inference from what he saw if he was in court, or he might have accepted what he had heard from others."

On his own showing, Mr. Singhal had little regard for truth. He said that at Mr. Vidyarthi's request, he assured the latter that he would not mention his name, but he admitted that he had in fact already done so, obviously he did not want to see the judge not because he was busy but for quite different reasons, in the circumstances their lordships were very doubtful as regards the alleged interview of August 13 which Mr. Vidyarthi had emphatically denied. It was true that Mr. Singhal was corroborated in this matter by Mr. Gauri Shankar, but they were not in any way impressed by this witness.

EVIDENCE EXAMINED

Mr. K. N. Bannerji was a witness produced by the respondents as having been one of their lawyers present in Court when Mr. Vidyarthi made the alleged utterance. But this witness had positively denied having heard the Judge state what has been ascribed to him. Mr. Akbar Husain (the District Judge) also said that in his presence Mr. K. N. Bannerji had stated that no one had mentioned to him about having actually heard Mr. Vidyarthi make the alleged statement. Thus it was clear that Mr. Bannerji had not spoken the truth in the Court in respect of this matter. Nor did Mr. Bannerji support Mr. Gandhi and Mr. Bharadwaja as regards the interview with them on August 31, at the house of Mr. Dubey. The position was that if Mr. Bannerji did tell Mr. Bharadwaja that the Judge had made this admission before Mr. Akbar Hussain, he lied, if Mr. Bannerji did not say this, the affidavit was untrue. Their Lordships then found serious contradictions between the evidence of Mr. Akbar Hussain and the evidence of Mr. Bharadwaja. Mr. Bharadwaja's evidence was also in conflict with the evidence of Rai Bahadur Pandit Surajbal Dikshit. Mr. Dubey had supported the respondents as regards the interviews with Mr. K. B. Bannerji and with Rai Bahadur Pandit Surajbal Dikshit, but Their Lordships were unfavourably impressed by his demeanour.

When the evidence of Mr. Bharadwaja and Mr. Dubey was tested in the light of the evidence given by Mr. Akbar Husain and Rai Bahadur Pandit Surajbal Dikshit, it failed to carry any conviction to Their Lordships. As regards Mr. K. N. Bannerji, Their Lordships said that if he was not in Court at the time when judgment was delivered and was not appearing for any of the accused, it was not apparent why on his arrival h should have assisted in collecting and counting the currency notes If he was in Court either before after the judgment was delivered then he certainly told Mr. Akbar Husain that he had no knowledge about the alleged statement of M Vidyarthi and that no one had t him anything about it.

Their Lordships thought that it was safer to discard this testimony of this witness altogether.

Strictures On Vidyarthi

Having analysed the evidence, Their Lordships were of opinion that not only had the respondents failed to establish the case which they had set up, but that in fact Mr. Vidyarthi did not give utterance to the words attributed to him. Mr. Vidyarthi admitted that he was zealous in collecting subscriptions to the War Fund in his capacity as a private citizen but he also admitted that he did in fact collect money in Court from some of the accused persons on July 31, after their acquittal.

It was unnecessary to say that Mr. Vidyarthi was, to say the least of it, highly ill-advised to collect subscriptions in this manner while sitting in Court as a Judge.

The contributions were presumably to the Governor's War Purposes Fund and the possibility could, therefore, be contemplated that a Judge, acting as Mr. Vidyarthi did, might perhaps mention the name of H.E. the Governor. But it was in the highest degree improbable, apart from all other considerations, that Mr. Vidyarthi would, in open Court, falsely state that the Chief Justice, at the request of H.E. the Governor, had instructed judicial officers to raise subscriptions. If the subscriptions were towards the Governor's War Purposes Fund, it was not difficult to imagine that this might suggest to the persons who were present in Court that H.E. the Governor might have asked the Chief Justice to issue instructions as alleged, to judicial officers. It often happened that a suggestion soon became a "f and was repeated as such, but the language of the news item was, in their opinion, utterly incompatible with the allegations that Mr. Vidyarthi had used the words which had been ascribed to him.

Their Lordships were absolutely satisfied that the Judge did not say in open Court, as alleged, that the Chief Justice, at the request of H.E. the Governor, did issue instructions for collecting War Funds. They thought that Mr. Singhal founded his report on nothing more substantial than a general or an easy inference arising from the facts.

HIS OMISSIONS AND COMMISSIONS

Before going to the question of law, Their Lordships wished to say that Mr. Vidyarthi had acted in a very unwise and misguided manner after seeing the news item in the "Hindustan Times" dated August 3. Instead of sending for the reporter he should have at once written to the High Court stating the true facts or asking for an interview with the Chief Justice in order to explain the facts to him. There had also been much criticism before them of Mr. Vidyarthi's conduct in taking statements from pleaders on September 1, and they were of opinion that he would have been better advised not to do so. But in fairness to him, they must bear in mind that to his knowledge the respondents were collecting evidence against him and Their Lordships were unable to accept the bare averment of the young pleader, Mr. Krishna Swarup Sharma, that the statement which he signed was false.

"CONTEMPT CHARGE ESTABLISHED"

"In our opinion", observed Their Lordships, "the charge of contempt is established against all the three respondents. In an earlier part of this judgment we have stated what impressions an ordinary intelligent reader would receive from reading the editorial comment of August 6. For the sake of convenience we reproduce here the passage from those observations".

"It (i.e the comment) contains a clear insinuation that the Chief Justice had issued a circular t all judicial officers to raise subscription from litigants and others to the war funds, that pressure was thereby being exerted by an authority which it would not be safe to displease" and that the prestige of the court would thus be impaired. The implication is that the Chief Justice had done something which was unworthy of a person holding that high office and that as the head and representative of the High Court he had committed the gross impropriety of forcing the judicial officers subordinate to this court to ask for war contributions from litigants who, notwithstanding that the giving of donations was ostensibly voluntary, were not in a position to refuse".

Their Lordships had then expressed their opinion that any intelligent reader of the comment would think, or would at least suspect that orders to this effect had probably been issued. They had also said that a reader of the news item would conclude that the Chief Justice had issued the alleged circular at the request of H E. the Governor.

LEGAL ASPECT

Proceeding, Their Lordships said: "It is a matter of common knowledge that there is a political controversy in India as to the propriety or otherwise of contributing to the war efforts and the publications in question would necessarily have the effect of dragging the Chief Justice of this court as such into the political controversy. They amount to an imputation against the Chief Justice in his official capacity". Their Lordships referred to the case of Surendranath Banerji vs The Chief Justice and the Judges of the High Court of Fort William in Bengal (I.L.R. 10 Calcutta p. 109) and pointed out that it was recognized by the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council in the judgment of Sir Barnes Peacock (at page 130) that contempt might be not only be libel against a Judge in his judicial capacity but also be a libel in reference to his conduct in the discharge of his public duties. There was an insinuation in the present case that the Chief Justice was acting under the influence of the executive. For the comment was based upon an inspired by the news item which had been published on August 3.

Their Lordships also referred to some other cases in this connection.

EFFECT OF EDITORIAL

Their Lordships said that the suggestion in the editorial columns of August 6, read with the news item of August 3, was that the Chief Justice, at the instance of

(Continued on Page 8)



Srimati M. Sharadamma, M.A. who was awarded Gold Medal and a Cash Prize in the All-India Essay Competition, organised by the Mysore University.

Edgar Wallace's Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE AND THE FLYING SQUAD



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